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This Week—

By M. I. N. I.

With the best wishes of the services with them, Secretary Dern and General MacArthur are heading toward the Pacific and the Philippines. Back in Washington General Simonds will hold the helm and direct the major task of the moment—the 1937 budget estimates.

Admiral Standley's speech cracking down on pacifists got a sharp rise from Frederick J. Libby. It made lots of others wriggle, too.

Proudly, the 5th Regiment, Maryland National Guard, dedicated their splendid new Armory in Baltimore. Col. Frank A. Hancock, commander of the 5th, and Maj. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, division commander, are to be congratulated on their work in this forward looking state.

Newest entrant in the State Department's foreign service is Douglas MacArthur, 2nd. The son of the late Capt. Arthur MacArthur, USN, grandson of the late Lt. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, and nephew of General Douglas MacArthur, the young man comes of a line to whom service to their country is paramount. I understand he will be sent to South America.

Rear Adm. Norman Smith, accompanied by Capt. George McKay, is inspecting Pacific Coast installations. The new \$10,000,000 floating drydock probably will be built on that coast, he told inquirers. Because of its tremendous size it will be necessary to build it as close as possible to its station, Pearl Harbor.

Command of the Coast Artillery of the New York National Guard has been given to Col. William Ottman, commander of the 212th Coast Artillery (AA). Colonel Ottman, who started as a private in 1917, takes the rank of brigadier general with his new post.

The key position of chief of staff to the commander-in-chief of the United States Fleet was allotted to Rear Adm. James O. Richardson by Secretary Swanson this week. Congratulations, Admiral.

Citizens of the vicinity of Ft. Tilden, N. Y., who have been opposing the firing of the coast defense guns there because they fear harm from the concussion of the guns were surprised this week when they were informed by telephone that the guns had been fired and they didn't even know it. Where does this leave the Congressman whom they had gotten to voice their opposition to the target practice?

The Marine Corps has at last done away with that uncomfortable mess-jacket, in which officers on warm nights always seemed to be about to strangle. Effective next Summer, a new white

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Reveal Navy Shortage In Auxiliary Vessels

Declaring that the United States Fleet is "woefully lacking" in satisfactory auxiliaries of all types, Admiral William H. Standley, Chief of Naval Operations, revealed this week that the Navy Department would ask the next Congress for blanket authority to replace vessels of the train.

"Every fleet problem that we have had," the Chief of Operations said, "has brought out the woeful lack of auxiliaries. We really have not satisfactory auxiliaries in any type. We have made a study of our needs, and are endeavoring to get a bill through similar to the Vinson-Trammell bill for auxiliaries."

If authorization for construction of auxiliaries is secured, next year's program would probably include about five vessels of this category, Admiral Standley said. He stated that the Department has estimated that it will cost about 13 million dollars a year to keep auxiliaries in the same status as the Vinson Bill does for the combatant vessels.

Pointing out that with the exception of one or two ships, all of our present auxiliaries were built during or before the World War, Admiral Standley said that we have no tankers "that would compare" with those in the Japanese and British fleets. Also in need of replacement, it was said are submarine tenders, destroyer tenders, repair ships, cargo ships, ammunition ships, hospital ships, minesweepers and tugs.

According to the latest Ships Data Book issued by the Navy Department, none of our tankers make more than 14 knots. The tankers, or oilers as they are officially labeled, range from 14 to 20 years old in age and in speed from 8½ to 14 knots. In commission there are: R. L. Barnes, 17 years old; Brazos, 16 years; Cuyama, 18 years; Kanawha, 20 years; Neches, 15 years; Pecos, 14 and Ramapo, 16 and Salinas, 14. Such vessels, with their slow speed, could not keep up with the Fleet it is pointed out. In comparison with this, many of the foreign tankers can equal the speed of combatant ships.

The same thing is true of the tenders, which must accompany the Fleet. Almost all of them, too, are of war-time construction, or earlier. Two of the destroyer tenders, the Black Hawk and Melville, are more than twenty years old, while the speed of none of the vessels of this class exceeds 16 knots, less than half of the speed of destroyers. Some of them make no more than 10 knots. One of the submarine tenders, the Holland is only nine years old, but among the others are the 25 year old Beaver and the 20 year old Bushnell. The speed of none of these, not even the Holland, ranges over 16 knots.

Dating back to the World War are the ammunition ships Nitro and Pyro, making 13 knots. Of the three repair ships, Medusa, Vestal, and Prometheus, the former was commissioned in 1924, while the latter two date back to 1908. None of the three make more than 16

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Coast Guard Promotion

An overwhelming majority of officers of the Coast Guard are opposed to the selection bill drafted by Coast Guard Headquarters and now before Congress, a poll of that Service conducted by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL reveals.

Only seven votes were registered in favor of the selection bill, three per cent of those voting. One hundred and sixty-eight officers, or 71 per cent voted in favor of retention of the present system, while 47 favored some change but not the Headquarters bill. Ballots were sent all commissioned officers of the Service, except district commanders and constructors, who are not affected by the bill, and replies were received from 50 per cent of those receiving ballots. A few votes against the bill bearing the notation "to dangerous to sign" were thrown out.

Many officers in voting took the occasion to protest against the manner in

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Philippine Task Given To General MacArthur

Immediately following the news of the election of Manuel Quezon as president of the Commonwealth Government of the Philippine Islands, official announcement was made September 18 of the detail of General Douglas MacArthur as Military Adviser to the new government.

It had been generally known in Washington that the post had been tendered to General MacArthur but he could make no formal acceptance or no announcement could be made until the elections actually had taken place.

Simultaneously it was announced that General MacArthur would be relieved as chief of staff on December 15.

The text of the official announcement follows:

"General MacArthur, at the request of President-elect Quezon, has been detailed by President Roosevelt to assist the Commonwealth Government of the Philippine Islands in Military and Naval affairs. He will act as the Military Adviser of the Commonwealth Government in the establishment and development of a system of National Defense. He will leave for Manila shortly accompanied by his personal staff. He will be relieved as Chief of Staff on December 15th. His successor as Chief of Staff is not expected to be announced until the return of Secretary Dern about the middle of December from his trip to Manila to represent President Roosevelt at the inauguration of the Commonwealth Government on November 15."

Also in War Department Special Orders of September 18, orders were issued to General MacArthur as follows:

"By direction of the President, General Douglas MacArthur is detailed to assist the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands in military and naval affairs. He will act as the Military Adviser of the Commonwealth Government in the establishment and development of a system of national defense.

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Fourth Army Exercise Opposes Coast Landing

Ft. Lewis, Wash.—Swinging into line of battle a theoretical force of over 510,000 men, the Fourth Army, under command of Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, was concentrating swiftly on September 16, to meet an assumed hostile invasion of the Pacific Northwest as a first step in the greatest military exercises ever held on the West Coast. Some two hundred Army officers, specially trained in the technique of handling large units and including thirteen General officers gathered at Ft. Lewis, Washington. There they organized the Command Posts (Headquarters) of the major units of the Fourth Army and subjected them to the test of simulated battle.

The Fourth Army faced a complex situation. It is assumed that the United States has been at war with a coalition of two European Powers (black) since October, 1934, and our Atlantic seaboard has been invaded. This has resulted in the movement of our fleet to the Atlantic Coast and also in the general mobilization at war strength of all our land forces. The Fourth Army has been held in reserve, with its units fully trained and equipped, stationed at their mobilization points. Meanwhile relations have become strained with a third European power, maroon. After a period of uncertainty, coupled with the reports of the eastward movement of heavy "maroon" sea borne convoys, "maroon" finally struck. A group of some sixty transports passed into the straits of Juan de Fuca and effected landings at Bellingham, Wash. Another group of approximately 100 transports appeared off the Washington coast and landed at Grays Harbor and Willapa Bay. All Far Eastern powers are neutral, as is Canada.

The Fourth Army, under General Malone, was ordered to repulse this invasion. He has at his disposal four Army Corps, Seventh (Maj. Gen. Frank C. Bolles, of Omaha, commanding), Ninth (Brig. Gen. Casper H. Conrad, of Ft. Lewis, Wash., commanding), Seventeenth (Brig. Gen. David L. Stone, of Ft. Snelling, Minn., commanding), and Nineteenth (Brig. Gen. James K. Parsons, of Vancouver Barracks, Wash., commanding). Each corps comprises three Infantry Divisions plus corps troops. In addition he has the Third Air Division (393 planes, Brig. Gen. Henry H. Arnold, March Field, Riverside, Calif., commanding), the 66th Cavalry Division (Col. Harry La. T. Cavanaugh, Berkeley, Calif., commanding), the 7th Cavalry Brigade (Col. Oscar Foley, Tacoma, Wash., commanding) and a mass of what is known as "Army Troops". Total effectives of the Fourth Army are in excess of 510,000 men.

First Movements

General Malone's first task was to concentrate his Army. To this end he issued Field Order No. 1. Under its terms the Seventeenth Corps concentrated just north of Seattle, opposing the Bellingham landing. The other three

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France and America Join in Honoring General Pershing on his Birthday

General John J. Pershing celebrated his birthday Friday, Sept. 13, in Paris. Throughout France and the United States, as well as in other nations, however, tribute was paid to the war-time leader of the American forces in France.

"General John J. Pershing's birthday was celebrated today in Pershing Hall here with a simplicity and lack of ostentation in keeping with the character of America's war-time leader," states the Paris *Herald-Tribune*.

"The occasion was marked by the unveiling of a bronze bust of the general in his presence and that of most of the American colony and many of Pershing's war-time associates from the French Army, assembled to do him honor. The bust, the work of George Conlon, now forms a part of the permanent American memorial to all those who served in the American Expeditionary Forces.

"On behalf of the French government, Colonel Jean Fabry, Minister of War, congratulated General Pershing and voiced the admiration and affection in which he is held here.

"Among those present were Marshal Henri Philippe Petain, the only other surviving army commander of the Western Front of the war; General Charles Nollet, hero of St. Quentin and Theodore Marriner, American Charge d'Affaires."

"Amid the sincere tributes of his American compatriots and his French friends," declares the Boston *Post*, "General John J. Pershing reached the age of 75 today with a soldier's modesty.

"He insisted that attendance at ceremonies arranged by the American colony, at which he unveiled a bust and portrait of himself, be limited to friends. Except for that and an afternoon party in his honor at Pershing Hall, the white haired soldier spent his birthday quietly at his apartment."

The Lincoln, Nebraska, *State Journal* comments: "This is General Pershing's birthday. He celebrated this event this year in France, where he has spent much time with official duties since the war. His Lincoln friends extend congratulations but regret that he could not be at home for the event. He has been a resident here for many years, altho much of his time he has been away. He began residence here while a young military officer in the university. Since that time Lincoln has been home to him. All the nation claims the general and rightfully. He is especially claimed by the Missouri town of his birth and by Lincoln, but Pershing has rendered service to the nation as a whole and that fact makes him at home wherever he sets foot on American soil. A Missouri woman of 107 years, living at LaCade, sent congratulations to the general on his birthday. She had known him since he was a boy. His present age would seem to be middle life to her."

"The press was universal in commemorating the memory of the 'victor of Saint Mihiel'," declares a Paris dispatch to the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*.

"In many villages freed by the American Expeditionary Force, which Pershing commanded, veterans planted 'Pershing Oaks' to stand as living tributes to his memory, and there were public proposals that France make the General an honorary Marshal."

Naval Forces In Mediterranean

The world's eyes are turned toward the Mediterranean Sea, where in a few short days Great Britain has concentrated the larger part of her unsurpassed sea power in an attempt to head off Mussolini from his African adventure, which Britain believes threatens the future of her Empire and the peace of the world.

In dramatic unannounced dashes, the greater part of the British home fleet as well as of the East India and China stations have been dispatched to reinforce the Mediterranean fleet as a "precautionary" measure. According to the latest reports the British Lion has now in the Mediterranean, two battle cruisers, five battleships, three aircraft carriers, four heavy cruisers, ten light cruisers, 45 destroyers and 19 submarines, with additional miscellaneous craft, and two cruisers and five destroyers in the Persian Gulf.

This array greatly overshadows the Italian Navy which is drawn up around the Italian peninsula in three fleets. With their entire strength in service, the Fascists will have two battleships, seven heavy cruisers, nine light cruisers, 46 destroyers, 52 torpedo boats, and 61 submarines. The weakness of Italy in capital ships and their superiority in submarines, together with the question of air power, will determine the type of any naval engagement which would come about if trouble ensues.

Even more secretly than the movement of her fleet Britain has sent large contingents of her air force to the Mediterranean. Italy, however, with one of the mightiest aerial forces in the world, may be expected to surpass them in this category. If war should come, there would be test of submarines and aircraft against heavy sea power.

However, most military and naval observers here do not expect war between Italy and Great Britain, unless some spark should be applied to the admitted powder mine in the Mediterranean.

Great Britain, making strong efforts to turn Italy from conquering Ethiopia, is talking of applying sanctions and sanctions, says Mussolini, means War. It is a game of bluff, with, however, chances of action when one or the other has to act or back down. Any naval engagement, experts predict, would be likely to be in connection with an attempt to take Egypt from Britain, in case the latter closed the Suez Canal.

Great Britain is concentrating her forces off Alexandria, and plans to move up off Corfu and Cephalonia for maneuvers within less than a hundred miles of Italy on Sept. 26, it is reported. It would then be within striking distance of Malta if the Italians would attempt to seize that island and close the passage between Sicily and the Libyan coast of Africa, and also be near enough to the Suez in case of an attack in that direction.

The Italian fleet has been divided in three sections, one in the Tyrrhenian Sea, and two in the Adriatic, one in the north and the other in the south. There have been no reports as to the disposition of vessels.

British vessels in the Mediterranean according to the latest reports are as follows: battle cruisers, Hood and Renown; battleships, Barham, Resolution, Valiant, Revenge, and Queen Elizabeth; aircraft carriers, Glorious, Courageous and Furious; heavy cruisers, Australia, Devonshire, Shropshire and London; light cruisers, Arethusa, Delhi, Durban, Orea, Neptune, Achilles, Codrington, Keith, Kepple and Despatch; 45 destroyers and 19 submarines. In addition, the cruisers Norfolk and Colombo, five destroyers, the mine-layer Adventure and two sloops, of the East India station are off French Somaliland. The aircraft carriers Hermes, the cruisers Cornwall and Barwick and three destroyers, of the China station, are now at Singapore.

These movements leave the Home Fleet with but five battleships and some destroyers. The China station has only

A Paris dispatch to the New York *Herald-Tribune* states: "The morning newspaper 'L'Ordre' selected the occasion of General Pershing's birthday to urge the French government to grant him the baton of a Marshal of France, 'thus raising him to the same supreme dignity which Foch was given.' Foch while living was a Marshal of England and of Poland, the newspaper added."

"Continuance in the present crisis of the spirit of collaboration which united the United States and France in the World War was urged by Gen. John J. Pershing today at the birthday party that was given him in Pershing Hall," states a dispatch in the Washington *Herald*.

"Standing beneath the flagdraped, life-sized bust of himself which was unveiled in the hall's Army Room, the commander-in-chief of the American Expeditionary Force said:

"I hope the same understanding spirit which united France and America will continue for the benefit of both countries."

"Pershing addressed the 200 guests at his birthday party after French Minister of War Fabry gave him the best wishes of the French Army. Pershing looked extremely well and hardy."

"General John J. Pershing," states the Rochester *Times-Union*, is active in the work closest to his heart, clear-eyed, as square of shoulder and as firm of jaw as when he led U. S. troops to World War victory. The general is devoting most of his time to his work as chairman of the American Battle Monuments Commission, overseeing landscaping in French military cemeteries where 30,885 American soldiers are buried and maintenance of 21 battle monuments erected where American soldiers fell."

"That General Pershing reaches today the age of 75 in good health and full physical and mental vigor is a fit occasion for felicitating him," states the New York *Times*. "In the years since the war he has apparently taken to himself the saying that 'In peace there's nothing so becomes a man as modest stillness and humility'. He has done his duty and lived his life quietly without any craving for display or celebration, but it may confidently be said that during all this post-war period he has grown in the respect and affection of the people. His tasks in France, as the commander of the greatest armies that ever marched behind the American flag, necessarily put burdens of discipline and military discrimination upon him which left personal bitterness behind. But that has now largely vanished or been forgotten.

"In the calm and impartial retrospect of the years it is seen that he bore himself well as the chief figure in the largest military adventure ever undertaken by the United States. Above all is praise due him for the firmness and consistency with which he insisted upon keeping the American Army intact in France. Heavy pressure was put upon him by the impetuous Lloyd George and the arrogant Clemenceau to make use of his soldiers as little more than replacements in the decimated British and French Armies. But General Pershing held fast to his conviction that the American soldiers would fight best if kept together in their own formations, and this was amply proved to be the case at St. Mihiel and in the Argonne. The war gave him title to honor as a successful American General whom his fellow-countrymen will today wish still longer life and happiness."

the Kent, Suffolk, Dorsetshire and Cape Town, and smaller craft. There is only the cruiser Emerald and the China station vessels reported at Singapore still in East India waters, and they may already be heading for Suez. In addition, the British have five cruisers, the York, Dragon, Danae, Exeter and Ajax on the American and West Indies station.

Reserves Honor Gen. MacArthur

General Douglas MacArthur was presented on September 19 with an illuminated parchment scroll embodying the resolution adopted by the Reserve Officers' Association at their Thirteenth Annual Convention held in Minneapolis on June 10, 11 and 12, 1935.

The presentation to General MacArthur was made by Lt. Col. Frank E. Lowe, FA-Res., President of the Association, and took place at the War Department at 11:30 A. M. Present at this ceremony were Maj. Gen. George S. Simonds, Deputy Chief of Staff; Col. Edwin S. Hartshorn, Executive for Reserve Affairs; and Lt. John C. Kelly, Inf.-Res., Acting National Secretary of the Reserve Officers' Association.

The resolution reads:

"To General Douglas MacArthur, U. S. A., Chief of Staff of the Army of the United States, who, during a most crucial period has so clearly revealed the nation's basic defense needs, and who, by his inspiring leadership, nobleness of purpose, and devotion to duty, has secured the fulfillment of many of those needs and breathed life into national defense, we extend this sincere expression of our great admiration and appreciation and with it our fervent desire for the General's continued success and deserved happiness in his future posts of duty."

In presenting the scroll Colonel Lowe said:

"It is a distinction, and a keen pleasure, to hand you herewith, in what I hope you will find to be acceptable and permanent form, the final resolution adopted at the Thirteenth, and latest, National Convention of this Association,

held in Minneapolis, Minnesota, June 9th to 12th, 1935."

General MacArthur replied:

"I cannot tell you how much I thank you for this resolution. If there is any group in the world that I have an admiration for, it is that composed of the Reserve officers. They have inherited the mantle of the volunteers. The thing that makes the Reserve so great is not a willingness to serve in time of war, because every citizen has to serve in time of war, but it is the willingness to volunteer to prepare in peace so as to be ready when war comes. The Reserve officer is the peace-time volunteer, and in that respect he has gone a step further in patriotism, perhaps, than any other citizen of this country.

"I have been acutely conscious in the five years I have been Chief of Staff of the complete support of that group. I do not know how I could have succeeded without such support. They have backed me up when they thought I was right and they have backed me up when they thought I was wrong, and whether right or wrong, their devotion and loyalty was an ever present inspiration to me. I think the only regret I have in being a professional soldier is that I could not thereby be a member of the Reserve. I did the best that I could along that line when I put my nephew and name sake on your rolls.

"Again my thanks and appreciation."

Engineer Non-Coms Shift

Approval has been given by the Chief of Engineers for an additional first sergeant for the 8th Engineers at Ft. McIntosh, Tex., and for the 29th Engineers at Port Angeles, Wash. This will mean that the Corps will have 86 instead of 88 Technical Sergeants and 44 instead of 42 First Sergeants and that two Technical Sergeants will be made surplus. Consequently the next two retirements, discharges or deaths in that grade in the Corps will not be filled.

Did You Read—

the following important service stories last week:

Report of Congressional Committee on West Coast Naval Activities; War Department Resurveys Army Liquor Laws Following Repeal of Ban on Drinking in Uniform; Senator Nye Reveals Plans of Munitions Committee; Status of Promotion in Army Non-commissioned Grades; Nation's Press Calls for Investigation of Admiral Sims' Promotion Charges; Fourth Army Ready for Command Post Exercise; Comptroller Rules Reserve Officers May Not Demand Furlough From Government Position For OCC Duty?

If not, you did not read the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. You can not get this vital information from any other source.

National Rifle Matches

Camp Perry, Ohio—The National Rifle and Pistol Matches, resumed here this year after a lapse occasioned by the economy era, ere concluded September 19 after one of the most colorful and outstanding in the history of these events under the auspices of the National Rifle Association.

Most colorful of all individual rifle matches, The President's Match, with 1680 keen eyed, determined competitors striving for honors was fired here Sept. 11, and Gunnery Sergeant John Blakeley, 5th Marines, Quantico, Va., was declared the winner. To this rifle shooting ace will be sent an autographed letter of commendation from the President of the United States. Sergeant Blakeley shot a score of 147 out of a possible 150 points.

Competitors who fired the best one hundred scores, will be admitted to membership in the President's Hundred, the highest honor of American rifledom. Number one of this group is Sergeant Blakeley. The second place silver medal was awarded to Gunnery Sergeant James R. Tucker, 5th Marines, Quantico, Va., with a score of 146, and Wallie W. Burnham, a civilian of Spokane, Wash., won third place with a score of 145.

In addition to Burnham, the following, shooting next seven high scores, were declared bronze medal winners: Sergeant Edward A. L. Donaldson, Infantry, New Jersey National Guard; Chief Boatswains Mate James Q. Alligood, U. S. Coast Guard, New London, Conn.; Sergeant Max W. Link, Infantry, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.; Mr. William J. Patterson, Salt Lake City, Utah; Staff Sergeant Harry B. Parsons, National Guard Team, Washington, D. C.; Radioman First Class Rex A. Simonson, U. S. Coast Guard, Boston, Mass.; and Corporal Byrle C. Williby, U. S. Marine Corps.

The President's Hundred

Following are the 100 high competitors in the "President's Match":

No.	Name	Organization
1.	Blakeley, John	GY Sgt. USMC Tm.
2.	Tucker, J. R.	GY Sgt. USMC Tm.
3.	Burnham, W. W.	Wash. State Civ. Team
4.	Donaldson, E. A. L.	Sgt. N. J. NG Team
5.	Alligood, J. Q.	CBM USCG Team
6.	Link, M. W.	Sgt. Inf. Team
7.	Patterson, W. J.	Utah Civ. Team
8.	Parsons, H. B.	S. Sgt. D. C. NG Team
9.	Simonson, R. A.	RMIC USCG Team
10.	Williby, B. C.	Cpl. USMC Team
11.	Bond, S. H.	Ohio Civ. Team
12.	Jones, Rudolph	SEA 1 C USCG Tm.
13.	Wilson, M. O.	BMIC USCG Team
14.	Boudinot, H. M.	Sgt. D. C. NG Team
15.	Arntz, Leo	Ohio Civ. Team
16.	Bethel, I. M.	1st Lt. USMC Team
17.	McGimpsey, W. T.	Sgt. 1st Cav. Team
18.	Johnson, J. W.	Pvt. Wash. NG Tm.
19.	Swanson, Emmetio	Minn. Civ. Team
20.	Dever, R. E.	2nd Lt. Wash. NG Team
21.	Jensen, J. B.	Sgt. Cav. Team
22.	Morton, J. A.	Pvt. 1st Cav. Team
23.	Hamscher, David	Sgt. Inf. Team
24.	Hansen, L. E.	Utah Civ. Team
25.	Zumbrunn, E. E.	Kan. Civ. Team
26.	Shantz, Victor	Sgt. Cav. Team
27.	Mock, O. H.	Sgt. Eng. Team

No.	Name	Organization
28.	Berish, J. J.	Sgt. Eng. Team
29.	Speers, R. L.	Sgt. Inf. Team
30.	McMahill, R. B.	Cpl. USMC Team
31.	Calhoun, R. M.	Sgt. Inf. Calif. NG Team
32.	Reneau, L. McC.	1st Sgt. Inf.
33.	Aitken, J. W.	N. D. Civ. Team
34.	Bartlett, S. J.	Cpl. USMC Team
35.	Wade, J. A.	Utah Civ. Team
36.	Riches, H. L.	Capt. Ore. NG Team
37.	Cobb, M. N.	BMIC USCG Team
38.	Marelch, Marlon	Sgt. Cal. NG Team
39.	Gettman, Henry	Pvt. 1st. Wash. NG Team
40.	Henthorn, J. R.	Ens. USCG Team
41.	Bassiner, B. L.	2nd Lt. ORC Team
42.	Stolebarger, E. R.	Mont. Civ. Team
43.	Bryan, W. O.	Surfman USCG Tm.
44.	Davidson, W. W.	Capt. USMC Team
45.	Wilson, W. B.	Maj. Inf. Okla. NG Team
46.	Anderson, C. J.	Sgt. USMC Team
47.	Seeser, E. V.	Cpl. USMC Team
48.	Stevens, A. G.	N. H. Civ. Team
49.	Wilson, W. L.	Pa. Civ. Team No. 1
50.	McDougal, D. S.	2nd Lt. USMC Tm.
51.	Harrison, F. L.	Wash. NG Team
52.	Griffin, A. J.	Conn. NG Team
53.	Risner, Chester	10th Inf. Team
54.	Hankins, J. F.	Ala. Civ. Team
55.	Stemen, H. F.	Ohio NG Team
56.	Guy, J. D.	CG Team
57.	Cronk, W. G.	Ft. Benning, Ga. (Indv.)
58.	Christopher, J. H.	USMC Team
59.	Ensley, L. E.	USMC Team
60.	Swanson, Edwin	Wis. Civ. Team
61.	Pauch, F. J.	N. J. NG Team
62.	James, I. J.	Cal. Civ. Team No. 1
63.	Agramonte, P. H.	N. Y. NG Team
64.	Evans, B. A.	N. Y. NG Team
65.	Petersimes, G. F.	Mich. (Indv.)
66.	Brown, D. A.	CG Team
67.	Stacy, E. R.	CG Team
68.	Wilkinson, J. H.	CG Team
69.	Weymouth, L. B.	Mich. Civ. Team No. 1
70.	Mitchell, Wilfred	CG Team
71.	Hurt, J. W., Jr.	Ind. Civ. Team
72.	Lowe, O. L.	Inf. Team
73.	Klimmell, Harold	N. M. NG Team
74.	Hedglin, L. H.	Cav. Team
75.	Dingle, J. T.	Mass. NG Team
76.	Carlson, L. E.	USMC Team
77.	Raack, P. A.	Eng. Team
78.	Peterson, N. R.	N. D. NG Team
79.	Harris, C. N.	USMC Team
80.	Staubs, E. L.	D. C. NG Team

The Journal Salutes

This week the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL salutes:

Brig. Gen. Frank M. Andrews, commander of the GHQ Air Force, who has received official credit for three new world seaplane records.

First Classmen Jean W. Moreau and August F. Weinel, who will be commanders of the regiment of midshipmen at the Naval Academy during the first and second terms this year.

Gunnery Sergeant John Blakeley, USMC, who takes first place among the President's Hundred by his victory at Camp Perry last week.

No.	Name	Organization
81.	Howell, C. H., Jr.	ORC Team
82.	Gillmore, H. T.	Wash. NG Team
83.	Dean, J. R.	Cal. NG Team
84.	Spence, T. W.	CG Team
85.	Canfield, V. Z.	AML Team
86.	Nagle, J. C.	Conn. NG Team
87.	McIlhenny, W. S.	Pvt. 1st. USMCR Team
88.	Poldrack, A. J.	1st Inf. Team
89.	Carlin, C. R.	Ohio NG Team
90.	McDonald, H. F.	Ore. Civ. Team
91.	Imler, Tom, Jr.	Ariz. Civ. Team
92.	Samsoc, T. P.	N. J. Civ. Team
93.	Comstock, Hilliard	Cal. Civ. Team No. 1
94.	Bess, Gordon	Ariz. NG Team
95.	Backell, Edward	Inf. Team
96.	Shaffer, X. B.	ORC Team
97.	William, C. L.	Okla. NG Team
98.	Kopp, W. H.	CG Team
99.	Johnson, K. L.	Eng. Team
100.	Cochrane, J. C.	Ill. Civ. Team

National Individual Pistol Champion
1st Lt. Richard D. Boorem, Michigan NG, won the National Individual Pistol Championship of America Sept. 16 and was awarded the beautiful bronze General Custer Trophy when he shot a score of 273 out of a possible 300. Second place was awarded to John C. Cochrane, a civilian. Third place went to Sgt. (Please turn to Page 62)

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THE UNITED STATES ARMY



Gen. MacArthur to Philippines (Continued from First Page)

He will confer and advise with the President of the Commonwealth Government under such conditions and arrangements as may be mutually determined. He will in addition carry out such instructions as may be given him by the Secretary of War. He will proceed to and take station at Manila, Philippine Islands, in accordance with travel orders to be issued by the Secretary of War. He will stand relieved from duty on the General Staff and as Chief of Staff as of date of December 15, 1935."

Tentative plans call for General MacArthur's departure from Washington on Monday, September 30, by rail. His train will lay over in Chicago for four hours and proceed directly to San Francisco, arriving there the morning of October 4. That afternoon he will sail for the Philippines.

Accompanying the General, besides his personal aides, will be his mother, Mrs. Arthur MacArthur, sr., and his sister-in-law, Mrs. Arthur MacArthur, jr. They will reside in the Manila Hotel.

The task facing General MacArthur is probably one of the most interesting ever assigned a soldier and one for which he is eminently fitted. Starting almost from scratch the General will aim to build up a system of National Defense that will make the Philippines a virtual Switzerland of the Pacific—so strong and impregnable that no nation will dare to touch her. Such a situation would be of incalculable value to the rest of the world and to the United States for it would virtually assure the peace of the Pacific.

The 1,500 islands of the Philippine group comprise about 114,400 square miles, roughly equal to the size of New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Maryland combined. The population is estimated at greater than 13,000,000. The Filipino makes an excellent soldier, smart in appearance, taking readily to military life and discipline, and a peerless fighter.

The basis for the Philippine Army will be the Scouts, now part of the United States Army, and the Constabulary, corresponding to a national police force but organized along purely military lines in infantry companies. The constabulary is entirely native and has 404 officers and 6,224 men. Of the officers 374 are line officers, 29 medical officers, and one band leader. The Scouts have

Infantry, Artillery and Cavalry units and comprise 58 officers, including both natives and Americans, and 6,371 men, all natives.

In addition the Philippine government has an excellent military academy at Bagulo where officers for the Constabulary are trained. It would seem likely that General MacArthur would build that up into the West Point of the Philippines.

Unfortunately the reservoir of trained soldiers is very small. The re-enlistment rate in the Scouts and the Constabulary is almost 100 per cent; every man that gets in, stays in, so that there has been very little turnover of personnel. During the period in which Filipinos have been attending the United States Military Academy only 13 have been graduated.

As to the leader for the Philippine Army, it is very small. The re-enlistment rate in the Scouts, is a likely selection. He is a West Pointer and has been through the Army schools including the Command and General Staff School and the War College. Brig. Gen. Basillio J. Valdez, commanding general of the Constabulary, also is looked upon quite favorably.

Historic Field Glasses

Ft. Benning, Ga.—Lt. Col. Sidney G. Brown, commanding officer of the Special Units of the Infantry School, recently received from R. C. Douglas, Greensboro, N. C., his brother-in-law, a package containing an item of interest to all military men, as well as to the older citizens of the South—the field glasses used by General John A. Rawlins, chief of staff for General U. S. Grant, throughout the latter part of the Civil War.

After the declaration of peace, when Grant became president of the United States, he made Rawlins secretary of war, and Mr. Douglas' father, then a very young man, became secretary to the president. General Rawlins gave the glasses to young Douglas, and they have remained in the family until sent to Colonel Brown.

Army Relief Day

Against Rube Williams' Rumson Country Club four, the Army will send in a fourteen-goal combination in the special polo match to feature the annual Army Relief Day benefit in aid of Regular Army widows and orphans Satur-

day afternoon, Sept. 21, at Governors Island, N. Y.

Maj. C. C. Davis, Army polo star, who is handling the arrangements for the program, announced that the Army line-up will be Capt. Tom Robinson, rated at two goals, No. 1; Capt. T. D. Craw, three goals, No. 2; Major Davis, five goals, No. 3, and Capt. George W. Reed, Jr., four goals, No. 4.

Spectacular military demonstration and an evening parade by Regular Army troops of the sixteenth Infantry, First Division, are included in the annual Army Relief Day program.

Committee, Visiting Hawaii, Favors Better Enlisted Promotions

Ft. Shafter, T. H.—Five members of the Congressional Sub-committee on appropriations for the War Department visited Hawaii, arriving there with their families August 28, on the U. S. Army Transport "Republic" and returning to the mainland on September 3, on the same transport.

The members of the Sub-committee making the trip were: Representative Tillman B. Parks of Arkansas; Representative Thomas L. Blanton of Texas; Representative Thomas S. McMillan of South Carolina; Representative J. Buell Snyder of Pennsylvania and Representative John F. Dockweiler of California.

In a statement made just prior to his departure, Representative Parks declared that he will "endeavor to have legislation enacted that will allow the enlisted forces to be distributed among the several grades in appropriate proportion."

Chairman Parks also promised better highways, improved air defenses, and better quarters for officers and enlisted men.

Upon their arrival in Honolulu the committee members were greeted off port by Maj. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, commanding general, Hawaiian Department and from members of his staff, with a large escort of military planes.

During their stay, they were busy with many affairs of an official nature, including a reception by Honorable Joseph B. Poindexter, Governor of Hawaii, luncheon by the Chamber of Commerce, dinner of the Department Commander, receptions at the larger military posts, and a reception and surf party of the National Guard at the Royal Hawaiian Hotel.

The committee inspected the military posts of the Department in company with General Drum and the local commanding officers, and included trips to detached batteries, over mountain trails, and around the island. Further trips were made by air to the outlying islands.

At Schofield Barracks each congressman was received at a formation of enlisted men from their respective constituencies. A military review of the troops of the entire department terminated the formal inspections. This review, the largest ever held in the Hawaiian Department, was held at Schofield Barracks at 2:30 P. M., September 2nd. Under command of General Drum, all the troops of the department participated. Over 12,000 strong and highly motorized they presented a picture of precision and power such as the committee had never seen.

The Hawaiian Division under the command of Maj. Gen. Halstead Dorey, followed General Drum and department troops. The 21st Infantry Brigade, commanded by Brig. Gen. James B. Gowan, the 22nd Infantry Brigade commanded by Brig. Gen. Louis M. Nuttman, the 11th Field Artillery Brigade commanded by Brig. Gen. Thos. E. Merrill, and the 3rd Engineers commanded by Lt. Col. Virgil L. Peterson, were included in the divisional troops.

The Hawaiian Separate Coast Artillery Brigade under the command of

Brig. Gen. Robert S. Abernethy was next in column. Four guns of railway artillery, drawn by locomotives were a feature of the review. The 18th Wing concluded the ceremony by passing in review all of its elements, foot, motorized and air.

Before leaving Honolulu, the chairman of the sub-committee, Honorable Tillman B. Parks issued to the press a statement, excerpts from which follow:

"As our visit draws to a close one regret is that we may not personally express our deep, heartfelt appreciation and gratitude to each person—civilian, military, and naval, who has contributed to the fulfillment of our mission and made an otherwise arduous task a genuine pleasure. I never have experienced or witnessed such cordial and generous hospitality.

"Our primary purpose in coming here was to inspect our military defenses and to study projects which need to be undertaken in the judgment of our military experts. We find a great deal has been accomplished and in a very splendid way. Relatively speaking, I should say that so much remains to be done, but that which is still undone I feel confident I may assure you will be done just as rapidly as Federal finances will permit, because it is the purpose of our Government, according to my understanding, to make Oahu impregnable against attack from any quarter. What that is so now, but of course it can be made more so and I am sure my colleagues will join me in an earnest, consistent effort to have accomplished at the earliest practicable moment those projects which General Drum has brought to our attention. We have great confidence in his judgment. No able man ever wore the American uniform.

"You are going to have a more extensive system of highways. Federally financed, your air defenses will be improved and augmented, money will be forthcoming in reasonable increments for rehabilitation, particularly as regards quarters for officers and men, and while it is without the jurisdiction of my Committee, I shall endeavor to have legislation enacted that will allow the enlisted forces to be distributed among the several grades in appropriate proportion.

"I have never seen a finer body of troops than you have in these islands. They are a credit to America and they reflect great credit upon the splendid officers who have been charged with their training and welfare. The whole has impressed me as one great happy family. Those of you who were privileged to witness that thrilling magnificent spectacle at Schofield Barracks on yesterday have just cause to be proud of them. It made me proud to be a citizen of America and added to my determination to have in these islands the best trained, equipped, and efficient military force in the World.

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THE U. S. NAVY

THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

Navy Supply School

Twenty-six officers of the Navy will report at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, Oct. 1 for a year's course of instruction at the Naval Finance and Supply School. Twenty-four of the officers have made applications which have been approved by the Secretary of the Navy for transfer from the Line to the Supply Corps of the Navy to fill vacancies as they occur in that corps.

The course will include ten subjects dealing with finance and supply supplemented by inspection visits to civil and naval organizations. During the summer, the faculty of the school has been occupied in a study of the curriculum and in the writing of new lectures and the modification of established ones. The curriculum and methods of instruction, however, remain substantially unchanged, the course last year being deemed highly successful. Members of the faculty are: Capt. David Potter, Capt. C. S. Baker, Lt. Comdr. C. J. Harter, and Lt. Comdr. R. L. Mabon, all officers of the Supply Corps.

The officers designated for transfer to the Supply Corps, to attend the School, are:

Lieutenants	
J. K. Lynch	R. J. Arnold
G. W. Bauernschmidt	J. J. Levasseur
A. S. Keeth	J. E. Wolowsky
W. E. Gist	J. B. Ricketts
M. W. Pemberton	F. M. Hook
Lieutenants (jg)	
C. J. Naumilket	J. W. Crumpacker
J. R. Hanna	J. F. Just
Yates Stirling, 3rd	S. A. Ernst
W. E. Fratzke	R. M. Humes
Jack Agnew	T. J. Montgomery
Albert Konigsberg	C. P. Faires, jr.
C. A. Lisberg	Lawrence Smith

In addition to the officers above mentioned, Ens. Thomas P. O'Connell, USN, and Ens. Lamar Lee, Jr., USN, will attend this year's courses.

Named As Sponsor

Secretary of the Navy Swanson has designated Mrs. Samuel S. Robison, wife of Rear Admiral Robison, USN-Ret., as sponsor for destroyer No. 361 to be named USS Clark in honor of her father, the late Rear Adm. Charles E. Clark, USN.

The USS Clark of 1,850 tons standard displacement, is scheduled to be launched at the plant of the Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation, Fore River, Quincy, Mass., Oct. 15, 1935.

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Admiral Standley Hits Pacifists

Admiral William H. Standley, Chief of Naval Operations speaking before the 15th National Convention of the Military Order of the World War at Atlantic City, Sept. 17, urged that body to take the lead among patriotic orders to combat the efforts of pacifist societies to break down National Defense.

Listing a number of peace organizations by name, the Chief of Operations declared that their "subversive influences are jeopardizing our National Security." The pacifist bodies, he said, often appear to be controlled by Communists. Extracts from his address follow:

"It was these ardent adherents and advocates of this collective system of maintaining the peace, the so-called 'pacifists' who for thirteen years were able to defeat the efforts of the Navy to obtain funds to build our Navy to treaty strength.

"In spite of the war-like activities throughout the world today, these influences are still staunch in their belief that we can conjure war out of existence. It is the strength of such influences that constitutes the greatest menace to our National Security. It is the persistency of such influences that has combatted and continues to combat every effort to obtain funds for National Defense.

"Now do not misunderstand me, I have the greatest respect for the honest, sincere citizen who desires continual peace so ardently that he is willing to fight for it; on the other hand, I have no use for the pacifist who wants peace at any price. There are no more ardent pacifists in the world than members of the military and naval services; they know better than anyone else the horrors of war; they also know, and it is their business to know, the horrors of a losing war, and of peace at any price, this being the penalty of unpreparedness.

"The so-called pacifist differs from the militarist in the method of attaining his desired end. The militarist believes in preparedness as the most effective means of preventing war. The pacifist believes in helplessness. In the latter belief lies the menace to National Security. * * *

"I have told you how the anti-preparedness influence over a period of thirteen years was able to thwart all efforts to build the Navy to treaty strength. This same influence persistently and strongly opposed the efforts of the present Administration to provide funds for National Defense.

"Secretaries and paid representatives of the International Council for the Prevention of Wars, the National Council for the Prevention of Wars, and the Federal Council of Churches attended all hearings not only on the Vinson-Trammell Bill, but also on other measures which carried appropriations for our armed forces. They offered active opposition to the passage of these measures in committee and on the floor of Congress. They, and other organizations of a similar nature, also sent thousands of letters and telegrams to government officials protesting against each and all efforts to provide for National Security.

"Opposition to preparedness, of the type mentioned above, is highly organized. Its influence is felt in clubs of various kinds; in the Y. M. C. A., in the Y. W. C. A., in churches of nearly every

denomination and in public and private schools. For example, in their agitation for the abandonment of the recent Fleet Problem, even Japanese residents and Japanese school children were used as protesting agencies. It is obvious that such subversive influences are jeopardizing our National Security.

"It is also an unfortunate fact that this organized opposition to preparedness for the purpose of preventing war often coincides with the activities of another highly organized group whose sinister purpose is not the prevention of war, but the destruction of organized government. I speak of the communistic group in our Country. In fact, it would sometimes appear that the communistic group controls the activities of the pacifists, especially the radical element thereof. As evidence of this I need only remind you of the circumstances which resulted in exchange of notes between this Government and the Soviet Government concerning the proceedings of the last congress of the Third International.

"If we are to maintain our Navy at treaty or prescribed strength, if we are to adequately provide for our National Defense, if we are to safeguard our National Security and prevent the destruction of our Government, we must neutralize and overcome the efforts of this organized opposition to preparedness. This Military Order of the World War is, in my opinion, the best qualified and the most appropriate organization to undertake this job.

"It is no small mission that I am assigning you. It is a mission that will require the coordinated effort of all patriotic organizations within the United States. I say 'coordinated,' for independent activity will not suffice. They must organize and work in harmony and in unison toward a common end, that of meeting and checkmating every effort on the part of the opposition. Whenever adherents of these radical interests appear to oppose preparedness there also must appear spokesmen for sound, adequate national defense.

"Through education and enlightenment they must wean from the subversive element the legion of American citizens who want peace—eternal peace—but always peace with honor. In this way, and only in this way, can our National Security be safeguarded."

Employment of Retired Officers

The Comptroller General has ruled that Federal laws covering the employment of retired officers by the Government have no application where a retired officer is employed or seeks employment by a State or political subdivision thereof, the salary of which is paid from funds loaned or granted by the Federal Government.

In a decision (A-61600) regarding a retired Marine Corps officer employed on a state project which was financed

by funds allocated to the state by the Federal Government under the Work Relief Act, Comptroller McCarl held that none of the laws prohibiting the employment or limiting the salary of retired employed by the Federal Government were applicable.

Coast Guard Promotion

(Continued from First Page)

which the bill was handled last Winter, calling for an open consideration of the promotion question within the service before laying any legislation before Congress. The measure was drafted in secret at Headquarters, without the knowledge of most of the officers on duty there, including the Officer Personnel Division, sent to the Treasury Department, and then to Congress, before anyone knew that any measure of the kind was intended. Protest against the bill and against the method in which it was handled ran through the Service. Before it could crystallize however, a complacent Senate committee was induced to report the bill without holding hearings. Opposition then became more vocal and Senators, hearing protest, ordered it recommitment to the Senate Commerce Committee.

In view of the widespread criticism of the bill, the JOURNAL decided to poll the Service on the question so that sentiment might be crystallized. Following is a tabulation of the votes received to date:

Rank	For	For retention	For promotion	For of select	For present	For other	Total
Captains	18	0	0	0	0	0	18
Commanders	19	1	8	0	0	0	28
Lt. Comdrs.	26	1	8	0	0	0	35
Lieutenants	52	3	18	0	0	0	73
Lieutenants							
Junior grade	21	0	4	0	0	0	25
Ensigns	32	2	9	0	0	0	43
Total	168	7	47	0	0	0	222

Navy Needs Auxiliaries

(Continued from First Page)

knots. The store ships, Arctic and Vridge, making 11 to 14 knots, the cargo vessel, Sirius and Vega, 11 knots, and the transports, Chaumont and Henderson, 14 to 15 knots, are all of war-time construction. So too are the ocean tug and mine sweepers, all making less than 15 knots.

In sharp contrast to this out-dated trail are the auxiliary vessels of other powers. Great Britain and Japan have maintained as steady a building program for vessels not limited by treaty as they have of combatant vessels, full well realizing the importance of a trail which can keep up with the Fleet. The following table shows the construction activity in auxiliaries of the principal powers from 1922 to 1934:

SHIPS NOT LIMITED BY TREATIES LAID DOWN SINCE JANUARY 1, 1922

TYPE	United States	British Empire	Japan	France	Italy
	No. Tons	No. Tons	No. Tons	No. Tons	No. Tons
Mine Layers	1 6,740	7 10,779	.. ..	.. ..	10 5,500
Mine Sweepers	.. ..	.. ..	11 6,150	.. ..	8 3,600
Sloops	29 31,050	.. ..	.. ..	7 15,092	.. ..
Torpedo Boats	.. ..	4 2,108	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Gunboats	2 4,000	3 783	7 1,610	6 2,007	.. ..
River Gunboats	6 2,760	4 1,144	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Submarine Chasers	.. ..	.. ..	2 600	.. ..	1 200
Yachts	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	1 500
Destroyer Tenders	1 15,000	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Submarine Tenders	1 15,000	3 20,320	2 11,520	.. ..	.. ..
Aircraft Tenders	1 4,800	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	1 4,800
Tenders	5 1,818	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Net Layers	1 3,050	2 810	1 2,293	.. ..	.. ..
Repair Ships	1 13,500	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	1 7,300
Supply Ships	.. ..	1 15,820	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Water Carriers	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	13 8,000
Tankers	1 16,000	3 42,150	7 94,755	3 23,700	3,000
Ammunition Ships	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	1 1,200
Gasoline Carriers	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Survey Ships	1 1,400	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	1 1,100
Cable Ships	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	2 6,000
Training Ships	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
Transports	1 2,239	14 2,500
Tugs
TOTALS	7 4,700	49 104,285	40 100,347	24 127,906	50 82,700

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ability. Ride Stabilizer—to eliminate roll and sway on curves. Double-Acting Hydraulic Shock Absorbers, front and rear. And a new system of scientific weight distribution that contributes still further to comfort. Performance! Handling Ease! Reliability! Oldsmobile gives you the best of everything, including an economy, in the Six, of 18 miles to the gallon at 50 miles per hour. In fact, when you sum it all up there's not a single important thing missing from the new Oldsmobile—"the car that has everything."

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SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1935

"It is our duty to ourselves and to the cause of civilization, to the preservation of domestic tranquillity, to our orderly and lawful relations with foreign people to maintain an adequate Army and Navy.—CALVIN COOLIDGE

UNDER THE DESCRIPTIVE TITLE of "Pacifism in Theory and Practice (Or 'The Log of Mr. Nye')," the New York Herald-Tribune on September 18 published the following:

May 20, 1935.—Primed with data on alleged "fat profits" likely to go to ship builders . . . Senator Gerald P. Nye, of North Dakota, opens a filibuster against the \$490,000,000 naval appropriation bill.

May 27, 1935.—Senator Gerald P. Nye addresses monster peace meeting in Carnegie Hall, New York City, urging immediate passage of legislation compelling Americans who seek gain out of foreign wars to do so at their own risk.

June 16, 1935.—Senator Gerald P. Nye, speaking at the grave of the late Senator La Follette, at Madison, Wis., predicts "grave consequences" from the present "mad race of armaments."

July 24, 1935.—Senator Gerald P. Nye introduces legislation in the United States Senate to prohibit compulsory military training in high schools and colleges.

July 28, 1935.—Senator Gerald P. Nye, of North Dakota, is chosen chairman of the bondholders' committee for the Republic of Cuba, of which committee Senator Burton K. Wheeler, of Montana, is counsel.

August 18, 1935.—Senator Gerald P. Nye, as chairman of the committee of Cuban bond holders, asks Cuba to "be a good neighbor" and pay the defaulted interest on \$40,000,000 public works bonds held by American investors.

August 29, 1935.—President Carlos Mendieta of Cuba refuses to discuss with Senators Nye and Wheeler any settlement of Cuba's public works bonds now in default.

August 30, 1935.—Senator Gerald P. Nye, in an interview with the Havana correspondent of the New York Herald-Tribune, declares that if Cuba "does not quickly recognize this important obligation . . . the United States will surely take charge of collections." In short, intervene.

Senator Nye believes that the way to stop future wars is to take the profits out of them. Would it be amiss to suggest that it might also be a good thing to take the profits out of the business of "dunning" foreign borrowers? And at the same time, perhaps, to take United States Senators out of the business of international bill collecting?

Thus it would appear that steps should be taken to remove the Senators from the business of foreign debt collecting and to take the profit out of Senatoring. Meanwhile, Senator Nye's committee investigators are reported to be again toying with the idea of nationalization of the munitions industry in the United States. They should learn that the six manufacturing arsenals now owned by the government are valued, conservatively, at \$163,000,000. These arsenals could supply only five per cent of the ordnance needed in an emergency. It can readily be seen that at that rate to be prepared with plants capable of producing all the war-time needs the government would have to invest \$3,097,000,000 in buildings and equipment. And that represents only the original plant costs. Does the munitions committee want to put that sum into the National Budget?

CONSIDERABLE INTEREST HAS been displayed by the American press in reports from Soviet Russia telling of another marvelous accomplishment in military tactics. This time the Soviets in their annual maneuvers are reported to have dropped a large number of soldiers in parachutes so that they fell behind the lines of opposing force. Spectacular as this may appear to the public its value from a military standpoint is doubtful. In the first place the number of armed men that can thus be delivered behind the enemy's lines is relatively small as modern forces go. Secondly, such a force would when it reaches the ground have no means of transportation except marching so that if they are to do any appreciable amount of damage they must be landed relatively near to the enemy's lines or to his bases and thus make themselves perfect targets for rifle fire in coming down. And finally, the chances are that even though they do some damage they will wind up either as prisoners or be wiped out. Some good may be derived from the experimentation, but at the present stage it is far from a finished military product, and does not appear to be nearly as effective as other uses of aircraft such as bombing or grounds strafing. It must be remembered that in Russia parachuting has become a sort of a national fad encouraged and fostered by the Government which has established throughout the country a number of parachute jumping stations where civilians climb to the top of towers and leap to the ground in ready-rigged 'chutes. A certain number of jumps entitles the jumper to a ride in an airplane. So it is natural that the value of what has become a national sport should be exaggerated in the national mind. The idea is not new for there are World War stories of the landing of spies in the enemy's territory by parachutes. Nor have the possibilities of the idea been overlooked by the American Army which has experimented with it a number of times and is thoroughly aware of its likelihoods and limitations. It will be recalled that a number of years ago a public demonstration was made by the United States Army in which an entire machine gun squad was landed and their weapon put into action in a short time.

IN HIS ZEAL for the conservation of wild-life in America, Jay N. (Ding) Darling, chief of the Biological Survey, has gone out of his way to take an unnecessary poke at the Corps of Engineers of the Army. Writing in the Saturday Evening Post, Mr. Darling takes the Corps to task by asserting that its activities are "nearly always at cross purposes" with wild-life conservation work. Dams and spillways by changing water levels, he alleges, drive away the fish and ducks. You should remember, Mr. Darling, that the Corps of Engineers merely carries out the dictates of Congress in its flood control work, that the functions it performs are in the nature of human-life-conservation-work, that it does nothing detrimental to wild-life that is not at the same time beneficial to human life, and that there is no body of men in the United States who have a deeper love of nature and wild-life than the services of which the Corps of Engineers are a part.

Service Humor

Barracks Repartee

Corporal—"If you live to be 100 years old, you'll still be the dumbest soldier in the Army."

Doughboy—"God forbid! If I have to take orders for 100 years from you, I'll be dumb enough to be a corporal myself!"

—Foreign Service, V.F.W.

Necessity

Indignant Parent (6:00 A. M.)—"Young man, what do you mean bringing my daughter in at this hour?"

Flaming Youth—"Well, I gotta be at work by 7."

—Texas Ranger.

Impromptu

"May I see Barker, please?" she asked at the hospital. She was very pretty.

"We do not allow anyone but relatives to see the patients. Are you a member of his family?" asked the matron.

"Why yes," she answered, blushing. Then boldly, "I'm his sister."

"Oh, really," replied the matron. "I'm so glad to meet you. I'm his mother."

—The Pointer.

Pursued

Seaman—"I hit a bird on the nose the other day, and you should see him run."

Bos'n's Mate—"That so?"

Seaman—"Yeah, but he couldn't catch me."

—USS Arkansas Arkite.

Humor in the Woods

Registrar—"Give your parents' names."

CCC entrant—"Mama and papa."

Druggist—"What kind of a toothbrush do you want?"

CCC—"A big one, there are 30 guys in my barracks."

—Pt. MacArthur District, CCC News.

Many Companies

A man applied to a famous film producer for a super's job. Like so many other supers in Hollywood, he had had no work for weeks.

"Well," replied the magnate, "I might be able to use you. See me in a month's time."

"If you want me at all," replied the actor, "you'd better put me on the pay roll right now. There are a lot of other companies after me."

"Yes?" answered the director, who had often heard that remark before. "And what companies are they?"

"Well," said the actor, "there's the light company, the gas company, the telephone company, and—"

The director laughed and the man was put on the salary list.

Right Man

"Mother says if you don't quit kissing me like you did last night, she's going to call someone in to put an end to it."

"Your father?"

"No, a minister."

—5th Corps Area News.

Experiment

William—"That dentist you sent me to wasn't painless like he advertised."

Mother—"He wasn't?"

Willie—"No, I bit his finger and he yelled just like any other dentist."

—USS Arkansas Arkite.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

NCO, DEMIL.—The law which permits Army enlisted men to receive rental and subsistence allowances "while sick in the hospital or absent from their permanent station on temporary duty" was enacted April 15, 1926. The citation for the act is 44 Statute 257 or U. S. C. title 10 paragraph 716-A. It is also contained in AR-35-4520, first paragraph. If you were not paid allowance under the authority of this Act you should put in a claim to the General Accounting Office. However, you should note that the Act does not provide the payment of any subsistence allowance in money while actually drawing subsistence allowance in kind. If a man drawing allowances is ill in the hospital he would be subsisted and therefore draw only his rental allowance. If absent from his permanent station on temporary duty he would draw rental allowance and also subsistence allowance if he was not actually being subsisted at Government expense.

IN THE JOURNAL

10 Years Ago

Comdr. M. K. Metcalfe, USN, with a score of 84, won the annual Navy Department golf tournament.

20 Years Ago

Capt. John W. Gulick, CAC, has been transferred from 169th Coast Artillery Company to the 69th Coast Artillery Company.

30 Years Ago

Capt. James A. Ryan, 15th Cavalry, who has just completed a four month tour of European countries in which he studied their military organization suggests the advisability of sending American officers abroad to serve a detail with the armies of some of the leading powers. He found that this was a common practice in Europe.

50 Years Ago

Secretary of War Endicott will be called upon to decide whether or not officers of the Engineer Corps are entitled to command. He has before him two letters on the subject, one from the Chief of Engineers and the other, a reply, from the Lieutenant General. The latter argues that engineer officers are staff officers and not entitled to command. The Chief of Engineers states that engineers are not staff officers but as much fighting officers as artillerymen or cavalrymen.

70 Years Ago

The Secretary of War has just returned from a visit to West Point, and expresses himself as entirely satisfied with the condition and efficiency of the establishment.

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OFFICIAL ORDERS

Navy Dept. Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

GENERAL OFFICERS

By direction of the President, Gen. Douglas MacArthur is detailed to assist the Commonwealth of the Philippine Islands in military and naval affairs. He will act as the Military Adviser of the Commonwealth Government in the establishment and development of a system of national defense. He will confer and advise with the President of the Commonwealth Government under such conditions and arrangements as may be mutually determined. He will in addition carry out such instructions as may be given him by the Secretary of War. He will proceed to and take station at Manila, Philippine Islands, in accordance with travel orders to be issued by the Secretary of War. He will stand relieved from duty on the General Staff and as Chief of Staff as of date of December 15, 1935.

Maj. Gen. Harold B. Fiske, from Quarry Heights, Canal Zone to HQ, 9th Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., sailing from Panama Nov. 8.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

GEN. DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, C. of S. Maj. Norman Randolph (Inf.), relieved GSC, and 1st Div., to Maj. Gen. Lucius R. Holbrook, Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT
BRIG. GEN. E. T. CONLEY, ACTING AG. Maj. Walter Gullion, from Miami, Fla., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., for observation and treatment.

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT
MAJ. GEN. JOHN F. PRESTON, IG. Lt. Col. Edgar L. Field (Inf.), having failed physically for promotion, his retirement is announced as of Sept. 30, with rank of Colonel.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.
MAJ. GEN. ARTHUR W. BROWN, JAG. Capt. Robert M. Springer (Inf.), relieved JAGD and detailed that Department.
Capt. Charles W. West (CAC), relieved JAGD and detailed that Department.
Capt. Edgar H. Snodgrass (Inf.), relieved JAGD and detailed that Department.
Capt. David S. McLean (Inf.), relieved JAGD and detailed that Department.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. LOUIS H. BASH, QMG. Maj. Edward J. Glynn, from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to his home and await retirement.
Capt. Joseph L. Erickson, from Ft. Riley, Kans., to Chicago QM Depot, Chicago, Ill.

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MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES R. REYNOLDS, SG.

Medical Corps

Maj. Percy D. Moulton, from Philippine Dept., to Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind.
Maj. Ralph L. Cudlipp, from Ft. Benjamin Harrison, Ind., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. Dec. 31.
Maj. Charles H. Lovewell, from Ft. Bragg, N. C., to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., for observation and treatment.

Capt. William A. Hadley, Jr., from Washington, D. C., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Dec. 12.

Col. Perry L. Boyer, to army retiring board, Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C.

Veterinary Corps

Capt. Arvo T. Thompson, from Philippine Dept., to Ft. Riley, Kans.

Capt. Ralph W. Mohr, from Ft. Riley, Kans., to Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. Dec. 31.

Medical Administration Corps

Capt. Chester B. Leedom, from Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs National Park, Ark., sailing from S. F. Nov. 9.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD M. MARKHAM, C. of E.

Capt. Albert Riani from Ft. Lawton, Wash., to 9th Eng. Squad, Ft. Riley, Kans.
1st Lt. George A. Lincoln, from Ft. Logan, Col., to assistant to district engineer Huntington, W. Va., district, Hinton, W. Va.

Following officers from station after name to La. State University and Agricultural and Mechanical College, Baton Rouge, La.:
Capt. Richard L. Smith, Chicago, Ill.
1st Lt. William H. Mills, Jacksonville, Fla.

2nd Lt. Charles F. Tank, from Pittsburgh, Pa., to 1st Eng., Ft. Du Pont, Del.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. WILLIAM H. TSCHAPPAT, C. of O.

Col. John E. Munroe, detailed member Joint Army and Navy Board to meet at Washington, D. C., for the purpose of considering specifications for and other questions regarding the manufacture and test of smokeless powders.

Col. Norman F. Ramsey, detailed member Joint Army and Navy Board to meet at Washington, D. C., for the purpose of considering specifications for and other questions.

(Continued on Next Page)

NAVY ORDERS

September 12, 1935

Lt. Eugene W. Klofer, duty as asst. engr. officer, USS Pennsylvania.

Lt. (jg) Alfred J. Benz, det. USS Henderson about Sept. 9; to USS Wyoming.

Lt. (jg) Ronald M. MacKinnon, det. Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa; to staff, Comdr. Battleships, Battle Force.

Ens. David L. Martineau, det. USS Lamber-ton in Sept.; to communication duty, Comdr. Battle Force.

Lt. Comdr. Albin H. Cecha (MC), det. Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va., about Oct. 1; to USS Saratoga.

Lt. Cecil C. Welch (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.; to instn. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. (jg) John A. Workman (MC), on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C., in Sept.; to duty Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Lt. (jg) Joseph W. Campbell (DC), to duty Navy Yard, Wash., D. C.

Lt. (jg) James J. Dempsey (DC), to duty Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) Joseph L. Parker (DC), to duty Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. (jg) Stanley W. Smith (DC), to duty Nav. Trng. Sta., Great Lakes.

Lt. (jg) James L. Townsend (DC), to duty Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (jg) Alfred F. White (DC), to duty Nav. Trng. Sta., Newport, R. I.

Lt. Comdr. George Scratchley (SC), on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., Puget Sound, Wash.; to temp. duty Cruisers, Setg. Force.

Lt. James B. Ricketts, Jr., (SC), det. USS Omaha in Sept.; to instn. Naval Finance & Supply School, Phila., Pa.

Ch. Gunner Herman Bullinger, det. Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I., about Sept. 16; to Norfolk Navy Yard, Portsmouth, Va.

Ch. Bosn. Eugene J. Friebe, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Va., about Oct. 1; to USS Vestal.

Ch. Gunner Albert Klingler, det. Subm. Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H., about Dec. 20; to home relieved all active duty.

September 13, 1935

Lt. (jg) Robert J. Esslinger, det. USS Perry in Sept.; to USS Trever.

Lt. (jg) Caleb B. Laning, det. USS S-13 about Sept. 1; to USS R-2.

Comdr. John C. Adams (MC), det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about Sept. 15; to c. f. o. USS Quincy and on board when commissioned.

Lt. (jg) Walter E. Fratzke (SC), det. USS Long in Sept.; to instn. Naval Finance and Supply School, Phila., Pa.

Ch. Gunner Ellis H. Roach, det. USS Dobbin in Sept.; to Nav. Torp. Sta., Newport, R. I.

September 14, 1935

Lt. Comdr. Leon B. Scott, det. Nav. Exam. Board, Navy Dept., on Sept. 14; to instn. Army Industrial College, Wash., D. C.

Lt. Dean Blanchard, det. as nav. officer; to duty USS Henderson.

Lt. Nealy A. Chapin, det. command USS Lark about Nov. 18; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

Lt. Rowland D. Hill, Jr., to duty as nav. officer, USS Henderson.

Lt. William F. Ramsey, det. USS Nevada about Nov. 1; to Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa.

Lt. (jg) Cecil L. Smith, ors. July 2 revoked. Continue duty USS Chaumont.

Lt. (jg) Carl F. Failes, Jr., (SC), det. USS Richmond in Sept.; to instn. Nav. Finance & Supply School, Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) Ralph M. Humes (SC), det. USS Kane in Sept.; to instn. Naval Finance & Supply School, Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) John F. Just (SC), det. USS Goff in Sept.; to instn. Naval Finance & Supply School, Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) Thomas J. Montgomery (SC), det. USS Dewey in Sept.; to instn. Naval Finance & Supply School, Phila., Pa.

Ch. Bosn. Herman B. Conrad, ors. July 30 revoked. Det. Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., about Sept. 5; to USS Montcalm.

Ch. Bosn. Grover C. Gittins, det. Rec. Sta., Puget Sound, Wash., in Sept.; to Asiatic Station. Ors. July 19 revoked.

Elec. Leland V. Starkey, det. USS Holland in Oct.; to Asiatic Station.

September 16, 1935

Lt. (jg) Hugh D. Black, det. USS Upshur about Nov. 1; to command USS Lark.

Lt. (jg) John E. Edwards, ors. by C. in C. Asiatic modified. To USS Relief instead duty 12th Naval District.

Lt. Comdr. John G. Davis (MC), ors. June 20 modified. To USS Marblehead instead USS Omaha.

Lt. Comdr. James A. Fields (MC), ors. June 20 revoked. Continue duty USS Omaha.

Lt. Comdr. Edmund Laughlin (DC), det. 15th Nav. Dist.; to trmt. nearest nav. hosp., in U. S.

Bosn. Leslie E. Thompson, to duty USS Grebe.

Bosn. Charles J. Wichmann, to duty USS Chicago.

Mach. Arthur H. Randall, to duty USS Narwhal.

Ch. Pay Ck. Howard N. Walling, det. Subm. Base, Coco Solo, C. Z., in Oct.; to 15th Nav. District.

September 17, 1935

Ens. Robert A. Keating, Jr., det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., in Sept.; to USS Salt Lake City.

Bosn. Charles M. Lewis, to duty USS Sturtevant.

Bosn. Leslie E. Thompson, det. USS Grebe about Sept. 21; to USS Widggon.

Bosn. Charles J. Wichmann, det. USS Chicago in Oct.; to Asiatic Station.

Mach. Arthur H. Randall, det. USS Narwhal about Sept. 14; to USS Omaha.

Ch. Pay Ck. John W. Thomas, on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.; to duty Subm. Base, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Carp. Theodore C. Stewart, to duty Ft. Air Base, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Sept. 18, 1935

Capt. William P. Gaddis, det. 12th Nav. Dist., about Nov. 30; to command USS Mississippi.

Lt. Frank Schlapp, det. USS Brazos about Oct. 7; to USS Henderson.

Lt. Frank R. Wills, det. 5th Nav. Dist., Norfolk, Va., on Sept. 14; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. (jg) John S. Horner, det. Battle Force; to USS Lamber-ton.

Capt. Frederick G. Pyne (SC), duty as Off. in Chgo., Navy Purch. Office, New York, N. Y., on Nov. 1.

Bosn. Charles M. Lewis, det. USS Sturtevant in Sept.; to USS Kanawha.

MARINE CORPS

Sept. 14, 1935

Maj. Jacob Lienhard, on or about Nov. 1, detached Rectg. District of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Pa., to Rectg. District of Kansas City, Kansas City, Mo.

Major. Merwin H. Silverthorn, detached

Hdqrs., Marine Corps, Wash., D. C., to Marine Corps Schools, MB, Quantico, Va., for duty and instruction in Senior Course.

Capt. Merritt A. Edson, on or about Oct. 20, detached Depot of Supplies, Marine Corps, Phila., Pa., to Staff, Marine Corps Schools, MB, Quantico, Va.

Capt. William M. Radcliffe, on Oct. 1, detached MB, Quantico, Va., and when discharged from treatment at NH, Wash., D. C., ordered home to await retirement.

1st Lt. John H. Griebel, on or about Oct. 12, detached MB, RR, Cape May, N. J., to Marine Corps Schools, MB, Quantico, Va., for duty and instruction in Junior Course.

1st Lt. Thomas G. McFarland, on or about Oct. 12, detached MB, RR, Cape May, N. J., to Marine Corps Schools, MB, Quantico, Va., for duty and instruction in Junior Course.

1st Lt. George N. Carroll, on or about Oct. 12, detached MB, RR, Cape May, N. J., to MB, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

2nd Lt. Wendell H. Duplantier, appointed a second lieutenant in the Marine Corps, and ordered to Basic School, MB, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., to report Oct. 1, 1935.

Ch. Pay Ck. Wm. B. Dennison, died September 11, 1935.

Sept. 18, 1935

The following officers were promoted to the grades indicated, subject to confirmation, to rank from the dates shown:

Maj. Blythe G. Jones, July 27, 1935, No. 8.
Maj. Leland S. Swindler, Sept. 1, 1935, No. 2.

Capt. Tilghman H. Saunders, Sept. 1, 1935, No. 4.

1st Lt. Clarence O. Cobb, June 2, 1935, No. 20.

Sept. 18, 1935

Capt. James M. McHugh, detached Hdqrs. Marine Corps, Wash., D. C., to Marine Corps Schools, MB, Quantico, Va., for duty and instruction in Junior Course.

Capt. Glenn E. Hayes, assigned to duty at Marine Corps Base, NOB, San Diego, Calif., and authorized to delay 2 months in reporting that station.

1st Lt. Samuel S. Yeaton, detached Sept. 11, Hdqrs. Dept. of Pacific, to duty with the Fleet Marine Force, MCB, NOB, San Diego, Calif.

2nd Lt. James M. Clark, appointed a second lieutenant in Marine Corps, and ordered to Basic School, MB, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa., to report Oct. 1, 1935.

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Army Orders

(Continued from Preceding Page)

tions regarding the manufacture and test of smokeless powders; vice Lt. Col. Lucian D. Booth, relieved.

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. LEON B. KROMER, C. of CAV. Maj. Raymond C. Gibbs, having failed physically for promotion, his retirement is announced as of Sept. 30.

Maj. Daniel Becker, from Ft. Des Moines, Iowa, to Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs National Park, Ark., for further observation and treatment.

Maj. Murray H. Ellis, from Ft. Bliss, Tex., to 10th Cav., Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. UPTON BIRNIE, JR., C. of FA. Maj. Daniel F. Jones, to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., for observation and treatment.

Capt. Thomas R. Willson, previous orders revoked. From Hawaiian Dept., to overseas discharge and replacement depot, Ft. Slocum, N. Y.

Lt. Col. Leon R. Cole, from Richmond, Va., to GSC, HQ, 3rd Corps Area, Baltimore, Md.

Maj. (then Capt.) Norris P. Walsh (with QMC), previous orders revoked.

Maj. Wilbur G. Dockum, from Salt Lake City, Utah, to instructor, FA, N. Y. NG, Binghamton, N. Y., sailing from S. F. Nov. 9.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. HARRY L. STEELE, C. of CAC.

Lt. Col. Edward A. Stockton, Jr., detailed in the Bureau of Insular Affairs.

1st Lt. Herbert W. Mansfield, detailed OD. From Ft. MacArthur, Calif., to Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Maj. Kenneth McCarty, is placed on flying duty requiring participation regularly and frequently in aerial flights, effective Oct. 1, to May 31, 1936, both dates inclusive.

Maj. Byron T. Ippock, having failed physically for promotion, his retirement is announced as of Sept. 30.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. EDWARD CROFT, C. of INF. Capt. George A. Jahant, from Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., to his home and await retirement.

Lt. Col. Mahlen A. Joyce, from Ft. Moultrie, S. C., to his home and await retirement.

2nd Lt. Charles E. Brown, from Randolph Fld., Tex., to 66th Inf., Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

1st Lt. Philip J. Henderson, from Panama Canal Dept., to Ft. Jay, N. Y.

Maj. Charles F. Sutherland, from Ft. Missoula, Mont., to Univ. of Idaho, Moscow Idaho.

Maj. Herbert W. Schmid, from Ft. Thomas, Ky., to Western Ky. State Teachers' College, Bowling Green, Ky.

Capt. William W. Brier, Jr., from Quincy, Ill., to the Philippine Dept., sailing from N. Y. Dec. 31.

Capt. Reeve D. Keller previous orders amended to read: to 30th Inf. Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., sailing from N. Y., Sept. 24.

Maj. Stephan R. Tiffany to Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., for examination before Army retiring board.

1st Lt. Philip J. Henderson, previous orders amended to read to 66th Inf. (Light Tanks) Ft. George G. Meade, Md.

Maj. Floyd H. Bain having failed physically for promotion, his retirement is announced as of Sept. 30.

Lt. Col. John H. Stutesman from Ft. Benning, Ga., to Rutgers University, Brunswick, N. J.

Col. Forrest E. Overholser from Hawaiian Dept., to HQ 9th CA, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. BENJAMIN D. FOULLOIS, C. of AC.

Capt. Douglas Johnston, from Randolph Fld., Tex., to Brooks Fld., Tex.

LEAVES

Lt. Col. Chester R. Haig, MC, two months, Nov. 14.

Col. Robert P. Howell, CE, three months and twenty-eight days, Oct. 3.

Maj. Clifford C. Nutt, AC, one month and fifteen days, Oct. 5.

Capt. William F. Sadtler, OD, two months, Oct. 10.

Capt. W. Harold Schaffer, QMC, two months, Sept. 18.

Col. Ira Longanecker, AC, two months and ten days, Sept. 20.

Col. Thomas M. Spaulding, AGD, four months, Oct. 1.

TRANSFERS

Capt. Ernest M. Brannon, Inf., to JAGD.

Capt. James L. Harbaugh, Jr., CAC, to JAGD.

2nd Lt. Robert W. Rayburn, Inf., to Cav. From Ft. Brady, Mich., to 1st Cav. Div.,

Ft. Clark, Tex.

Capt. John G. Brackinridge, FA, to AGD. 2nd Lt. Carl Darnell, Jr., Inf., to FA. From Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to 5th FA, Madison Bks., N. Y.

WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. Clarence E. Danner, upon his own application after more than 30 years' active service is retired Sept. 30, with rank of Second Lieutenant.

Leave of absence for four months is granted W. O. Frederick W. Kraus, Oct. 1.

W. O. Clarence W. Putnam, upon his own application after more than 30 years' active service is retired Sept. 30 with rank of Captain.

W. O. Harry B. Karkoff, from Chicago, Ill., to AGD, HQ, 4th Corps Area, Atlanta, Ga.

W. O. Herman Logan, upon his own application after more than 30 years' active service is retired Sept. 30 with rank of Captain.

W. O. William M. Murphey, from Ft. Hancock, N. J., to his home and await retirement.

W. O. Marion J. Lewis, having been found incapacitated for active service, his retirement is announced.

W. O. Harry McGriff, from Omaha, Neb., to duty with QMC, Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Dec. 12.

W. O. George W. Teegarden, upon his own application after more than 30 years' active service is retired Sept. 30 with rank of Captain.

W. O. Frank D. McGraw, from Hawaiian Dept., to duty with QM, HQ, 7th Corps Area, Omaha, Neb.

W. O. Joseph R. Tudor, from Omaha, Neb., to FD, HQ, 3rd Corps Area, Baltimore, Md.

W. O. John W. Tarnosky, from Hawaiian Dept., to Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

W. O. John C. McFan, from Ft. Sheridan, Ill., to Hawaiian Dept., sailing from N. Y. Dec. 12.

ORDERS TO ENLISTED MEN

Pvt. 1st. Louis L. Chambers, previous orders revoked.

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

The retirement of the following enlisted men at the place indicated on Sept. 30, is announced:

M. Sgt. Francisco Lorenzo, Inf. (PS), Ft. Wm. McKinley, P. I.

Cpl. Segundo Abin, CA (PS), Ft. Mills, P. I.

M. Sgt. Maurice D. Loewenthal, DEML, Governors Island, N. Y., with rank of First Lieutenant.

1st Sgt. Hughston L. Jackson, Inf., Ft. Devens, Mass.

M. Sgt. Manly Oaks, DEML, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

M. Sgt. Newton Taylor, CA, Ft. Hancock, N. J.

1st Sgt. John P. Newhard, DEML, West Point, N. Y.

Sgt. Patrick Connolly, Inf., Plattsburg Bks., N. Y.

M. Sgt. August Mattick, FA, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

M. Sgt. Joseph Bockrath, Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga.

Sgt. Charles H. Kamp, Inf., Plattsburg Bks., N. Y.

RESERVES

The following reserve officers promoted to grade after name:

2nd Lt. S. C. Westerfeld, CA-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. R. J. Ford, Cav-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. R. A. Harter, Inf-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. J. J. McKendry, Sig-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. E. J. Kuch, Med-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. R. P. McKinnon, FA-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. W. C. Fulbright, Cav-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. J. W. Stutzman, Jr., Inf-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. C. R. Barrett, CA-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. R. H. Nevins, Cav-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. E. T. Devlin, Inf-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. R. G. Strickler, Inf-Res., to 1st Lt.

Capt. H. L. Algeo, Engr-Res., to Maj.

1st Lt. B. D. Muzzy, Inf-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. U. L. Fomby, Inf-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. W. H. Billings, Inf-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. J. S. Witly, QM-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. R. W. Cameron, Inf-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. C. W. Lyle, Engr-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. G. L. Morris, Cav-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. E. W. Sass, Med-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. W. G. Ingalls, FA-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. K. D. Bream, Inf-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. R. B. Tomlinson, Engr-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. N. L. Fisher, Inf-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. C. H. Foshee, Med-Res., to Capt.

The following reserve officers assigned active duty as follows:

1st Lt. C. M. Daniel, Spec-Res., to Los Angeles, Calif., Oct. 14.

Maj. M. H. Simmons, Spec-Res., to Wright Fld., Ohio, Oct. 7.

2nd Lt. C. T. McKinnie, Air-Res., from Mitchell Fld., N. Y., Sept. 23.

2nd Lt. W. B. Barnes, Air-Res., previous orders revoked.

Capt. P. A. Kind, Spec-Res., to Wash-

ington, D. C., Nov. 4.

Lt. Col. V. J. O'Kellier, Spec-Res., to Washington, D. C., Nov. 4.

Capt. G. F. Wohlgenuth, Chem-Res., to Edgewood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md., Oct. 1.

Capt. S. L. Kerr, Spec-Res., to Washington, D. C., Nov. 10.

Capt. E. L. Roe, Chem-Res., to Edgewood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md., Oct. 1.

Coast Guard Orders

Lt. W. S. Anderson, orders of May 15, 1935, cancelled.

Lt. N. M. Nelson, detached Naval Air Station, Pensacola, Fla., effective October 10, 1935, and assigned to command Air Patrol Detachment, San Antonio, Tex.

Lt. C. F. Edge, detached Air Patrol Detachment, San Antonio, Tex., effective upon relief by Lt. N. M. Nelson, and assigned to command Port Angeles Air Station.

Lt. Comdr. C. W. Harwood, detached Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa., and assigned to duty at the Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C., as Coast Guard Representative with additional duties as Captain of the Port of Charleston, S. C.

Lt. (Jg) R. J. Roberts, detached New York Division, and assigned Office of Coast Guard Representative, Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Carp. O. C. Olsen, detached Norfolk Division, effective October 21, 1935, and assigned Navy Yard, Philadelphia.

Carp. Theodore Toblason, detached New York Division, effective October 21, 1935, and assigned Office of Western Inspector.

Ch. Gunner B. G. Balcombe, placed on retired list September 1, 1935.

Ch. Carp. Robert Grassow, retired as of September 1, 1935.

Bosn. (L) W. M. Robbins, placed on retired list September 1, 1935.

Elec. H. L. Scales, appointed permanent Electrician as of July 25, 1934.

CCC Activities

Mt. Vernon, Mo. — Brig. Gen. H. J. Brees, commander of the Missouri District of the Civilian Conservation Corps invoked Army efficiency to promote the work of the Ozarks Conservation camps on his tour recently of four companies in the Southwest Missouri sub-district.

Flying to Springfield from his headquarters in Ft. Leavenworth, General Brees was met by Maj. Claude Garrison, sub-district commander and whisked to Mt. Vernon in an official car, where the General inspected the Chesapeake Springs and Mt. Vernon camps before the noon luncheon at the latter camp. The Shell Knob and Roaring River companies were visited on the afternoon itinerary and on the return to Springfield, the waiting Army plane was scheduled to take the commander back to Ft. Leavenworth at 6:30 o'clock.

Despite the exacting schedule, General Brees found time to chat informally with the company commanders and other camp officials he met on his tour. As chief of staff of the 91st Division in France, and chief of staff on the 7th Army Corps in France, General Brees showed especial interest in the World War veterans who compose Company 3774 at Mt. Vernon.

"This chow has the right flavor, there is no question about that," the veteran campaigner commented as he lit a cigar in the pine board mess hall following his noon meal. "There's an army cook on the job here, and he's a good one."

General Brees questioned Project Superintendent, C. E. Alleman, concerning the progress of the Soil Erosion work in which the veterans are engaged.

The War Department has awarded contracts for the purchase of 562,500 pairs of shoes for the use of the Civilian Conservation Corps this winter. The contracts call for the delivery of regular army service shoes with rubber heels. The following shoe manufacturing companies received contracts for parts of the total purchase:

The Chippewa Shoe Manufacturing Company, Chippewa Falls, Wis., 20,000 pairs of shoes, at a total purchase price of \$51,200.

The R. P. Hazzard Company, Gardiner, Maine, 35,000 pairs of shoes at a total purchase price of \$87,850.

The Joseph M. Herman Shoe Company, Boston, Mass., 150,000 pairs of one type of shoe, at a total purchase price of \$371,850, and 33,200 of another type at \$85,656.

The Endicott-Johnson Corporation of

Endicott, New York, 201,900 pairs of shoes at a total purchase price of \$307,778.50, and another contract for 122,400 pairs of shoes at 307,836.

Delivery on each of these shoe contracts is to be completed by November 25 or 26.

Mr. Robert Fechner, Director of Emergency Conservation Work, has announced that the U. S. Office of Education had just completed a manual for instructors in the Civilian Conservation Corps and a series of fifteen lesson outlines on subjects of vocational importance in the camps. These publications were written to assist camp advisers in their instructional work.

Distribution of the new teaching material to camp advisers will be made in advance of the opening of fall and winter CCC educational activities on Oct. 1. Reports from the 2,551 CCC camps now in operation indicate that a high percentage of the more than 500,000 men of the conservation corps will participate in the educational programs during the fall and winter months.

Dr. John W. Studebaker, U. S. Commissioner of Education, in referring to the *Manual and Outlines of Instruction* stated: "They will definitely fill a new in camp instruction and will go far toward elevating methods of teaching in the CCC educational program."

Dr. J. C. Wright, the Assistant Education Commissioner for Vocational Education, believes the new material "will greatly stimulate interest in vocational training in the camps and produce more adequately prepared men."

The *Manual and Lesson Outlines* were prepared during the past summer by a special committee appointed by the U. S. Office of Education. Dr. M. Reed Bancroft of the Dunwoody Industrial Institute, Minneapolis, Minnesota, acted as chairman of the committee.

The *Manual for CCC Instructors* deals with the responsibilities of camp advisers, methods of teaching, lesson planning, vocational guidance and success factors of an educational program.

The *Outlines of Instruction* are on the following subjects:

1. *Agriculture*: fundamentals of agriculture; adjusting an enrollee to the study of agriculture; and instruction in poultry production.

2. *Automobile Repairing*: discussion of automobile's place in modern life; information on different principles of automobile operation and repair work.

3. *Automotive Electricity*: vocational training for automotive electrician; instruction in repairing automobile's electric system.

4. *Carpentry*: principles of carpenter's trade; analysis of carpentry jobs.

5. *Concrete Construction*: fundamentals of concrete construction; analysis of projects in concrete construction.

6. *Cooking*: instruction in food stuffs; the cooking of vegetables.

7. *Conservation of Natural Resources*: description of conservation problem in the United States; and courses dealing with soil, water, forest and wild life.

8. *Forestry*: importance of forest opportunities for employment; phases of forestry—forest fires, reforestation; and use of forest tools.

9. *House Wiring*: information on occupation of house wiring; specific jobs in house wiring.

10. *Elementary Masonry and Brick Laying*: fundamentals of elementary masonry and bricklaying; particular projects.

11. *Mechanical Drawing*: principles of drawing and orthographic projection; drafting as a vocation; two and three part assembly drawings; practice in lettering and designing.

12. *Photography*: principles of photography; photography as an occupation.

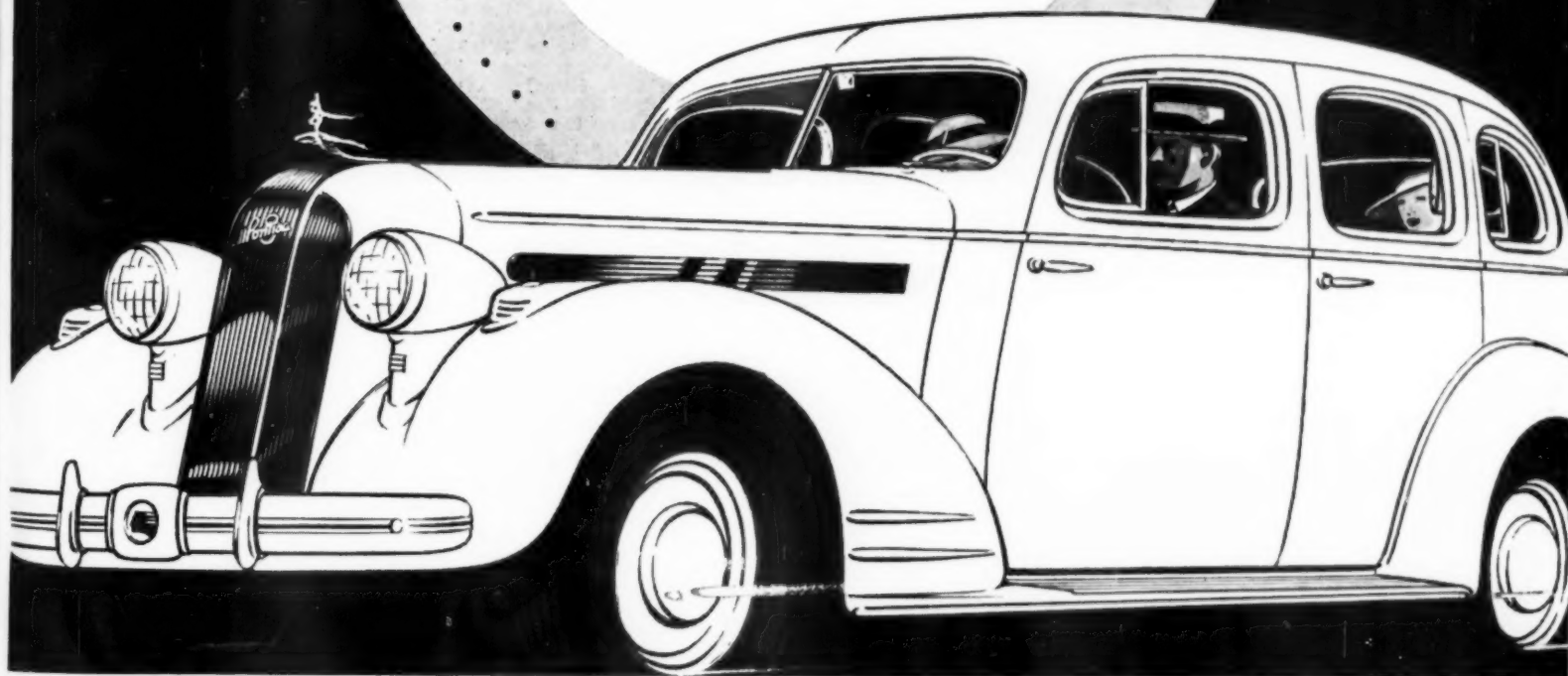
13. *Radio Servicing*: servicing of radio receiving sets; repair work; occupational opportunities.

14. *Soil Conservation*: need for conservation; methods to prevent soil erosion, such as terracing, crop rotation, cover crops, dam building, etc.

15. *Plane Surveying*: fundamentals of plane surveying; occupational opportunities; special projects in surveying.

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Silver Streak SIXES AND EIGHTS

SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Army Chief of Staff—Definite announcement in War Department Special Orders this week that General Douglas MacArthur will be relieved from duty with the General Staff and from detail as Chief of Staff on December 15, 1935, again raises the question as to his successor in the highest Army office. Last Fall when General MacArthur's four-year tour expired and before his re-detail was announced, it is recalled, probably the most prominently mentioned as his successors were Maj. Gen. George S. Simonds and Maj. Gen. Malin Craig. Much significance was attached to the transfer of General Craig from San Francisco where he was commanding the Ninth Corps Area to Washington to become president of the War College. Also significant was the shift of General Simonds from the War College to become deputy chief of staff. Both transfers seemed to denote that the officers concerned were under serious consideration for the appointment. The situation seems to have remained about the same during the intervening months.

General MacArthur leaves Washington, September 30. Inasmuch as it is definite that he will hold the title of Chief of Staff until December 15, it appears evident that General Simonds, as deputy, will be acting chief of staff during the month and a half until a new chief is appointed. Much importance is being attached in Washington to the fact that General Craig is senior to General Simonds on the list of major generals by nearly seven years and that he is also nearly a year younger. General Simonds will retire for age on March 12, 1938, thus he would have only about two and a half years to serve, while General Craig will retire for age on August 5, 1939, giving him about three years and nine months to serve.

Army Warrant Appointments—The new regulations governing appointments to warrant officers in the Army are expected to be off the press almost any day now. Approved and sent to the Government Printing Office on Aug. 27, nothing but the bare outlines of the new policy as to warrant appointments have been revealed, as yet. As soon as printed, however, the changes in regulations will be issued to the service. Issuance of the regulations are considerably delayed. At the present time there are two vacancies in the grade of warrant officer, with no eligibles left to fill them. On Sept. 31, four more vacancies will occur, and before the new policy can reach the entire service, an examination scheduled, applications submitted, the examination held and new eligibles created, there will be a large number of appointments to be made. When the strength of the warrant grade was reduced by attrition to the authorized strength of 600, vacancies were filled from the old eligible list established in 1921. Men still in the service on that list who had had creditable records since becoming eligible were advanced to warrant grade. Forty-one men were appointed in all. Under the new regulations non-commissioned officers, who have had at least ten years' service and who have served at least two years in the grade of staff sergeant or higher sometime during their service are eligible to take the examination for appointment. The exam will be in two parts, one a technical one governing the duties of a man's specialty or branch, and the other a general education examination. The examination is not competitive, successful candidates going on eligible list according to total length of service.

Army Chaplains' Notes—Chaplain Caulkins, Camp SNP 2, Big Meadows, Va., has invited the Third Corps Area Chapter, Chaplain's Association, to hold its regular meeting at that place on October 10. All chaplains are welcome and the local membership has been circularized. It is necessary that those planning to attend, notify Chaplain C. W. Caulkins as early as possible. His address is Camp

S. N. P. 4, Front Royal, Va. The ladies are included in the invitation.

After an extensive tour which took him to the middle and far west, visiting Army posts and CCC camps enroute Chief of Chaplains Alva J. Brasted returned to his desk at Washington, September 2. His tour proved most profitable from the standpoint of valuable contacts with chaplain, military and CCC personnel. During his trip he addressed thousands of soldiers and enrollees, the burden of his message being the building of Christian Character.

In Europe there is an active organization known as the "Officers' Christian Union" which includes in its membership all who hold or at any time have held a Commission in the armed forces of the country, who profess Christianity and are willing to pray for the spiritual welfare of the military personnel. The organization is very simple. Local branches are formed. No obligatory subscription is stated. The Union is financed by voluntary contributions. The stated aim of the Officers' Christian Union is to help officers and through them the men of the service to get the best out of Christianity and therefore out of life. The Chief of Chaplains invites comment on the feasibility of organizing a branch of the O. C. U. in the United States thus joining hands with this splendid organization across the seas.

Student Officers Housing at Benning—For the first time in the history of Fort Benning, since its establishment at Columbus in 1918, that long-suffering individual, the student officer, is housed comfortably and conveniently on the military reservation, with no need to travel, twice daily, the stretch between the Infantry School and his domicile in the city.

The 1933 allotment of \$6,352,000 of PWA funds, which made possible the erection of proper and sufficient quarters to house the commissioned personnel of the garrison, both permanent and temporary, did a great thing towards promoting the efficiency and ease of operation of the Infantry School. No longer need the student officer rise early in the morning to make the ten-mile trip which before the end of the year had totalled the staggering mileage of 4,220 miles, simply for the purpose of arriving in time for the first lecture in the morning and a warm dinner at night. No longer is the frenzied quest for adequate housing a necessary part of assignment to the Infantry School as a student, a quest that wore and tore at the nerves of both Lieutenant and Mrs. Student alike, and made life miserable until things had readjusted themselves into the new pattern.

The new buildings on the post designed especially for the housing of student officers, are the latest word in modern construction, with all possible facilities to promote a happy home life for the student officer while pursuing his military education at this institution. And there are enough to go around to all, from ranking major to the second lieutenant.

The Air Force in the Maneuvers—In the current Command Post Exercises at Ft. Lewis, Wash., where the Fourth Army is in theory engaged in the repulse of a large scale invasion of the Pacific Northwest, the commander, Maj. Gen. Paul R. Malone, has at his disposal a newly forged and potent instrument of war—the Third Air Division led by Brig. Gen. H. H. Arnold, March Field, Calif. It comprises 393 planes and consists of the following tactical formations: 349th Bombardment Group from Hamilton Field, Calif., 310th Pursuit Group from Richards Field, Mo., and March Field, 329th Observation Group from March Field and 321st Attack Group from San Angelo, Tex. and Richards Field, Mo.

In view of the power of this modern force and of its quick availability as contrasted with the relatively slow concentration of the Fourth Army's ground forces, General Malone has called on the Third Air Division for prompt action and in his first field order has directed to to: "assume vigorous offensive operations . . . It will secure air supremacy, deny hostile observation and prevent landings of enemy troops and supplies. Maximum advantage will be taken of opportunities to support the action of the covering forces by attacking enemy ground troops."

The successful employment of the Third Air Division is attended with many fascinating problems. For instance, to find or create ground facilities for the handling and servicing of so many planes requires the most careful study and check of landing fields and airdromes. Again, the effective mass of an Air Force depends in a large measure on its activity as a unit; hence it should be concentrated and held together. But on the other hand, its ships can take the air more quickly if they are stationed at different points; it is easy to see that ten planes can be aloft more quickly from ten flying fields than if they have to wait their turn at one airport. Furthermore, by scattering the various squadrons they are made less vulnerable to hostile air attack; we are putting our eggs in several baskets. The search of the necessary balance between concentration and dispersion, coupled with the ebb and flow of the fighting front, is one of the things that is wrinkling the brows of General Arnold's staff, which comprises the following officers: Lt. Col. Willis H. Hale, AC, Langley Field, Va., Lt. Col. Jacob B. Rudolph, AC, Maxwell Field, Ala., and Maj. William E. Lynd, AC, Washington, D. C.

During the initial phases of warfare, when the opposing ground armies may not yet have come in contact, the Commanding General will outline a certain plan of strategic employment for the Air Force, and will direct the Commanding General of the Air Force to operate in conformity therewith except when the Commanding General of the Fourth Army finds it desirable or necessary to direct the performance of a specific strategic mission. From this it will be seen that the organization of the Air Force is such as to lend it to operations of an independent nature. The Commanding General, Third Air Division, will conduct his own reconnaissance and plan in detail his operations in accordance with the general directive given by the Commanding General of the Fourth Army, but he will always stand ready to carry out any special strategical missions required of him.

When the opposing armies actually gain contact, the Air Force will be employed to a considerable extent by the Commanding General of the Army in reinforcing the action of ground troops. In order to assist them to obtain some tactical advantage. It is probable that Attack Aviation will be the Air Force agency most directly utilized for this purpose, although Bombardment Aviation may be used at times to bomb enemy communications and thus delay the movement of enemy reserves or reinforcements, and thus indirectly assist the operations of our own ground forces. As can be seen, during this phase, the Commanding General of the Army will more directly control the operations of the Air Force and assign specific missions to the Air Force Commander.

During the third phase of combat, when the whole striking power of the ground forces is being launched in an endeavor to defeat the enemy decisively, the Air Force will be held available for instant use by General Malone who will naturally want to apply its great offensive power to assist the main offensive of the ground forces.

Throughout the second and third phases, plans and policies of the Commanding General of the Army will undoubtedly contemplate more or less continual operation of part of the Air Force against hostile air units, according to the situation existing and the opportunities presented. However, it can be readily seen that, if the utilization of our Air Force in the initial phase of campaign, when it may be employed independently against hostile airdromes or installations before they have been occupied in force, is not successful, there will be but limited opportunity, probably, to utilize it for that purpose later on.

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Select Best CCC in New England

A board of Army officers has been appointed by Maj. Gen. Fox Conner, Commanding General, 1st Corps Area, to select the outstanding unit among the 106 companies of the Civilian Conservation Corps in New England.

The board of officers consists of Col. Rush B. Lincoln, AC; Maj. Ferdinand F. Gallagher, CAC, and Capt. George W. Morris, SC.

Selection of the outstanding company will be made from the following which have been recommended by CCC district commanders as the best within their districts.

1st District—1124th Company, Bridgton, Me.

2nd District—191st Company, Camel's Hump, Waterbury, Vt.

3rd District—128th Company, Savoy Park, North Adams, Mass.

4th District—102nd Company, Myles Standish State Forest, Plymouth, Mass.

5th District—176th Company, Paugnut State Forest, Torrington, Conn.

6th District—1109th Company (Veterans) Waterbury, Vt.

Announcement of the selection of the outstanding CCC company in New England will be made at an early date, it was said.

Pennants will be awarded to the out-

standing company in each district and the First Corps Area Pennant will be awarded to the outstanding company in the New England States. Each member of the winning company will be awarded a suitably inscribed metal badge to indicate that he is a member of the best company of the CCC in New England.

Fork Union Opens

Fork Union, Va.—Fork Union has just opened its thirty-eighth session with three hundred cadets enrolled. These boys represent all parts of the United States coming from as far away as Texas and Rhode Island. There are also boys enrolled from South America, Puerto Rico and other distant countries. A new dormitory accommodating one hundred cadets is taking care of the increased enrollment. A large, thoroughly trained experienced faculty are on hand to give the students individual personal attention.

Fork Union is located fifty-one miles west of Richmond and one hundred and twenty miles south of Washington, being connected with these points by excellent highways.

Coach Thomas reports splendid material for a football team and the school is looking forward to a successful season.

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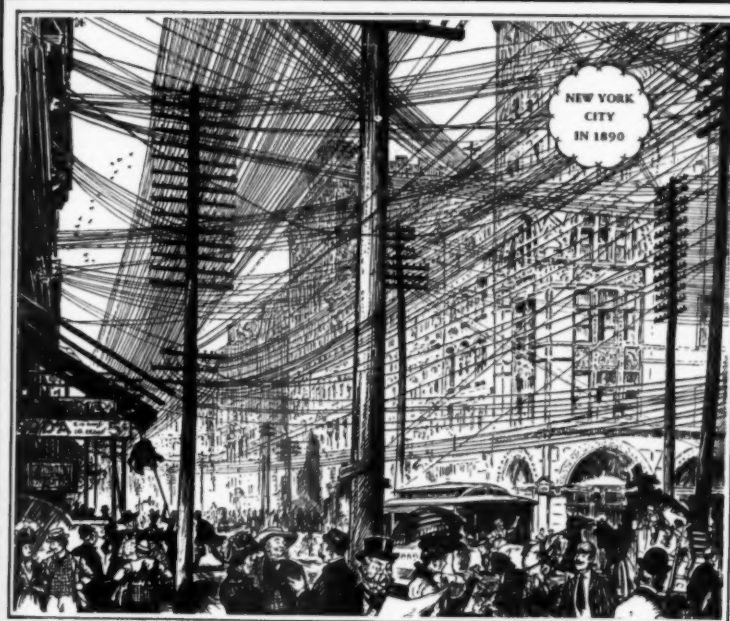
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BACK in the early days of the telephone, practically all wires were carried overhead on poles or on house-tops. Some of the tallest poles carried thirty cross-arms and three hundred wires.

If the old system were in use today the streets of our larger cities would scarcely have room enough for their canopy of wires. Traffic would be impeded, telephone service subjected to the whims of nature.

Better ways had to be found and the Bell System found those ways. As many as 1800 pairs of wires are now carried in a cable no larger than a baseball bat. Ninety-four per cent of the Bell System's 80,000,000 miles of wire is in cable; sixty-five per cent of it is

beneath the ground. This has meant a series of conquests of space, and insured greater clarity and dependability for every telephone user. But it is only one of many kinds of improvements that have been made.

The present generation does not remember the old days of the telephone. Service is now so efficient that you accept it as a matter of course. It seems as if it must have always been so. Yet it would be far different today if it were not for the formation and development of the Bell System. Its plan of centralized research, manufacture and administration—with localized operation—has given America the best telephone service in the world.



BELL TELEPHONE SYSTEM

Fourth Army Maneuvers

(Continued from First Page)

Corps concentrated on a line roughly north and south between Olympia and the Columbia River. To cover his concentration and break up the enemy landings in their initial steps, he dispatched the 3rd Division of the Ninth Corps, Brig. Gen. Clement A. Trott, of Ft. Douglas, Utah, commanding, from Ft. Lewis to the Bellingham area and the 95th Division (of the XIX Corps and commanded by Col. Alvord V. P. Anderson of Portland, Oregon) and the 7th Cavalry Brigade (Mechanized) from Northwest Oregon to face the threats from Grays Harbor and Willapa Bay. The Air Force is directed to obtain air supremacy and cover our concentration. These units are the first to see action.

"Maroon" has available forces roughly equal to ours in infantry strength. They have a mechanized brigade that counterbalances ours, but are inferior in aviation. "Maroon" cannot transport or land all its forces immediately and in consequence the first phase of the exercises consist in building up the rival concentrations while fierce fighting rages between the covering forces on the respective fronts.

In this exercise the "Maroon" forces were put into action by the Corps of Umpires, who also decide the results of operations in detail. "Blue" (American) Command Posts are established for each Division and Corps and for the Headquarters of the Fourth Army; and the Army theoretically moves and fights in accordance with the facilities and men at

its disposal and with reference to the "enemy" resistance.

Situation on September 20

On the morning of September 20, Gen. Malone considered the concentration of his army so far advanced as to issue orders for a general attack on the enemy, to commence at 5:00 A. M., September 24.

The end of the first phase of the Exercise finds the issue still in the balance. "Maroon", the enemy, made his landings good at Bellingham Bay in the North and at Gray's Harbor and Willapa Bay on the West. In the Northern Area at least two and perhaps three "Maroon" corps, with auxiliary troops, are ashore. To the West "Maroon" strength is estimated at from three to four plus auxiliary troops. In spite of strenuous resistance from our (Blue) covering troops and constant air attacks from the Third Air Division, "Maroon" has pushed forty-five miles down the Puget Sound Coast from Bellingham and has penetrated inland up the valleys of the Chehalis and Willapa Rivers more than thirty miles from the Pacific on the West. The two Infantry Division initially assigned to duty with our covering forces have been roughly handled and are being withdrawn to Army reserve. To slow up the "Maroon" advance it has been necessary to replace the 96th Division with the Seventh Division (Col. S. J. Sutherland, Ft. Crook, Neb., commanding) and the 41st Division (Maj. Gen. George A. White, Salem, Ore., commanding), and on the Northern front to replace the 3rd Division with the 88th Division (Col. J. Alfred Moss, Minneapolis, Minn., commanding). These divisions and the Seventh Mechanized Cavalry Brigade (Col. Oscar Foley, Tacoma, Wash., commanding) are still battleworthy, despite losses. However, "Maroon" has so far been denied two of his primary objectives. The "Blue" Fourth Army is concentrating according to plans and "Maroon" has been prevented from capturing the vital

Tacoma-Seattle area, thus linking up his forces, pinching off the Olympic Peninsula and securing the harbor facilities of the Puget Sound area.

Offensive Nears

For the approaching offensive, General Malone has ordered a decisive attack all along the line. In the northern Area the Seventeenth Corps, commanded by Brig. Gen. David L. Stone, Ft. Snelling, Minn., will deal with the enemy based on Bellingham. The other three corps of the Army swing into action on the Western Front. The main blow in their attack will be delivered on the right (North) flank by the Seventh Corps, Maj. Gen. Frank E. Bolles, Omaha, Nebr., which will advance down the North bank of the Chehalis River. It will be assisted and supported along the South bank by the Nineteenth Corps (Brig. Gen. James K. Parsons, Vancouver Barracks, Wash.). This corps, however, is reduced to one division. The Ninety-sixth is in reserve after its participation in the covering operations, and General Parsons is directed to place one of the remaining two (91st, Col. Frank Bowen, San Francisco, or 104th, Lt. Col. William D. Geary, Salt Lake City) in Army reserve. On the left of the line the Ninth Corps, Brig. Gen. Casper H. Conrad, Ft. Lewis, Wash., will advance down the Willapa River Valley, at the same time covering the left flank of the Fourth Army and the vital rail link between Chehalis and Longview.

Units in Fourth Army Exercises

In the elements of the Fourth Army, 510,000 strong, which under the leadership of Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone is theoretically repelling an invasion of the Pacific Northwest, are to be found military organizations with every degree of battle experience. Among its components are units whose colors are heavy with battle honors and others which have never gone into combat.

The Fourth Army, now concentrating in Washington state is made up of the Seventh, Ninth, Seventeenth and Nineteenth Corps of three divisions each. In addition, General Malone has under his direct command the Third Air Division, G.H.Q. Air Force, the 66th Cavalry Division and the 7th Cavalry Brigade (mechanized). These latter units are commanded by Brig. Gen. H. H. Arnold, AC, regularly stationed at March Field, Calif., Col. Harry LaT. Cavanaugh, Cav., Berkeley, Calif., and Col. Oscar Foley, Cav., Tacoma, Wash., respectively. All these organizations are of post-war formation.

The Seventh Corps, commanded by Maj. Gen. Frank C. Bolles, with headquarters normally at Omaha, Nebr., comprises the 7th (Regular), 34th (Iowa, Minnesota, North and South Dakota) National Guard Division and 35th (Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska and Arkansas) National Guard Division. Their respective commanders are Col. S. J. Sutherland, Inf., Ft. Crook, Nebr.; Maj. Gen. M. A. Tinley, Iowa National Guard, and Brig. Gen. Amos Thomas, Nebraska National Guard. All three of these units saw service in France during the World War, the Thirty-fifth Division being inseparably associated with the capture of Cheppy during the Meuse-Argonne offensive.

Like the Seventh Corps, the Ninth Corps comprises one regular and two national guard divisions. The Third Division (Regular Army) is commanded by Brig. Gen. Clement A. Trott, USA, whose home station is Ft. Douglas, Utah. The Third compiled a shining battle record in the World War. It came into action in the famous Chateau-Thierry sector, earned the title of the "Rock of the Marne" a few days later in the Champagne-Marne operation, fought brilliantly in the Aisne-Marne battle, at St. Mihiel and in the Meuse-Argonne offensive.

The 40th Division (California, Nevada and Utah) is commanded by Maj. Gen. David P. Barrows of Berkeley, Calif. It, too, went overseas and thousands of its members saw service in famous units, but the division itself functioned

as a replacement center. The Forty-first Division (Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Montana and Wyoming), led by Maj. Gen. George A. White, Oregon National Guard, also has an overseas service record, many of its units having seen action in France.

All three divisions of the 17th Corps, commanded by Brig. Gen. David L. Stone, Ft. Snelling, Minn., are drawn from the Organized Reserves. The 88th Division, Col. J. Alfred Moss, FA, Minneapolis, Minn., commanding, comes from Minnesota and the Dakotas. It was an element of our Army during the World War and saw combat service in France. Its sister division, the 89th likewise has a world war record, taking part in the St. Mihiel battle and defending the Lorraine front. It is drawn from Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska and is commanded by Col. Ralph W. Kingman, Inf., of Omaha, Nebr. The 102nd Division is a post-war formation, organized in Missouri and Arkansas. Its chief is Col. Carl H. Muller, Cav., of St. Louis, Mo.

In the 19th Corps, commanded by Brig. Gen. James K. Parsons of Vancouver Barracks, Wash., are also three divisions drawn from the Organized Reserves. The 91st Division, known as the "Powder River Boys" comes from California and in 1918 fought all along the western front from Lorraine to Belgium. It is especially proud of its record in the Meuse-Argonne and around Ypres. It is commanded by Col. Frank S. Bowen, FA, whose regular station is at San Francisco. Neither the 96th nor 104th Division has had prior war service. The 96th, commanded by Col. Alvord V. P. Anderson, Cav., of Portland, is drawn from Washington and Oregon. The 104th is divided between Utah, Montana and Wyoming and is led by Lt. Col. William D. Geary, FA, stationed at Salt Lake City.

Under the conditions of the Command Post Exercises all units are considered to be on a war footing and to have reached equally high standards of military efficiency.

Visit Ninth Corps Area

Army installation in the Ninth Corps Area have been subject to inspection by a delegation from the War Department subcommittee of the House Appropriations Committee both en route to Hawaii and on the return trip. The congressional group included Representatives Parks (Ark.), McMillan (S. C.), Blanton (Tex.), Snyder (Pa.), Dockweiler (Cal.) and Mr. John C. Pugh, Secretary to the subcommittee.

The party assembled in San Francisco on August 17 and in company with Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, Corps Area Commander, devoted five days to inspections of military posts and installations in the San Francisco Bay Area and sailed on the 22nd for Honolulu on the USAT Republic. Returning to San Francisco on September 10th, they proceeded southward, viewing the Presidio of Monterey and installations in the vicinity of Los Angeles and San Diego.

While in San Francisco the delegation was entertained by the City and by the Chamber of Commerce; General Malone tendered a dinner and reception to the Committee members, civic dignitaries and local representatives of the military service. An extensive program of entertainment was also provided for the delegation in Southern California.

Military Surgeons to Meet

The War Department is notifying the service as follows:

"The Association of Military Surgeons will hold its annual meeting at New York, N. Y., October 3rd to 5th, 1935. It is believed that medical officers should attend and participate in meetings of this nature whenever possible, since it will not only be of benefit to them but will bring the Medical Corps as a whole into a closer relationship with the other members of the Association.

"You are therefore authorized to permit Medical officers under your jurisdiction to attend the meeting in question on detached service, in the event their services can be spared, and without expense to the Government."

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Air Corps Skeet Enthusiasts

Skeet shooting virtuosos of March Field, Calif., completely vanquished the shotgun quintets of Hamilton and Rockwell Fields, Sept. 5, in a wing championship match held during the recent concentration of the First Wing at March Field. The March Field skeeters scored 116 points out of a possible 125. Hamilton Field trailed with a tally of 87 while Rockwell Field made a close third by popping 82 discs.

Outstanding score of the day was a possible or 25 hits out of 25 discs by the team captain, 2nd Lt. Junius W. Dennison, Air-Res. By making the highest March Field team score for the day he won the brassard offered by the National Skeet Shooters Association for the club champion. Runners up for the brassard were Lt. Frederic C. Gray, Jr., and Lt. Calvin E. Peeler with 24. Another high scoring reservist was Lt. John Hilger with 22 hits. The only regular army officer on the squad, Maj. Harold Albaugh of the Medical Corps, smashed 21 of the elusive discs.

Members of the second place Hamilton Field squad were Capt. Donald J. Keirn, Walter R. Agee and Donald Lyon and 2nd Lt. Alexander Burton and Edward Virgin of the Air Corps Reserve. Hamilton's chief shooter was Captain Keirn.

The Rockwell Field five was Lt. Col. H. C. Davidson, Capt. Robert Williams and Westside Larson, 1st Lt. J. T. Murtha and 2nd Lt. Dolf Muhleisen, former March Field tennis star.

Though skeet was entirely unknown at March Field a year ago it is now one of the major sports activities of the garrison's officers. In twelve months March Field skeet shooters have so improved their shooting that they have been able to win trophies all over Southern California in competition against expert civilian trap shooters.

This rapid advance may be partly accounted for by the fact that the Army furnishes 50,000 rounds of ammunition a year to the Air Corps officers on duty at March Field. The Army believes that skeet shooting helps to develop excellent machine gunners inasmuch as the targets are moving in both cases.

Second Lieutenant Dennison, team captain at March Field, is enthusiastic about the opportunities that skeet offers to pilots wishing to perfect themselves as aircraft machine gunners. Because targets are fired at from eight different positions, skeet shooting bears some resemblance to aerial gunnery, the lieutenant stated.

Among Regular Army officers skeet has a great number of enthusiasts, Maj. Ira C. Baker, who recently left March for Maxwell Field was an enthusiastic skeeter. Maj. Virgil Hine, who commands the 95th Attack Squadron is one of the best shots on March Field.

Lieutenant Gray has attained the highest average since the inauguration of the sport at March Field, 96%. Other officers with good records are Lieutenant Dennison with 94%, 2nd Lt. Galvin S. Peeler and John Hilger with 88% and Lt. Roscoe Dunahoo with 82%. All of these officers have won valuable prizes in recent months by competing against crack civilian skeet shooters of Southern California.

One of March Field star skeet marksmen, Lieutenant Dennison, with one perfect score of 50 straight and nine of 25 straight has won a silver tray, silver bowl, ash tray and cigarette box. The box was for second place in the Southern California Skeet Association shoot. Other leading prize winners are Lt. B. A. Dunahoo, Lieutenant Peeler with five 25 straights and one 50 straight, Lieutenant Gray with four 25 straights and one 50 straight and Lt. J. A. Hilger, winner of two trophies.

7th Corps Area

Omaha, Nebr.—Maj. John H. Rodman, Inf. (89th Division), has been detailed, in addition to his other duties, as CMTC Officer, Seventh Corps Area, vice Col. Osmun Latrobe, Cav., relieved. Capt. Clarence R. Farmer, Inf., has been announced as Aide-de-Camp to Maj. Gen. Frank C. Polles, USA.

CCC To Be Permanent

Speaking at a forestry exhibition at Lake Placid, N. Y., this week, President Roosevelt declared that the Civilian Conservation Corps would be a permanent Governmental agency.

"I am glad to see the CCC boys here," the President said. "Just a few years ago a person entering a political campaign (an allusion to himself running for the Presidency) suggested this activity."

"I remember the comment that greeted that suggestion. Some of you here remember the ribald laughter about planting trees—this crazy dream, this political gesture."

"Well, there are 510,000 young men in CCC camps, in every State in the Union. They are preserving forests for future generations to come. The idle dream has become a fact. These camps, in my judgment, are going to be a permanent part of the policy of the United States Government."

"If things go along as they are now, with a general pick-up in business, the people can well afford to have 300,000 young men go through these camps every year."

"We have a long ways to go. There is enough work in sight in this State to continue the work of the CCC for a generation to come."

A change in the eligibility rules for entrance in the CCC were announced this week by Director Fechner. The minimum age limit was dropped from 18 to 17 years and ranks were opened to re-enrollment of youths who have served at least four months in the camps and whose families are still on relief. Mr. Fechner estimated that 100,000 would be recruited during October, which would replace those discharged on October 1 and build up the strength beyond the present 519,000.

Secretary Dern's Itinerary

It was announced at the War Department that Secretary of War, Dern, who will visit the Philippine Islands as the representative of the President at the inauguration on November 15, 1935, of the Philippine Commonwealth Government, will leave San Francisco for Manila on September 25, on the USS Chester. The Secretary of War will be accompanied by Mrs. Dern; their son, Mr. James Dern; Brig. Gen. Creed F. Cox, Chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department; Col. Campbell B. Hodges, Inf.; and Maj. Harry A. Bishop, MC.

The Secretary of War is to arrive at Honolulu on September 30, and will inspect the defenses of the Hawaiian Islands. The Chester will then proceed to Yokohama, where it is due to arrive on October 14. The Secretary of War and his party plan to visit Tokyo and possibly other points of interest in Japan.

The Chester is scheduled to leave Yokohama October 18 for Shanghai, at which place it is due to arrive October 21 and to remain until October 25. It is planned that the Chester make a stay at Hong Kong from October 28 to October 31, during which dates the Secretary of War may make a visit to Canton.

The Secretary of War and party expect to arrive at Manila on November 2.

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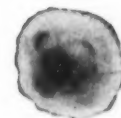
you can miss it...



break it...

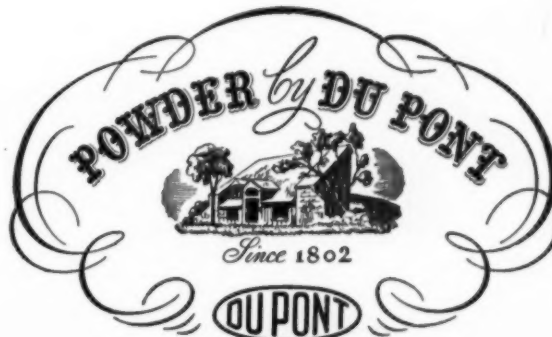


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Personals

Miss Cabell Izac, daughter of Lt. and Mrs. Ed. V. Izac, USN-Ret., who has been visiting her uncle and aunt, Maj. and Mrs. D. C. Cabell, OD, USA, of Washington, D. C., will motor back to San Diego with Mrs. Cabell and Col. George H. Morgan, USA-Ret. They will visit relatives along the way home and visit several of the National Parks. Miss Izac and her cousin, Miss Virginia Cabell, were guests of Maj. and Mrs. J. W. Anderson, FA, USA, of West Point, N. Y., and attended the early June Balls and several of the activities at Annapolis as the guest of Comdr. and Mrs. P. V. H. Weems, USN-Ret., and their daughter "Missy". Miss Izac is a sophomore at the San Diego State College.

Miss Virginia Cabell, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. D. C. Cabell, OD, USA, has entertained her cousin Miss Cabell Izac of San Diego during the summer months. They spent several months during the summer as guests of Maj. and Mrs. J. W. Anderson, FA, USA, at West Point and were Col. George H. Morgan's USA-Ret., guests at Ft. Monmouth, for seashore activities. Miss Cabell is leaving for Averett College in Danville, Va., where she will attend school this winter.

Maj. and Mrs. F. B. Valentine of Washington, D. C., were hosts at a bon voyage dinner given in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Bonner F. Fellers, Sept. 16, in the Astor Hotel, New York City. Capt. Fellers has been assigned to duty in the Philippines and will be accompanied to that post by Mrs. Fellers.

Among those who attended were General and Mrs. Arthur S. Conklin, Boston, Mass., Col. and Mrs. Denis McCuniff, West Point, N. Y., Col. Joseph Mehafeey, New York City, Maj. Aaron Beadshaw, Fort Totten, N. Y., Maj. E. V. Olsen, New York City, Capt. and Mrs. Phil Gallagher, Washington, D. C., Mr. and

SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

Mrs. George U. Harvey, Flushing, N. Y., Dr. and Mrs. Earl Bush, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Butler, Mrs. Birney Dysart, Mr. C. M. Bush and Mrs. Jessie Borden all of Hartford, Conn., Earl Bryant, Bridgeport, Conn., Mrs. Jane Clement, Washington, D. C., Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Morton, Mrs. M. B. Valentine and Miss Evelyn Kern all of New York City, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Moore and Mr. and Mrs. Leo Novak of West Point, N. Y., and Dr. and Mrs. C. H. Schiffendecker of Mamaroneck, N. Y.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Leslie MacDill, AC, USA, are in Washington for a few days.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Gladeon M. Barnes, OD, USA, and their daughter, Miss Barbara Barnes, have returned to Washington and are at their home at 69 Observatory circle. Miss Barnes graduated in June from Wellesley College.

A dance and reception for the newly assigned officers and their families was held Sept. 13 at the Officers' Club, Ft. Monmouth, N. J. It was the opening dance of the Fall season. In the receiving line were Col. A. S. Cowan, SC, USA, commanding officer and Mrs. Cowan, Col. J. H. Vanhorn, SC, USA, and Mrs. Vanhorn, Maj. Hamner Huston, SC, USA, and Mrs. Huston. Members of the Signal Corps Band played for the dancing.

Among the guests were Brig. Gen. Allison, chief Signal officer of the United States Army, Washington, and Maj. Gen. Azzaeco, Military Attaché of Mexico at Washington.

The semi-annual smoker of the Mitchell Field (L. I.) Officers' Club of which Col. W. H. Frank is honorary president, was held at Hotel Astor, Friday evening, Sept. 13. Lt. J. W. Baylor was in charge of arrangements.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Alfred W. Johnson, USN, have as their guest for the coming two months their daughter, Mrs. Charles Burke Elbrick, who arrived recently from Port au Prince, Haiti, where Mr. Elbrick is third secretary of the United States Legation.

Col. John B. Huggins, MC, USA, is spending a few days at the Martinique.

Col. Adna G. Clarke, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Clarke, who have spent several months in the States, are at the Martinique for a short stay before going to San Francisco where they sail for their home in Honolulu.

Lt. and Mrs. Charles D. Murphey, USN, have arrived at the Martinique from Charleston, S. C., for a short visit.

Col. Frank Burch Edwards, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Edwards, of Far Hill, N. J., are guests at the Martinique.

Col. and Mrs. Robert S. Offley, USA-Ret., recently returned by auto from Berkeley, Calif., are now residing at 14 Wyndcrest Avenue, Catonsville, Md.

Mrs. Herbert H. Sharpe, widow of Lt. Col. Herbert H. Sharpe has taken an apartment at 172 Parker Ave., San Francisco, Calif.

The Assistant Chief of Ordnance, Brig. Gen. Herman Walter Schull, USA, and Mrs. Schull have as house guests their son and daughter-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. H. W. Schull, Jr., CE, USA, and their infant son, Herman Walter Schull, 3d.

Lt. and Mrs. Schull have just come from Hawaii. Lieut. Schull was stationed at Schofield Barracks. They will go to their new post, Fort Belvoir, Va., next week.

Before her marriage at Schofield Barracks two years ago, Mrs. Schull was Miss Helen Gunner. She is the daughter of Col. and Mrs. Edwin Gunner, Inf., USA.

(Please turn to Page 58)



MRS. CHARLES DONALD GRIFFIN who was before her marriage to Lt. (JG) Griffin, USN, Sept. 14, 1935, at the Naval Academy Chapel, Miss Camilla Yvonne Moore, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Samuel Nobre Moore, USN.

Weddings and Engagements

Mr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Pfaltz of Flushing, Queens, N. Y., have announced the marriage of their only daughter, Miss Helen Pfaltz, to Lt. Henry Allison Ingram, (CC), USN, which took place Aug. 16, in Peking, China, in the presence of many of the American residents in that city.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Ingram will pass a year in the Dutch East Indies and the Philippines, returning to this country in October, 1936.

Mrs. Ingram was graduated from St. Agatha's School and later studied sculpture in Rome, Italy.

Miss Elizabeth Mead Barber, daughter of Lt. Col. Tom D. Barber, USMC, commanding the Portsmouth Naval Prison, and Mrs. Barber, and Maj. William Pettit Richards, USMC, were married Sept. 14, at the Portsmouth Navy Yard. The Episcopal ceremony was performed out of doors by the Rev. Maxwell Ganter, rector of St. John's Church here. The bride was given in marriage by her father. There were no attendants.

The bride is a graduate of the National Cathedral School in Washington, and for the last two years has been employed in the society department of "The Washington Post." Major Richards is a graduate of the Naval Academy, class of '17, and is on duty with the ROTC unit at Yale University.

After a trip Major and Mrs. Richards will reside in New Haven, Conn.

Word has been received of the marriage of Lt. Edmund Waller Wilkes, Inf., USA, to Miss Mabel Bailey Gurney, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence E. Gurney of Leominster, Mass. The wedding took place Saturday, September 7, in West Point, N. Y. Lieutenant Wilkes is the son of Col. and Mrs. Gilbert Wilkes, CE, USA, who were for several years residents of Somerset, Md., and who now live in Louisville, Ky., where Colonel Wilkes is stationed. Lieutenant Wilkes and his bride spent a few hours in Somerset, Wednesday, Sept. 11, enroute to their home in Ft. Slocum, Ga., where Lieutenant Wilkes has been stationed since his graduation from West Point a year ago.

Miss Dorice Mary Kengla, daughter of Mr. A. J. Kengla and the late Mrs. Kengla, became the bride of Lt. James Marvin Masters, Jr., USMC, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Marvin Masters, Sept. 14, in Sacred Heart Rectory, Washington, D. C., the Rev. Father John Dunn officiating.

A reception and breakfast followed

at the Kengla residence. The couple will reside at Quantico, Va.

Announcement is made of the marriage of Miss Frances A. Arnold of San Diego, daughter of Capt. Frank W. Arnold, USA-Ret., of Los Angeles, to Mr. Warren Hendrickson. The wedding was an event of Saturday evening, Sept. 7, at San Diego.

Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Frank C. Bolles, announce the marriage of their daughter Henrietta to Lt. James B. Buck, son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Beaumont B. Buck, Ret., of San Antonio, Texas.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Buck will be at the Presidio of San Francisco until January when they will sail for the Philippine Islands where Lieutenant Buck has been assigned for duty.

A wedding of much interest to members of the Fort Knox garrison was that of Capt. William A. Nunn, Jr., Inf.-Res., and Miss Flora Albert Nelson which was solemnized on Saturday afternoon, September 7, at the quarters of Col. and Mrs. J. P. Barney, FA, USA. Ch. Boldrick officiated.

Following the ceremony the groom's cake, an Hawaiian fruit cake brought from the islands by Mrs. Barney, was cut. A truck ride through the post, with a hill billy band escort ended the ceremonies.

Capt. and Mrs. Nunn, Jr., went to Mammoth Cave on their honeymoon.

Miss Catherine Tompkins Booth, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lucian Dent Booth, OD, USA and Mr. Horace Ely Britton, son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Henry Berry Britton of New York, were married Sept. 14 in the chapel of St. Cornelius the Centurion at Governors Island, N. Y. Chaplain J. K. Bodel performed the ceremony.

A reception followed the ceremony at the Officers' Club on the island. Later (Please turn to Page 58)

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Posts and Stations

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Sept. 19, 1935

Mrs. Huguet, wife of Col. Adolphe H. Huguet, Inf., USA, is spending a week at the Martinique before going to Colonel Huguet's new station, Fort Bragg, N. C. Maj. and Mrs. H. L. Robb, CE, USA, have arrived in Washington for station and are now making their home at 5220 Forty-second Street. They have with them their daughters, Miss Janice Robb and Miss Eleanor Robb, who will continue their studies this year. Maj. Robb was formerly on duty in Panama.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John W. Morse, USN-Ret., will leave Washington September 30 to spend the Winter in Manila with their daughter, Mrs. Raymond Hunter. They will sail from Vancouver October 5 on the Empress of Japan.

Col. and Mrs. Julius Conrad, USA-Ret., and their daughter, Miss Jean Conrad, are again at their home, 1616 Twenty-first Street, after spending the summer at the Wisconsin lakes.

Maj. and Mrs. George Outland, OD, USA, of Baritan Arsenal, N. J., left recently after spending several days as the guests of Maj. and Mrs. H. E. Minton, OD, USA.

Mrs. Arthur Warfield Leeke has been entertaining her daughter, Mrs. William Winchester Paca, and her son, David Warfield Paca, for two weeks in her apartment at Cathedral Mansions, Capt. Paca, USMC, joined them there last week, and on September 19 they sailed for Hawaii, where Capt. Paca has been assigned duty.

Mrs. Leeke accompanied her son and daughter to the Naval Operating Base at Norfolk, Va., from which port they sailed on the USS Henderson.

WEST POINT, N. Y.

September 19, 1935

Maj. Paul V. Kane, FA, USA, and Mrs. Kane gave a dinner on Sunday, Sept. 8 in honor of Maj. Samuel C. Harrison, Inf., USA, and Mrs. Harrison, of Birmingham, Ala., whose son, Cadet Frang Harrison, is a member of the second class at the Military Academy. The Harrisons have been the house-guests last week of Lt. Walter K. Wilson, Jr., CE, USA, and Mrs. Wilson, Jr.

Miss Narcissa Reeder, daughter of Col. Russell P. Reeder, CA, USA, and Mrs. Reeder, of Ft. Monroe, Va., arrived on the post Sept. 13, to be the guest of her brother-in-law and sister, Capt. Charles P. Summerall, Jr., FA, USA, and Mrs. Summerall.

Mrs. Orval R. Cook returned to the post on Wednesday, Sept. 11 from Altoona, Pa., where she was the guest for two weeks of her brother-in-law and sister, Capt. Hans E. Kloefer, Cav., USA, and Mrs. Kloefer.

Guests of Capt. James G. Christiansen, CE, USA, and Mrs. Christiansen during the past week were Col. Edward D. Ardyer, CE, USA, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. Basil B. Kimball, of Pontiac, Mich.

The Philipstown Garden Club of Garrison, N. Y., met on Wednesday, Sept. 11 at Constitution Island. The members from West Point, who were hostesses at tea following the meeting, were Mrs. William D. Connor, Mrs. Clifton C. Carter, Mrs. Roger G. Alexander, Mrs. Clayton E. Wheat, Mrs. Chauncey L. Fenton, Mrs. Simon B. Buckner, Mrs. Gerald A. Counts and Mrs. Thurston Hughes.

Mrs. Thomas M. Watlington, Jr., returned to the post early last week after passing the summer months with her parents, Brig. Gen. Edgar T. Conley, USA, and Mrs. Conley, at their home in Silver Spring, Md.

Bishop James E. Freeman and Mrs. Freeman, of Washington, were visitors at the post on Sunday, when Bishop Freeman conducted the morning services at the Cadet Chapel. Among those who attended the service was Mrs. Sarah Delano Roosevelt, of Hyde Park.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.

September 19, 1935

Mrs. Harry Clark, widow of Chaplain Clark, USN, has returned from Atlantic City to Carvel Hall, where she makes her winter home.

Capt. Charles W. Eliason (SC), USN, Mrs. Eliason and their daughter, Miss Margaret Eliason, and Captain Eliason's sister, Miss Elizabeth Eliason, have been in Annapolis for several days as guests of Miss Sue Munford, of Prince George Street.

Comdr. Edward W. Hanson, USN, and Mrs. Hanson, of Washington, and their guest, Mrs. B. V. Kerr, of Downingtown, Pa., were guests Sunday, September 8 of Mrs. Carryl H. Bryan at her home on King George Street.

A small picnic supper was given at Normanroyd, the home of Mrs. James A. Bowdoin, on Chesapeake Bay, in honor of Commander Hanson and Mrs. Hanson and Mrs. Kerr. Commander Hanson, who is now on duty at the Navy Department, and Mrs. Hanson formerly lived here.

Capt. Howard Berry, USN, and Mrs. Berry, after spending several weeks in Annapolis,

have left for their home at Rockland, Me. They were accompanied by their son, Midshipman Howard H. Berry.

Mrs. Ralph Whitman, of Washington, has been the guest of her niece, Mrs. Franklin D. Karns, at her home on Maryland Avenue. Captain Karns, USN, who has been for a short time a patient at the Naval Hospital, has returned to his home.

Capt. and Mrs. Harry W. Hill, USN, and their children moved last week to Washington, D. C., where Captain Hill will go for duty. Mrs. Hill and her son and daughter have been spending the summer at South river.

Capt. and Mrs. H. Kent Hewitt, USN, gave a tea September 13 for the officers and professors of the department of mathematics and their wives. Captain Hewitt is the head of the mathematics department at the Naval Academy.

QUANTICO, VA.

September 19, 1935

Maj. and Mrs. R. A. Robinson, AQM, USMC, were guests of honor at a dinner party given Sept. 14 by Maj. and Mrs. C. H. Brown, USMC, in their quarters before the dance. Other guests were Col. and Mrs. C. F. B. Price, USMC; Lt. Col. and Mrs. William Hawthorne, USMC; Maj. and Mrs. Julian Brown, USMC; Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Paul J. Halloran, (CEC), USN; Capt. and Mrs. J. H. Fellows, USMC; Capt. and Mrs. Frank R. Armistead, USMC and Capt. and Mrs. W. O. Price.

Lt. and Mrs. F. H. Wirsig, USMC, and their two daughters, Betty Ann and Mary Frances, returned to the post Thursday, Sept. 12 from Annapolis, where they were guests of Mrs. Wirsig's parents.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas Holcomb, USMC, were at home to members of the staff and senior class of the Marine Corps School and their wives, Thursday afternoon, Sept. 12.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Maurice E. Shearer, USMC, entertained at dinner in their quarters Sept. 14. The company included Col. and Mrs. J. J. Meade, USMC; Lt. Col. and Mrs. W. C. James, (AA & I), USMC; Mrs. R. L. Denig, Mrs. J. T. Moore, Mrs. Leroy P. Hunt, Maj. and Mrs. Leo D. Hermle, USMC; Capt. and Mrs. W. S. Feders, USMC; and Capt. and Mrs. Augustus Cockrel, USMC and with their hosts went later to the dance.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Henry L. Larsen, USMC, were hosts at dinner at the officers' mess before the dance Sept. 14. Their guests included Maj. Gen. and Mrs. C. H. Lyman, USMC; Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Thomas Holcomb, USMC; Comdr. and Mrs. O. M. Forster, USN; Col. and Mrs. H. L. Parsons, USMC; Comdr. and Mrs. T. C. Anderson, (MC), USN; Col. and Mrs. C. J. Miller, Lt. Col. and Mrs. S. B. Kennedy, USMC; Lt. Col. and Mrs. H. K. Pickett, USMC; Lt. Col. and Mrs. W. H. Rupertus, USMC; Lt. Col. M. H. Kingman, USMC; Lt. Col. and Mrs. L. H. Miller, USN; Lt. Col. and Mrs. E. H. Jenkins, USMC; Lt. Col. and Mrs. L. C. Shepherd, USMC; Maj. and Mrs. S. C. Cumming, USMC; Maj. and Mrs. E. O. Ames, USMC; Maj. and Mrs. F. A. Hart, USMC; Maj. and Mrs. W. T. Clement, USMC; Maj. and Mrs. W. P. T. Hill, (AQM), USMC; Maj. and Mrs. David Nimmer, USMC; Maj. and Mrs. E. F. C. Collier, USMC; Lt. and Mrs. M. N. Little, USN; Lt. and Mrs. J. W. Jamison, USN; Lt. and Mrs. C. O. Comp, USN; Lt. and Mrs. L. R. Lampman, USN; Lt. G. A. Lange, USN; Lt. and Mrs. C. E. Cortner, Lt. and Mrs. R. S. Ford, USN; Capt. and Mrs. George Esau, USMC; Capt. and Mrs. L. H. M. Sanderson, USMC; and Capt. and Mrs. R. H. Ridgeley, USMC.

SAN DIEGO, CALIF.

September 19, 1935

The past week has been observed as "Army Week," with the city, county, chamber of commerce and exposition joining in doing honor to the officers and enlisted men of the army branches. A large joint luncheon, with the Rotary Club as host, featured Thursday at the San Diego Hotel.

Speaking for the army were Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, commander of the Ninth Army Corps Area, and Brig. Gen. Henry H. Arnold, chief of the first wing, G. H. Q. air force. On behalf of the Navy the speaker was Vice Adm. Henry V. Butler.

Guests at the luncheon included Captain Knox-Little of the British Navy, and a group of his officers from H. M. S. Danae, in port on a courtesy visit, incident to the exposition.

A reception in the Court of Honor at the exposition was given Wednesday afternoon in honor of the ranking army officers and their wives. A formal dinner at the Casa del Rey Moro Cafe at the exposition, honoring the army officers and the British visitors, was given Friday evening. There were a number of other affairs, sponsored by other groups, made the week a very busy one.

Army maneuvers in the air and on the ground were carried on by detachments

from March Field, Rockwell Field and Camp George H. Derby. With the officers of Rockwell Field acting as hosts a beach party, attended by more than 150 officers and their wives, was held Friday evening in honor of the aviators from March Field, Hamilton Field and Rockwell, who participated in the Army maneuvers of the past week.

Capt. and Mrs. E. Hayden Price, USMC, entertained with a house-warming party Saturday afternoon.

Following a visit of three weeks with their son, Capt. Roscoe Arnett, USMC, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Arnett have left for their home in Arkansas City, Ark.

Lt. and Mrs. R. R. McCracken, USN, have been having as house guests the former's mother and sister, Mrs. Charles McCracken and Miss Florence McCracken of Albia, Iowa.

NORFOLK, VA.

September 20, 1935

Col. and Mrs. Russell P. Reeder who are stationed at Old Point, and officers of the Post were joint hosts at an informal reception and dance given Saturday evening for the newly arrived officers recently assigned to duty at Fort Monroe. A large contingent of Norfolk society and of the Navy here were present.

Capt. and Mrs. Robert Yowell were hosts on Saturday night at a dinner given at their home on Trouville Avenue in honor of Mrs. John Hass of New York who has been visiting her son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Herbert S. Keimling at the Base. Covers were laid for ten.

Comdr. and Mrs. Henry G. Taylor entertained informally Friday evening at their home in the Navy Yard. Covers were laid for eight.

Mrs. Chester L. Nichols was hostess on Friday at an informal bridge luncheon given at her quarters in the Naval Base. Bridge was played at three tables following luncheon.

Mrs. Willard J. Riddick was hostess on Thursday at luncheon followed by bridge, at her home on West Bute Street. Her guests numbered twelve.

Mrs. Frank J. McKenna, wife of Lieutenant McKenna entertained Wednesday afternoon at her quarters in the Naval Base in celebration of the twelfth birthday anniversary of her son, Roger Bagnall. The guests included Jack Carstarohen, Peter Michael, Jack Maloney, Charles Carter and Plander and Jack Clark.

(Continued on Next Page)



New York still holds its place as the center of the radio broadcasting industry. Such conditions naturally lead to the existence in the Metropolitan area of an enormous number of radio sets and to the house of Davega goes first place for distributing the largest number of them. They lead the field.

Recent years have seen a development of this business, primarily a sporting goods house, until now various classes of general merchandise make up their stocks.

But it is as a sporting goods house that Davega is so well known. They have made possible the enjoyment of recreation and athletics by providing suitable equipment at a minimum of cost.

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Amazingly Mild with a
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Posts and Stations

(Continued from Preceding Page)

CARLISLE BARRACKS, PA.

September 14, 1935

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wesley, of Pittsburgh, Pa., spent the week-end with Lt. and Mrs. A. H. Thompson.

Col. and Mrs. G. L. McKinney entertained guests at dinner in their quarters Tuesday evening, September 10. The guests included Maj. and Mrs. W. J. Mische, Capt. and Mrs. C. F. Sams, Lt. and Mrs. A. H. Thompson, Lt. and Mrs. E. R. Chapman and Lt. and Mrs. E. G. Cooper.

Capt. and Mrs. O. K. Niess entertained with a dinner and theatre party last Tuesday, September 10. Their guests were Maj. and Mrs. T. L. Smith, Maj. and Mrs. C. H. Searcy, Maj. and Mrs. K. E. Buffin and Capt. and Mrs. F. B. Westervelt.

Col. and Mrs. M. C. Stayer entertained guests at dinner in their quarters, Friday evening, September 13, and later attended the Post movies. Their guests were Maj. and Mrs. H. T. Wickert, Maj. and Mrs. W. J. Mische and Capt. and Mrs. L. H. Ginn.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. M. Willis of Washington, D. C., visited friends on the Post Monday, September 9.

Lt. and Mrs. J. A. Bain returned to the Post last week after a trip to New York City.

Lt. and Mrs. E. G. Cooper had as their guests last week several days, Mrs. Cooper's mother and cousin from Washington, D. C.

Lt. and Mrs. A. H. Thompson left the Post Saturday, September 14 for two weeks' leave in Pittsburgh, Pa.

FT. SNELLING, MINN.

September 11, 1935

The Officers' and Ladies' Bridge Club will hold its first meeting of the season on Tuesday evening at the Officers' Country Club. This group will meet on the third Tuesday of each month at 8:00 P. M.

The first meeting of the Fort Snelling Ladies' Card Club will be held at the Officers' Country Club on Tuesday, September 24, at 1:00 P. M. The officers for the coming season are: President, Mrs. John Randolph; Vice-President, Mrs. W. H. Hobson; Secretary, Miss Burdette Sherer; Treasurer, Mrs. Merlin L. DeGuire. Meetings will be held on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month.

Maj. and Mrs. P. B. Fryer entertained several members of the younger set at a theatre party on Friday evening for their two nephews, Phil and Mac Herriott, who left the garrison on Sunday for their home in Pittsburgh, after spending several weeks at Ft. Snelling.

Mr. and Mrs. Herndon Taylor of St. Paul entertained at bridge on Saturday evening for Lt. and Mrs. Merlin L. DeGuire.

Miss Sally Hall of Omaha spent last week as the house guest of Lt. Col. and Mrs. John Sherwood.

Lt. Roland Rutte spent several days last week as the house guest of his cousin, Lt. L. B. Rutte. He was enroute to his new station at Ft. Missoula, Montana.

Lt. and Mrs. James G. Balluff and Lt. Balluff's mother were the house guests of Lt. and Mrs. Merlin L. DeGuire last week. Lieutenant Balluff is to be stationed at Ft. Snelling.

FT. DEVENS, MASS.

September 16, 1935

Mrs. Joseph F. Crosby, wife of Major Crosby has returned to the post after a visit to Des Moines, Iowa.

Miss Ruth Thompson, who spent last month as the guest of Lt. and Mrs. William D. Paschall at Fort Hoyle, Md., has returned to the home of her parents, Lt. Col. and Mrs. John T. Aydelotte.

Mrs. August C. Jensen and Mrs. L. T. Lathrop entertained at the Ladies' Thursday Afternoon Bridge Club this week.

Mrs. R. S. Pendle, Jr., of Birmingham, Ala., departed last week for her home after a month's visit with her sister and brother-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. R. A. Murchison.

Miss Cecile Jensen has departed for Simmons' College at Brookline, where she is a member of the Freshman class. Miss Jensen is the daughter of Maj. and Mrs. August C. Jensen.

Mrs. Lucien F. Wells, who spent the summer visiting at her parents home in New London, Conn., has returned to the post.

Mrs. R. G. Thomas, Jr., has returned from Newburgh, N. Y., where she was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Walter F. Gordon.

Capt. and Mrs. Nathan A. Smith entertained at dinner before the hop at the Officers' Club on Saturday night. About twenty guests were present.

Mrs. Dulle M. Bradley, of New Haven, Conn., spent last week as the guest of her brother and sister-in-law, Lt. and Mrs. W. G. Davidson, Jr.

Mrs. William G. Davidson, Jr., motored to East Orange, N. J., on Sunday, where she will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Wright.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.

September 15, 1935

Vice-Adm. and Mrs. Henry V. Butler of Coronado are spending the week-end in Hollywood as guests of their son-in-law and daughter, Comdr. and Mrs. Lucien E. Green of 2030 Hollywood Terrace. The Greens are recent arrivals in Southern California, coming from Washington, D. C., and Shenandoah County, Va., and are being welcomed by the Navy contingent.

Vice Adm. and Mrs. William D. Leahy will be the center of social affairs in this area, as the popular couple have returned to Long Beach while the Admiral is in command of battleship divisions of the fleet. Miss Sophie Beale, of Washington, D. C., is their house guest.

The wardroom of the new cruiser Tuscaloosa was the setting for a merry party yesterday when Capt. J. N. Ferguson and officers of the ship were hosts at luncheon to Lt. Richard Briner, naval aviator attached to the Tuscaloosa, and his bride, the former Dorothy Constance Shearer of Carlisle, Pa. More than fifty guests enjoyed the party, which included dancing. The Briners are making their home at present in San Diego while the aviation detachment is at North Island.

Pacific Coast Club was the setting yesterday for a cocktail party participated in by officers of USS Minneapolis, recently arrived on the cruiser which joined the scouting force. Lt. Comdr. William W. Behrens was among the committee arranging the affair for more than seventy-five.

Mrs. Guy Chadwick was hostess at a charming bridge tea in the Coast Club welcoming Mrs. Ryan, wife of Lieutenant Commander Ryan, chief engineer of USS Portland. Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John H. Carson gave a cocktail party in the Coast Club for fifty service friends.

Mrs. Charles M. Austin, wife of Captain Austin, skipper of USS Astoria was honored at a bridge luncheon Thursday in the Coast Club given by Mrs. Charles M. Sugarman, wife of Lieutenant Sugarman.

FT. DUPONT, DELA.

September 18, 1935

The first Engineers have returned from the maneuvers at Pine Camp, New York, and were indeed welcomed back to the post.

A dance at the Officers' Club was held on Tuesday as a farewell party to Major and Mrs. Fairbanks and Lieut. and Mrs. Ruestow, the last of the contingent leaving for other stations. The loss of the Simpkins, Fairbanks, Swenholts, Cotters, Ruestows, Lothrop, Whipples and Tripps all at one time has been quite a shock to the post. There is, however a silver lining in that we have gained Captains Swick and Griffiths and four new graduates from the Military Academy.

The Fort Dupont Football season opens on Sunday, with the Brandywine Hawks as our first opponents. A schedule of 13 games has been arranged by Capt. Chadwick, coach of the team, the second game will be against the University of Delaware at Newark, Delaware, on Saturday next. Captain Griffiths has taken over "C" Company on Major Ball's promotion to Col. Grants staff.

FT. BRADY, MICH.

September 17, 1935

Professor and Mrs. E. T. Smith of Stevens Point, Wisconsin, were the recent house guests of Maj. and Mrs. P. M. Crawford.

The Reserve Officers of the Fort Brady District gave a dance here on Aug. 31, in honor of the officers and ladies of the Post. The committee in charge consisted of Maj. D. M. Shryer, Capt. K. H. Keller, Lt. W. H. Billings, and Lt. E. S. Thompson.

Maj. and Mrs. S. R. Tupper gave a delightful dinner before the dance of August 31st; among the guests were: Maj. and Mrs. P. M. Crawford, Professor and Mrs. E. T. Smith, Capt. and Mrs. M. Alexander, Miss Judith Pritchett, Mr. and Mrs. Ted McKinney, and Lt. A. C. Nauman.

Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Scrivener, Hellen Scrivener and Mr. Kenneth Hagey of Grosse Ile, Michigan, were the recent week-end house guests of Capt. and Mrs. M. Alexander.

Col. and Mrs. Chester B. McCormick, FA, on duty with the New York National Guard of Buffalo, were the recent house guests of Maj. and Mrs. J. L. Bachus.

Miss Judith Pritchett left Sept. 14 for college in Tennessee after a prolonged visit with her mother, Mrs. S. R. Tupper.

Capt. and Mrs. M. Alexander gave a delightful dinner in honor of their house guest Sept. 6. Among the guests were: Maj. and Mrs. S. R. Tupper, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Scrivener, Mr. Kenneth Hagey, Mrs. Francis Alaworth, Capt. and Mrs. S. H. Baker, Miss Judith Pritchett, and Lt. A. C. Nauman.

The Reserve Officers with the Fort Brady District Headquarters gave a farewell dinner at Eldio Inn for Captain S. H. Baker. Among the guests present were: Maj. A. M. Mixson, Maj. D. M. Shryer, Capt. S. H. Baker, Capt. Johnston, Lt. C. R. Moon, USN, Capt. C. G. Banks, Lt. W. H. Billings, Capt.

H. S. Bowman, Maj. P. M. Crawford, Lt. H. R. Danis, Lt. K. H. Decker, Lt. E. E. Feind, Lt. B. M. Fessenden, Lt. L. G. Gray, Lt. L. D. Jones, Lt. A. N. Kracht, Lt. P. T. Line, Capt. A. G. Maercklein, Lt. E. A. Muth, Lt. A. C. Nauman, Lt. R. W. Rayburn, Lt. L. P. Scallay, Lt. E. S. Thompson.

Mrs. S. R. Tupper entertained the Post Bridge Club with the initial bridge luncheon at her quarters Sept. 12th. Among the guests were: Mrs. Mixson, Mrs. Crawford, Mrs. Shryer, Mrs. Bachus, Miss Betty Bachus, Mrs. Banks, Mrs. Alexander, Mrs. Keller, Mrs. Johnson, Mrs. McCormick, Mrs. Moon, Miss Kracht, Mrs. Muth, Mrs. Reis, Mrs. Manhart, Mrs. Stark, Mrs. Lundquist, Mrs. Grizzard, Mrs. Talbot, and Miss Judith Pritchett.

Capt. and Mrs. S. H. Baker have departed on a three months leave prior to their departure for Hawaii. They will visit Mrs. Bakers' mother at Brockton, Mass.

FT. DAVIS, C. Z.

August 29, 1935

A cocktail party was given Friday afternoon, Aug. 23, from 4 to 6 o'clock at the Fort Davis Officers' Club by Capt. and Mrs. Daniel W. Kent, Inf., USA; Capt. and Mrs. Louis E. Roemer, Inf., USA; Capt. and Mrs. Clark N. Bailey, Inf., USA, and Capt. and Mrs. Lyman O. Williams, Inf., USA; Capt. and Mrs. Ernest H. Wilson, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Albert J. Mandelbaum, SC, USA; Lt. and Mrs. Leon C. Scott, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Richards M. Bristol, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Ephraim M. Hampton, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. John B. Sullivan, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Sidney G. Brown, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Donald R. Patterson, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Gunnar C. Carlson, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. George E. Fletcher, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Loren A. Ayers, Inf., USA; Lt. Joseph B. Coolidge, Inf., USA; Lt. John H. McAleer, Jr., Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Irving Lehrfeld, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Joseph K. Dieck, Inf., USA; Lt. and Mrs. Paul A. Mayo, Inf., USA, and Lt. and Mrs. John H. Mathews, Inf., USA.

The cocktail party which celebrated the promoting of the officers, was arranged to precede the departure of the popular commanding officer of the post, Col. Campbell B. Hodges, Inf., USA, who sailed Saturday night, Aug. 31, on the Zepeda for a visit at his former home in Louisiana before going to San Francisco where he will join the Secretary of War George H. Dern and will accompany him aboard a Navy cruiser on his trip to the Philippines. All other officers of the post with their ladies were also included among the guests Friday afternoon.

Capt. and Mrs. Kenneth A. Brewer, MC, USA, of Fort Davis, entertained Capt. and Mrs. Arnold A. Albright, MC, USA; Capt. and Mrs. William S. George, MC, USA, and Lt. and Mrs. Ephraim M. Hampton, Inf., USA, informally at dinner Saturday night, Aug. 24.

Maj. and Mrs. Milton O. Boone, QMC, USA, of Fort Davis, entertained at dinner Monday night, Aug. 26, at the Strangers' Club Miss Lydia Dupont, of Wilmington, Del., and Col. Meade Wildrick, CAC, USA, of Fort Amador. Miss Dupont, who is now at the Tivoli, arrived Tuesday, Aug. 20, by plane after a visit of three months in Venezuela and will be on the Atlantic side to return to the States Thursday, Aug. 29, by plane.

Maj. and Mrs. Ernest K. White, QMC, USA, entertained with an informal dinner for twenty-two Thursday night, Aug. 22, at the Fort Davis Officers' Club.

Personals

(Continued from Page 56)

Lt. Comdr. Russell Hitchcock, (CC), USN, has been joined at his home in Chevy Chase by Mrs. Hitchcock and their two daughters, Anne Kelliedy and Constance, who have returned from Eaglesmere, Pa., where they spent the summer. Comdr. Hitchcock frequently joined his family there for week-ends.

Maj. Xenophon Price, CE, USA, who had been stationed here for two years, has left for his new post at Fort Leavenworth, Kans. Mrs. Price accompanied him.

Mrs. Price spent a part of the summer at Eaglesmere, Pa., with her small daughter, while Maj. Price made a brief trip to Europe.

Mrs. Price, formerly Miss Alice Milburn, of Washington, made her debut here several years ago.

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Adolphus Andrews, USN, moved to Mrs. Sydney Cloman's house in Kalamora Road, Washington, D. C., which they have leased for the coming season. Their daughter, Miss Florence Andrews, will probably be

included in the debutante group this winter.

Maj. and Mrs. Herman Feldman, QMC, USA, and daughter Betty, have returned from Europe and have taken an apartment at the Chatham Hotel Apartments, on 20th and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 56)

Mr. and Mrs. Britton left on a wedding trip, the latter wearing a suit of bottle green trimmed with lynx.

Mrs. Britton attended Holton Arms School and made her debut in Washington last year.

Miss Camilla Moore, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Samuel Nobre Moore, USN, of 90 Bowyer Road, Naval Academy, whose marriage to Lt. (jg) Charles Donald Griffin, USN, took place at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon, Sept. 14, in the Naval Academy Chapel, had as her matron of honor Mrs. Shirley Miller, wife of Lt. (jg) Shirley S. Miller, USN. Mrs. Miller, before her marriage in the Spring, was Miss Mary Giffen, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Robert C. Giffen, of 7 Porter Road.

Mrs. Griffin's bridesmaids were Miss Evelyn Standley, daughter of Rear Adm. and Mrs. William H. Standley, of Washington; Miss Katharine Philbrick, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Manning H. Philbrick, of 49 Rodgers Road; Miss Ruth Hall, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Robert A. Hall, 41 Upshur Road; and Miss Louise Bruce, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Bryson Bruce, of 9 Porter Road, Naval Academy.

Mr. Charles Owings, of Norfolk, Va., served as best man, and the ushers were: Lt. (jg) James A. Haley, Jr., John L. Ewing, Jr., Robert M. Barnes and Shirley S. Miller.

Immediately following the ceremony, a reception was held in the Red Room of the Officers' Club of the Naval Academy.

Mrs. John Todd Grimsley announced the marriage of her daughter, Miss Alethea to 1st Lt. Raymond Algot Anderson, USMC. The wedding was held in Baltimore, Md., Sept. 15.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clifton Smith announce the marriage of their daughter, Mrs. Helen Smith Jeffrey, to Lt. Col. Howard Eager, FA, USA, and son of Mrs. Constance Eager and the late Dr. Eager, Assistant Surgeon General, U. S. Public Health Service, and brother of Lt. Col. John N. Eager, FA, USA, now stationed in New York. The marriage took place Sept. 11, at 5 o'clock in the War College, Washington, D. C., with Chaplain Julian E. Yates, USA, officiating. Colonel and Mrs. Eager will be at home after October 1 at 3618 Thirty-fourth Street, Washington. Colonel Eager is a student at the Army War College.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Glenn Agee have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Amelia Belle Agee, to Lt. (jg) George Orrin Hobbs of the USS Indianapolis. The wedding is to be an event in November. The romance began two years ago when Lieutenant Hobbs, a graduate of the Naval Academy in 1932, was stationed on the USS Saratoga.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Schoen, of Forest Hills, N. Y., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Schoen, to Lt. (jg) Herbert F. Finney, USN-Ret.

Mr. Schoen is the architect who restored and redecored the Russian Embassy in Sixteenth Street, when it was taken over by the Soviet government for its ambassador. And at one of the many musicales given there last winter, Miss Schoen, using a non de theatre, appeared in joint recital with Giovanni Martinelli. She had recently completed four years of operatic studies in Italy.

Lieutenant Finney was graduated from Annapolis in 1920 and served with the

(Please turn to Page 60)

OBITUARIES

Brig. Gen. William E. Horton, USA-Ret., formerly Assistant to The Quartermaster General of the Army, died September 13, at about 2:30 P. M., at the Post Hospital, Ft. Jay, Governors Island, New York.

Funeral services were at the Church of the Epiphany, Washington, D. C., on the morning of September 17th, followed by military funeral at Arlington National Cemetery.

The following served as honorary pallbearers:

Mr. Ord Preston, Mr. Marcy Sperry, Mr. Rudolph Yeatman; Col. J. Miller Kenyon, Mr. John T. Cutter; Representative from Colonial Wars: Dr. R. T. C. Dorsey; Representatives from the Society of the Cincinnati: Laurence Leonard, Maj. Edgar E. Hume, Medical Corps; Representatives from the United States Army: Maj. Gen. Louis H. Bash, Maj. Gen. Harry L. Gilchrist, Ret., Brig. Gen. Matthew A. DeLaney, Col. Bryan Conrad, Ret., Col. Charles G. Mortimer, Ret., and Representative from the District of Columbia National Guard: Col. John W. Oehmann.

General Horton was born in the District of Columbia, June 28, 1868, where he attended high school and was graduated from Georgetown University with an LL.B. in 1892 and an LL.M. in 1893. General Horton was a member of the District of Columbia National Guard, serving for one year as Captain of Company "B", 4th Battalion, and for seven and a half years as Captain and Aide-de-Camp to General Ordway, Commanding the District of Columbia National Guard.

On the outbreak of the war with Spain, General Horton became First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the First D. C. Volunteer Infantry. Shortly thereafter he was appointed Captain and Assistant Adjutant, U. S. Volunteers, in which capacity he was assigned as Adjutant, First Brigade, 2nd Division, Fifth Army Corps. He participated in the charge at San Juan Hill, Cuba, receiving a silver star citation for "gallantry in action against Spanish forces of Santiago, Cuba, July 1, 1898."

In 1899 General Horton was appointed Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. Volunteers, in which capacity he served for a few months as Transport Quartermaster between New York and Cuba. He was then assigned to the Philippine Islands where he was Chief Quartermaster of the First Brigade, First Division, Eighth Army Corps. He participated in the Cavite Campaign and in the Campaign against Aguinaldo, under General Lawton in 1899. In the latter service General Horton received another silver star citation for "gallantry in action against insurgent forces at Taboatin Bridge, Province of Nueva Ecija, Philippine Islands, December 3, 1899, in successfully repulsing an attack on the wagon train which he commanded." Later he was Chief Quartermaster of the First Separate Brigade in the Campaign against Malvar.

General Horton returned to the United States in the latter part of 1902 and served with the Quartermaster Corps in various capacities at Baltimore, Philadelphia and Omaha, Nebraska. In 1904 he became the Chief Quartermaster, Department of the East, Governors Island, New York, where he was also Aide-de-Camp to General Corbin, Commanding the Department of the East. He accompanied General Corbin to the Philippines in November, 1904, serving there as Aide-de-Camp and in supervision of the construction of Ft. William McKinley, Rizal, P. I., the Military Plaza in Manila and the Post at Baguio in Luzon.

Upon the outbreak of the World War, General Horton was Assistant to The Quartermaster General of the Army in the Supplies Division. He went to France in August, 1918, where he served as Chief Quartermaster of the Advanced Section of the Service of Supply; as Assistant to the Chief Quartermaster of the A. E. F. at Tours, during active operations at Tours, and at Paris during the demobilization. He returned to the

United States February 1, 1920.

After his return from France, General Horton was first on duty in the office of The Quartermaster General in Washington, and then as Corps Area Quartermaster, First Corps Area, at Boston, Massachusetts, and later returned to Washington where he was on duty in the office of The Quartermaster General, being appointed Assistant to The Quartermaster General with the rank of Brigadier General. He was retired February 1, 1929, at his own request, after more than thirty years' service.

General Horton received the Distinguished Service Medal, silver star citations for gallantry in action, the Spanish Campaign Medal, Cuban Occupation Medal, Philippine Campaign Medal, Cuban Pacification Medal and Victory Medal of the World War and the following foreign decorations: Officer of the Legion of Honor of France; Grand Officer, Order Nihan el Anouar, France; Companion of Order of St. Michael and St. George of England; Commander, Order of Leopold II of Belgium; Commander, Order of the Crown of Italy; Officer, Order of White Eagle of Serbia; Commander, Order of the Crown of Roumania; Commander, Order of Prince Danilo I. Montenegro; War Cross of Montenegro; Officer, Military Medal La Solidaridad, Panama; and Commander, Order of "Reborn Poland" (Pononia Restituta), Poland.

The War Department has been notified of the death of Col. Elmore Findlay Taggart, USA-Ret., on September 18, at Baguio, Mountain Province, Philippine Islands, where he had made his home since his retirement from the Army.

Colonel Taggart was born in Orville, Ohio, October 6, 1858. He entered the U. S. Military Academy July 1, 1879, and was graduated and commissioned 2nd lieutenant of the 6th Infantry, June 13, 1883. He was promoted 1st Lieutenant of Infantry, February 20, 1891; captain, July 1, 1898. During the Spanish-American War he served as captain, Commissary of Subsistence, from May 12, 1898, and major, Commissary of Subsistence, until honorably discharged June 10, 1899. He was appointed major, U. S. Infantry, July 5, 1899, and honorably discharged May 1, 1901. Colonel Taggart was assigned to the Quartermaster Corps from December, 1903 to July, 1905. He was promoted major, Regular Army, June 25, 1906; Lieutenant-colonel, September 27, 1911; colonel, September 21, 1915; retired at his own request, after 40 years' service, July 9, 1920. During his service in the Army, Colonel Taggart served in Cuba, the Philippines and at various stations in the United States. He was awarded two Silver Stars and cited "for gallantry in action against insurgent forces at Imus, Luzon, Philippine Islands, January 7, 1900," and "for gallantry in action against insurgent forces at Malaybalay, Mindanao, Philippine Islands, February 28, 1901."

After his retirement he served as Vice-Mayor of Baguio, and member, City Council, from September 1, 1921, to June 1, 1925.

His emergency address was given as his brother, Mr. Howard Taggart, Passenger Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, Baltimore, Md., who has been notified of his death.

Mrs. Ada C. Powell, mother of Col. R. G. Powell, CE, USA, died Sept. 7, 1935, at Cass County Hospital, Indiana.

Mrs. Powell was born in Paris, Ill., on December 14, 1861, the daughter of Joseph and Hannah E. Rogers.

Mrs. Powell played a prominent part in civic and social affairs of Logansport, Ind. She was a member of Cass County Chapter of American War Mothers, Women's Progressive Club of Logansport, and the Broadway M. E. Church.

Funeral services were held Monday afternoon, Sept. 9, in Chase Chapel with Rev. J. T. Bean, Pastor, Broadway M. E. Church, officiating. Burial in Metea cemetery.

With common accord the members of Ft. Benning, Ga., silently paid tribute to the memory of a dearly beloved character, when tragic death ruthlessly

claimed Mrs. Ione Kelley, wife of Col. Reginald H. Kelley, Inf., USA, Aug. 31, 1935.

Colonel and Mrs. Kelley were victims of an automobile accident near Newnan, Ga., shortly after leaving the post to meet their daughter, Esther, who was returning to New York from Germany.

As treasurer of the Welfare Council Mrs. Kelley gave unsparingly of time and thought to the activities of an organization dedicated to the remedy of social distress. Her unselfish devotion to this work demanded countless hours of post-

poned or denied social and personal pleasure. Mrs. Kelley lived a life of complete service to her fellow men and women wherever her duties found her. Those who knew and loved her will credit Colonel Kelley's belief that, in the split second when death faced them, she fearlessly threw herself in front of Colonel Kelley, sacrificing her own life to protect him from danger.

In life she was devoted to the duty of serving those who needed her and in death she found the last service of self-sacrifice.

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

BORN

BADGER—Born at Mercy Hospital, San Diego, Calif., Aug. 27, 1935, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Harry Penslee Badger, USN, a daughter.

BERG—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Totten, N. Y., Sept. 13, 1935, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Frederick T. Berg, CAC, USA, a son, Frederick T., Jr.

BURNS—Born at Station Hospital, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., Sept. 10, 1935, to 1st Lt. and Mrs. Robert W. Burns, AC, USA, a son, Robert W. Burns, Jr., grandson of Mrs. Archie Miller and the late Col. Archie Miller, AC, USN; great-grandson of the late Brig. Gen. Samuel M. Whitely, Cav., USA.

DEJOY—Born at New London, Conn., Aug. 14, 1935, to Ensign and Mrs. A. James De Joy, USCG, a daughter, Patricia Lee.

HAWLEY—Born at Station Hospital, Camp Dix, N. J., Sept. 15, 1935, to Maj. and Mrs. Donald C. Hawley, Cav., USA, a son, David Springer Hawley.

PRATHER—Born at Schofield Barracks, T. H., Sept. 2, 1935, to Capt. and Mrs. Richard G. Prather, (Inf.) QMC, USA, a daughter, Marjorie Elizabeth, granddaughter of Dr. and Mrs. Hugh E. Prather, Hickman, Ky., and of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. James B. Gowen, USA.

RING—Born at Coronado, Calif., Sept. 8, 1935, to Lt. and Mrs. Stanhope C. Ring, USN, a son, William Jackson, grandson of the late Commodore James A. Ring, (SC), USN, and Mrs. Ring, of Washington, D. C., and of the late Capt. Z. W. Reynolds, (SC), USN, and the late Mrs. Reynolds.

SHOCKLEY—Born at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., Sept. 5, 1935, to Capt. and Mrs. Philip M. Shockley, QMC, USA, a daughter, granddaughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. M. A. W. Shockley, USA.

SMITH—Born at Mercy Hospital, San Diego, Calif., Sept. 10, 1935, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Philip T. Smith, Jr., USN, a daughter, Shella.

MARRIED

ANDERSON-GRIMSLEY—Married at Baltimore, Md., Sept. 15, 1935, Miss Alethea Grimsley to 1st Lt. Raymond Algot Anderson, USMC.

BRITTON-BOOTH—Married at Governors Island, N. Y., Sept. 14, 1935, Miss Catherine Tompkins Booth, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Lucian Dent Booth, OD, USA, to Mr. Horace Ely Britton.

BUCK-BOLLES—Married recently, Miss Henrietta Bolles, daughter of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Frank C. Bolles, USA to 2nd Lt. James B. Buck, Inf., USA, son of Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Beaumont B. Buck, USA-Ret.

CLARK-PARKER—Married at Chevy Chase, Md., recently, Miss Jane Parker, to Mr. William C. Clark, graduate of the USNA, Class 1935.

EAGER-JEFFREY—Married at Washington, D. C., Sept. 11, 1935, Mrs. Helen Smith Jeffrey to Lt. Col. Howard Eager, FA, USA.

GOHN-RIDGELY—Married at Danville, Ill., Sept. 14, 1935, Mrs. Ann Wolford Ridgely to Col. Joseph Franklin Gohn, Inf., USA.

GRAY-ESTES—Married at March Field, Calif., Sept. 7, 1935, Miss Jayne Estes to Lt. Frederic C. Gray, Jr., Air-Res.

GRIFFIN-MOORE—Married at the Naval Academy Chapel, Sept. 14, 1935, Miss Camilla Yvonne Moore, daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Samuel Noble Moore, USN, to Lt. (jg) Charles Donald Griffin, USN.

HAMMITT-STEWART—Married at New Orleans, La., Aug. 24, 1935, Miss Cora Bens Stewart of San Diego, Calif., to Lt. (jg) Frank Monroe Hammitt, USN.

HENDRICKSON-ARNOLD—Married at San Diego, Calif., Sept. 7, 1935, Miss Frances A. Arnold, daughter of Capt. Frank W. Arnold, USA-Ret., to Mr. Warren Hendrickson.

HERRON-STANDLEY—Married at Wash-

ington, D. C., Sept. 18, 1935, Miss Marie Standley, daughter of Admiral and Mrs. William H. Standley, USN, to Lt. (jg) Edwin W. Herron, USN.

INGRAM-PFALTZ—Married at Peiping, China, Aug. 16, 1935, Miss Helen Pfaltz to Lt. Henry Allison Ingram, (CC) USN.

JUNG-WAMPLER—Married Sept. 6, 1935, Miss Julia M. Wampler to 2nd Lt. Charles E. Jung, Engr.-Res.

LEGWEN-FLAGG—Married at Annapolis, Md., Sept. 14, 1935, Mrs. Kathryn Flagg to Lt. (jg) Glenn Walker Legwen, USN.

MCENTEE-STODDART—Married at Cadet Chapel, West Point, N. Y., Sept. 6, 1935, Miss Janet Fraser Stoddart to 2nd Lt. Ducaut McEntee, Inf., USA, son of Col. and Mrs. Girard L. McEntee, USA-Ret., and grandson of the late Col. Arthur Charles Ducaut, USA, and brother of Ensign G. L. McEntee, III, USN.

MASTERS-KENGLA—Married at Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1935, Miss Dorice Mary Kengla to 2nd Lt. James Marvin Masters, Jr., USMC.

NUNN-NELSON—Married at Ft. Knox, Ky., Sept. 7, 1935, Miss Flora Albert Nelson to Capt. William A. Nunn, Jr., Inf.-Res.

RICHARDS-BARBER—Married at Portsmouth Navy Yard, N. H., Sept. 14, 1935, Miss Elizabeth Mead Barber, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Tom D. Barber, USMC, to Maj. William Pettit Richards, USMC.

SEELY-CAROTHERS—Married on board the USS Mississippi at Bremerton, Wash., August 12, 1935, Mrs. Gladys Adams Carothers to Lt. (jg) Harry Woodworth Seely, USN.

SMITH-MANSFIELD—Married recently, Mrs. Susan Yates Mansfield, daughter of Maj. and Mrs. John L. Murphy, Inf., USA, to 1st Lt. Donald Smith, USA.

WILKES-GURNEY—Married at West Point, N. Y., Sept. 7, 1935, Miss Mabel Bailey Gurney to 2nd Lt. Edmund Waller Wilkes, Inf., USA, son of Col. and Mrs. Gilbert Wilkes, CE, USA.

DIED

BUNTING—Died at Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 13, 1935, Laura B. Bunting, Army Nurse.

DENTON—Died near Beacon, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1935, Lt. Lincoln C. Denton, USNR.

FINCH—Died at Wilson, N. C., Aug. 27, 1935, William A. Finch, Jr., son-in-law of Maj. and Mrs. Calvin H. Burkhead, SC, USA.

GRANT—Died at Clarksville, Ga., Sept. 13, 1935, Capt. Noel Willis Grant, USN-Ret.

HORTON—Died at Governors Island, N. Y., Sept. 13, 1935, Brig. Gen. William E. Horton, USA-Ret.

JENNINGS—Died at Passaic, N. J., Sept. 16, 1935, Capt. James A. Jennings, Veteran of World War, father of Lt. (jg) Robert Jennings, USN.

KESSLER—Died suddenly at Ft. Hancock, N. J., Sept. 15, 1935, Col. Percy M. Kessler, CAC, USA, father of William H. Kessler; Mrs. P. A. Agnew, wife of Capt. P. A. Agnew, CE, USA, Mrs. Alice Hays, Mary Mershon Kessler, and Robert H. Kessler, Cadet USMA.

LEITCH—Died on board USS Antares, San Juan, P. R., Sept. 13, 1935, Ch. Bosn. Thomas Joseph Leitch, USN.

PALMER—Died in airplane accident, San Diego, Calif., Sept. 16, 1935, Lt. (jg) Charles Keith Palmer, USN.

TAGGART—Died at Baguio, Mountain Province, P. I., Sept. 18, 1935, Col. Elmore Findlay Taggart, USA-Ret.

WHITEHOUSE—Died at U. S. Marine Hospital, Chelsea, Mass., Sept. 11, 1935, Boat-swain Ralph Whitehouse, USCG-Ret.

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MERCHANT MARINE

Merchant Marine

Indications that American shipping companies are facing a difficult problem in handling the returning west-bound traffic from European ports as the present season draws to a close came to light in figures made public by the United States Shipping Board Bureau. A survey by the Bureau reveals that for the months of May, June and July of this year over 130,000 persons were transported to European ports. Only about 50,000 of these tourists had returned to the United States early this month, thus leaving approximately 74,000 tourists who will require west-bound sailing accommodations during the brief period remaining before the end of the season.

To accommodate the demand for east-bound passage, 12 nations have participated with 107 vessels, of 1,704,000 gross tons, offering almost daily service to European ports. On Saturday, June 29, over 14,000 set sail from New York as compared with 9,075 for the corresponding Saturday of last year.

Not since 1929, the survey showed, has the American shipping industry enjoyed such a large business in transporting east-bound trans-atlantic passengers. The present facilities of the American steamship companies have frequently been taxed to capacity and some lines report they have been forced to turn away hundreds of passengers because of insufficient tonnage to meet the demand. The annual movement of American tourist traffic reaches its peak during the five month period from May to October.

Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 58)

special service squadron in Central America. He was retired in 1924 because of injuries received in naval maneuvers.

The marriage will take place in the spring.

Candle light and a palm lined room in the quarters of Capt. Charles B. Overacker at March Field, Calif., furnished the setting Saturday evening Sept. 7th at 6 p. m. for one of the most colorful military weddings held at that station in several years. The young cou-

ple, Lt. Frederic C. Gray, Jr., Air-Res., of the 73rd Attack Squadron and Miss Jayne Estes of San Antonio, Texas, were united by Chaplain Thomas J. Swan in a beautiful double ring ceremony.

The bride, attired in formal afternoon garb with ivory satin dress and coat with tulle cap, was given away by Brig. Gen. Henry H. Arnold, USA, commanding the First Wing of the General Headquarters Air Force and March Field. She was attended only by Mrs. Paul E. Todd, matron of honor. Her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Estes of 3511 Broadway, San Antonio, were unable to be present.

The groom was attended by Lt. Paul E. Todd, Air-Res., best man. Uniform of the officers present at the wedding was woolen with white shirts. Equipment carried was the traditional saber.

After the ceremony the bride and groom departed for a short honeymoon.

Mrs. Gray is a graduate of San Antonio schools. Lieutenant Gray is a graduate of Abilene Christian College at Abilene and of the flying schools at San Antonio. He met his bride in San Antonio while he was learning to fly.

One of the crack shots at March Field he is the holder of the Frank Luke Memorial Trophy for air gunnery and is an expert at skeet shooting.

Maj. and Mrs. John L. Murphy, Inf., USA, announce the marriage of their daughter Mrs. Susan Yates Mansfield to 1st Lt. Donald Smith, USA. Lieutenant and Mrs. Smith will be at home at Scott Field after October first.

Miss Marie Standley, daughter of Admiral William H. Standley, Chief of Naval Operations, and Mrs. Standley, was married to Lt. (jg) Edwin W. Herron, USN, son of Dr. and Mrs. A. W. Herron, of Vinita, Okla., Sept. 18.

Chaplain Sydney K. Evans officiated at the ceremony held at the home of the bride's parents in the grounds of the Naval Observatory, with only the two families and a small group of young friends of the couple present.

The drawing rooms were decorated with fall flowers and the improvised altar was banked with palms, ferns and white chrysanthemums, and lighted with tall white tapers.

Admiral Standley gave his daughter in marriage. The bride wore a gown of white linen lace made simply with a deep bertha of lace forming the sleeves. The skirt fell into a graceful short train. Her veil of tulle was held by a band of tulle and a short tulle veil covering her face was thrown back after the ceremony. She carried a bouquet of gardenias and lilies of the valley.

Miss Evelyn Standley, sister of the bride, was her only attendant. She was gowned in changeable rose and gold taffeta, made with a fitted bodice trimmed with quilting on the short winged-shaped sleeves, which flared across the shoulders. The full sweeping skirt was bordered with a band of the quilting. Her hat was of brown felt with a wide brim of starched tulle. Tallman roses formed her bouquet.

Lt. Charles Bergin, USN, acted as best man. The services of ushers were dispensed with.

A small reception followed the ceremony, Mrs. Standley, mother of the bride, receiving with the young couple. She chose a costume of marron baheera velvet and wore a shoulder bouquet of gardenias.

Lieutenant and Mrs. Herron will spend their honeymoon on a motor trip through the Northern States. Mrs. Herron left Washington wearing a gray woolen suit, the jacket trimmed in Persian lamb. They will live at 1921 Kalorama Rd. upon their return.

The bride is a graduate of Western High School, the Wilson Normal School of Washington, and the San Diego State College in California.

Lieutenant Herron was graduated from the United States Naval Academy in 1927 and is now on duty in the Com-

munications Division at the Navy Department.

Army Days at San Diego Fair

Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.—September 4th, 5th and 6th were designated as Army Days at the California Pacific International Exposition and were participated in wholeheartedly by a large military representation and by the community at large.

Military pageantry was displayed in formal guard-mounts, parades and band concerts. The 63rd Coast Artillery (Anti-Aircraft) exhibited a model camp. The handling of big coast defense guns was demonstrated at Fort Rosecrans. By day and night speedy airplanes of latest type swooped down on ground troops who in turn retaliated with anti-aircraft fire from guns and machine guns. At night Army searchlights pierced the sky illuminating distant airplanes and providing lighting displays.

General Malone was present at the Exposition throughout the period and spoke over the Fair's public address system on the night of September 5th, in connection with the aircraft and anti-aircraft demonstrations.

Regular Army units participating included the detachment and band of the 30th Infantry permanently stationed at the Exposition, the 63rd Coast Artillery (Anti-Aircraft) from Fort MacArthur and Air Corps units from Rockwell Field. National Guard units also took part in the programs.

Philippine Dept. Notes

Manila, P. I.—The Annual Roll Call of the American Red Cross received the cooperation of the United States Army to the extent that the collections of this year reached a total of 4353.49 pesos, exceeding the 1934 collections by 947.05 pesos.

Maj. Charles H. Gerhardt, GSC, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-1, was designated as Chairman of the Army Committee. Mrs. Talbot, Mrs. Walthall and Mrs. Robertson served on the Ladies Committee.

Under the command of Maj. Thomas Hastey, commanding officer of Nichols Field, five Army bombers took off Aug. 16 for Batan. The huge ships took the air at 6:00 A. M. with Vigan set for the first stop.

The pilots on this flight, in addition to Major Hastey, were Captain G. W. Hansen, Capt. J. T. Flock, Capt. John S. Mills, Capt. John P. Kenny and 1st Lt. Wycliffe Steele. The bombers made the stop at Vigan at 8:45 A. M. From there they will proceed to the Batan group of islands. A landing may be made on the new field near Basco, recently completed in connection with General Parker's survey of these islands.

The present flight was ordered by General Parker in accordance with his plans to dispatch Army planes to Batan in training flights now that landings can be made there. According to plans made before the flight, the bombers will circle the islands and return to Tuguegarao for the night. They will return to Manila on the 17th.

Named Fleet Chief of Staff

At San Pedro, California, Sept.: 17, Rear Adm. James O. Richardson, USN, relieved Rear Adm. Samuel W. Bryant, USN, as Chief of Staff of Admiral Joseph M. Reeves, USN, Commander-in-Chief, United States Fleet. Admiral Bryant has been transferred to the Naval Hospital, San Diego, Calif., for treatment.

Awards of Silver Star

Announcement is made of the following: "George A. Herbst, colonel, Infantry, United States Army, then lieutenant colonel, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3, 2d Division, American Expeditionary Forces. For gallantry in action near

FINANCE

Soissons, France, July 18-19, 1918. During a traffic jam on the road near Soissons due to heavy artillery bombardment Colonel Herbst, without regard to personal danger, entered the zone of heavy fire and directed the troops to points of safety and unlocked the traffic jam."

Colonel Herbst's present station is Office Chief of Infantry, Washington, D. C.

Financial Digest

The daily average volume of Federal Reserve bank credit outstanding during the week ended September 11, as reported by the Federal Reserve banks, was \$2,480,000,000, an increase of \$2,000,000 compared with the preceding week and of \$11,000,000 compared with the corresponding week in 1934.

On September 11 total Reserve bank credit amounted to \$2,479,000,000, an increase of \$7,000,000 for the week. This increase corresponds with an increase of \$100,000,000 in member bank reserve balances and a decrease of \$4,000,000 in Treasury and national bank currency, offset in part by an increase of \$10,000,000 in monetary gold stock and decreases of \$12,000,000 in money in circulation, \$117,000,000 in Treasury cash and deposits with Federal Reserve banks, and \$18,000,000 in non-member deposits and other Federal Reserve accounts. Member bank reserve balances on September 11 were estimated to be approximately \$2,820,000,000 in excess of legal requirements.

Relatively small changes were reported in holdings of discounted and purchased bills and industrial advances. Increases of \$19,000,000 in holdings of United States Treasury notes and \$4,000,000 in Treasury bills were offset by a decrease of \$23,000,000 in holdings of United States bonds.

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Rights to Retired Pay

There seems to be little doubt but that the next session of Congress will see considerable agitation toward the restoration to retired personnel of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps of the money withheld from them in pay deductions during the economy period.

Playing a principal part in the argument will be the decision rendered a short while ago by Judge Leonard C. Crouch of the New York Court of Appeals and reported in summary in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL. Col. A. T. Marix, USMC-Ret., president of the Retired Officers' Association, has called the decision to the attention of a number of Congressmen.

The decision made in the case of a retired New York policeman, holds that once a man has retired his retirement pay may not "legally be diminished or otherwise adversely affected by subsequent legislation."

Because of the vast potential importance of this ruling on the retired pay of the armed services the JOURNAL reproduces Judge Crouch's decision in full:

WILLIAM D. RODDY, Respondent, v. LEWIS J. VALENTINE, as Police Commissioner of the City of New York, Appellant.

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PERSONAL LOANS
ARMY-NAVY-MARINE CORPS OFFICERS

Civil service—municipal corporations—New York City—police—pensions—award of pension to retired policeman—right to pension vested—may not legally be diminished or adversely affected by subsequent legislation—pension may not lawfully be suspended during term of employment by another city—section 32 of Civil Service Law not applicable.

1. Where the statutory conditions for retirement from the civil service, existing when application therefor is made, have been met and the award of the pension or benefit has been made, or as of right should have been made, the interest becomes vested and takes on the attributes of a contract, which in the absence of statutory reservations may not legally be diminished or otherwise adversely affected by subsequent legislation.

2. A pension awarded to a policeman upon his retirement in the year 1924, under sections 351 et seq. of the charter of the city of New York (L. 1901, ch. 466, as amended), may not properly be suspended during the term of his subsequent employment in the police department of another city. Nothing in the charter (Par. 1560, as amended) denies him the right to accept employment and receive a salary from another city, and section 32 of the Civil Service Law (Cons. Laws, ch. 7), added thereto by chapter 78 of the Laws of 1932, does not apply.

Roddy v. Valentine, 243 App. Div. 781, affirmed.

(Argued June 3, 1935; decided July 11, 1935.)
APPEAL, by permission, from a judgment of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in the second judicial department, entered March 1, 1935, unanimously affirming a judgment in favor of plaintiff entered upon an order of Special Term which granted a motion by plaintiff for judgment on the pleadings.

Paul Windels, Corporation Counsel (Paxton Blair and Seymour B. Quel of counsel), for appellant. The plaintiff's acceptance of his new office having occurred after the effective date of chapter 78 of the Laws of 1932, the statute may be applied to him without contravening the rule against retroactive construction. Public policy favors the liberal construction of statutes aimed to prevent double payments from public funds in times of depression. (Matter of McKinney v. McGoldrick, 206 N. Y. 665; Peterson v. Martino, 210 N. Y. 412; Heckmann v. Pinckney, 81 N. Y. 211; People ex rel. Devery v. Coler, 173 N. Y. 163; Matter

of Friel, 101 App. Div. 155; 181 N. Y. 558; New York Central R. R. Co. v. White, 243 U. S. 188; People ex rel. Donovan v. Retirement Board, 326 Ill. 579; McCann v. Retirement Board, 331 Ill. 193; Gibbs v. Minneapolis Fire Department Relief Assn., 125 Minn. 174; Head v. Jacobs, 150 Ky. 290; Matter of Price v. Farley, 22 Ohio Cir. Ct. 48; State ex rel. King v. Board of Trustees, 192 Mo. App. 583; State ex rel. Risch v. Board of Trustees, 121 Wis. 44; Lynch v. United States, 292 U. S. 571; Matter of Goodwin, 57 Fed. Rep. (2d) 31.)

Ildor Neuwirth and Edmund J. Pickup for respondent. Section 32, added to the Civil Service Law (Cons. Laws, ch. 7), cannot by retroactive interpretation affect the rights of the plaintiff. (Isola v. Weber, 147 N. Y. 329; O'Reilly v. Utah Co., 87 Hun. 406; Town of Cherry Creek v. Becker, 123 N. Y. 161; Bronx v. Barclay, 13 App. Div. 72; Matter of Griffiths, 16 Misc. Rep. 128; Wingate v. Flynn, 139 Misc. Rep. 779; 233 App. Div. 785; Addis v. Selig, 264 N. Y. 274; McCann v. City of New York, 52 App. Div. 358.)

Crouch, J. The Greater New York Charter (Laws of 1901, ch. 466, as amended) by sections 351 et seq. makes provision for the creation and administration of a police pension fund. The fund (Par. 353) consists of moneys recruited from various sources, for the most part public, but includes two per centum of the monthly pay of each member of the police force deducted from his salary by the Comptroller and by him paid into the fund. Section 355 provides, among other things, that any member of the force may upon his own written application and by order of the police commissioner, be retired from service and be granted an annual pension, to be paid from the fund, provided he is fifty-five years old and has served twenty years; and "pensions granted under this section shall be for the natural life of the pensioner, and shall not be revoked, repealed or diminished." (Amd. L. 1919, ch. 518; L. 1920, ch. 508; L. 1921, ch. 685.) By the provisions of section 1560 of the charter, however, the payment of the pension may be suspended temporarily if the pensioner takes "office, employment or position under the state or city of New York or any of the counties included within said city." (Amd. L. 1923, ch. 206.)

On August 24, 1924, the plaintiff upon his own application was retired and was awarded a pension of \$1,250 per annum.

The Laws of 1932, chapter 78, added to the Civil Service Law (Cons. Laws, ch. 7) a new section (Par. 32) which provides that if any person subsequent to his retirement from the civil service of the State or of any municipal corporation political subdivision of the State, shall accept any office, position or employment on and after July 1, 1932, to which any salary or emolument is attached in the civil service of the State or of any municipal corporation or political subdivision of the State (with certain exceptions not material here), any pension awarded to him upon retirement shall be suspended during such employment.

From August 7, 1932, to December 31, 1933, the plaintiff was employed as chief of police of the city of Long Beach, New York. During that period payment of the plaintiff's pension was suspended. This action was brought to recover the unpaid amount. The sole question is whether section 32 of the Civil Service Law affects the plaintiff's right to his pension during the time he was employed by the city of Long Beach.

The concept embodied in the word pension has developed far beyond the original idea of a bounty or gratuity, "springing from the appreciation and graciousness of the sovereign," granted in recognition of meritorious past services. One has but to examine the statutes of our own State (e. g., Civil Service Law, arts. 4, 5 and 6; Education Law (Cons. Laws, ch. 16), art. 43-B) to appreciate the extent of the development. Necessarily there has come with that development changed theories relating to the nature of the rights and obligations under pension statutes both of civil servants and of the government. In an attempt at legal classification of the relation, the courts have come to widely varying results. (Cf. Ball v. Board of Trustees, 71 N. J. L. 64; State ex rel. Risch v. Board of Trustees, 121 Wis. 44.) Where the statutory scheme creates a fund wholly or largely out of public moneys, the interest of the member down to the point where there has been compliance with all precedent conditions and the award has been or as of right should have been made, can hardly be deemed contractual. There has been a suggestion that it is quasi-contractual. (40 Harvard Law Review, 504, 505.) In Pennie v. Reis (132 U. S. 464, 471) it is called "a mere expectancy created by the law." But whatever its legal nature may be, there seems to be no doubt that it is subject to change or even to revocation at the will of the Legislature. (People ex rel. Devery v. Coler, 173 N. Y. 163; Pennie v. Reis, supra; Matter of Friel, 101 App. Div. 155; aff'd., 181 N. Y. 558.)

Where, however, the statutory conditions

(Continued on Next Page)

Status of Promotion

ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and Vacancies on the Promotion List (Cumulative) since September 13, 1935.

Last promotion to the grade of Colonel—James A. O'Connor, CE, No. 187, Page 142. Vacancies—None. Senior Lieutenant Colonel—Lewis H. Watkins, CE.

Last promotion to the grade of Lieutenant Colonel—Carl Spatz, AC, No. 1134, Page 146. Vacancies—None. Senior Major—Harold R. Bull, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—Russel B. Reynolds, Inf., No. 3777, Page 155. Vacancies—None. Senior Captain—Paul C. Boylan, FA.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain—Harold V. Roberts, Inf., No. 7358, Page 168. Vacancies—None.

Last promotions to the grade of 1st Lieutenant—Erskine Clark, CAC, No. 9259, Page 175. Vacancies—None.

Non-promotion List

No changes since last week's report.

NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

Sept. 13, 1935

The following are the last officers who either have been commissioned in or have become due for promotion to the various grades and ranks in the Navy.

Line

Rear Adm. John Downes, Capt. Herbert A. Jones, Comdr. Henry P. Burnett, Lt. Comdr. Martin J. Gillan, Jr., Lt. William S. Veeder.

Medical Corps

Rear Adm. C. St. J. Butler, Capt. Sankey Bacon, Comdr. J. H. Robbins, Lt. Comdr. Fred M. Rohow, Lt. Clifford W. Moore.

Dental Corps

Comdr. H. R. McCleery, Lt. Comdr. Raymond D. Reid, Lt. Walter P. Caruthers.

Supply Corps

Rear Adm. George G. Seibels, Capt. Duette W. Rose, Comdr. C. L. Austin, Lt. Comdr. David W. Robinson, Lt. William L. Patton, Lt. (jg) George A. Johnson.

Chaplain

Capt. Edward A. Duff, Comdr. Thomas F. Regan, Lt. Comdr. Stanton W. Salisbury, Lt. Emmett O'Neill.

Construction Corps

Rear Adm. Richard M. Watt, Capt. Ralph T. Hanson, Comdr. C. F. Osborn, Lt. Comdr. Calvin M. Bolster, Lt. John B. Spiller.

Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. Reuben E. Bakenhus, Capt. R. M. Warfield, Comdr. L. B. Combs, Lt. Comdr. Chas. T. Dickerman, Lt. William B. Howard.

MARINE CORPS PROMOTION STATUS

Sept. 13, 1935

Last Commissioned Last to make number

Major General

Charles H. Lyman Charles H. Lyman

Brigadier General

James T. Buttrick James T. Buttrick

Colonel

Jullan C. Smith Jullan C. Smith

Lieutenant Colonel

Alfred H. Noble Alfred H. Noble

Major

Ford O. Rogers Ford O. Rogers

Captain

St. Julien R. Marshall LePage Cronmiller, Jr.

First Lieutenant

Cleo R. Keen Cleo R. Keen

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National Rifle Matches

(Continued from Page 43)

Broox E. Clements, USMC, who made a score of 268.

Regimental Team Match

The champion regimental rifle shooting team was officially decided late Sept. 13 after 61 teams of six men each, shot it out in the Championship Regimental Team Match.

The winner's trophy, a hand-hammered, solid silver punch bowl presented in 1910 by Brig. Gen. Frank M. Humboldt of St. Louis, Mo., was awarded to the United States Coast Guard team for running up a score of 563 points out of 600. Another Coast Guard team representing the New York Division also captured second place with a score of 561.

Third place honors were awarded to the 9th United States Infantry Team, from Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, with a total of 559.

The winning team is composed of: Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Marcus N. Cobb; Seaman 1cl. Rudolph Jones; Machinist's Mate 2cl. (L) Tully W. Spence; Gunner's Mate 1cl. Joseph H. Valley; Chief Boatswain's Mate Paul Goulden, and Surfman Walter O. Bryan.

The Coast Guard men from New York who closely followed their shipmates are: Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Earl C. Jones; Radioman 1cl. Lawrence W. Parish; Chief Gunner's Mate Walter Morrison; Ensign John R. Henthorn; Chief Boatswain's Mate James Q. Allgood; and Yeoman 3cl. Christopher W. Collins.

The 9th Infantry shooters are: Capt. William C. Saffarrans, Cpl. Oddis L. Lowe, Sgt. Lellie W. Fish, Sgt. Max W. Link, Sgt. August Runge, and Sgt. Joseph Baldwin.

Highest score among the National Guard team entries was fired by a team from the 114th Infantry, New Jersey National Guard, with a score of 556. The New Jersey shooters are: Sgt. Frederick J. Pauch, 1st Sgt. Paul B. Fry, Sgt. George P. Galayda, 1st Sgt. John T. Kendall, St. Sgt. Jaxon A. Kraemer and Sgt. Edward A. T. Donaldson.

Champion American Pistol Team

In one of the most closely contested pistol team competitions ever fired in the history of the National Matches, three five-man teams, shooting the difficult National Pistol Team Match, totaled the same score—1254 points out of a possible 1500. The War Department rules provide, that in the case of a tie, then the team which made the highest aggregate in the rapid fire stage of the match shall be declared the winner. Accordingly, the United States Marine Corps Team was officially declared the winner of the Gold Cup Trophy and the Champion American Pistol Team.

Second place was awarded to the Los Angeles Police Team No. 1 and third place was capture by the Los Angeles Police Team No. 2.

Members of the winning Marine Team are: Pvt. John E. Heath, Capt. William J. Whaling, 1st Sgt. Melvin T. Huff, Gy. Sgt. Jacob W. Bailey, and Cpl. Richard B. McMahon.

National Individual Rifle Match

America's new champion rifle shot is Sgt. Claude N. Harris, USMC. He won this distinguished title and the beautiful bronze Daniel Boone Trophy in competition with 1661 of the nation's crack rifle marksmen from nearly every state in the Union competing. The Marine scored 239 out of a possible 250.

Second to Harris was a civilian, Mr. William T. Guy, Astoria, N. Y. Mr. Hugh F. Nelson, also a civilian marksman of San Diego, Calif., was awarded third honors.

The rules of the match provided that the first 15 best score holders shall be awarded gold medals. The remainder of the gold medal winners, with their scores follow: 2nd Lt. Charles D. Fuller, ORC of Piencho, N. M., 236; Cpl. Raymond D. Chaney, USMC, 236; 1st Lt. Robert E. McDonough, CE, USA, 236; 2nd Lt. Walter R. Walsh, ORC, Milwaukee, Wis., 236; Ens. John R. Henthorn, USCG, Staten Island, N. Y., 235; Cpl. Richard B. McMahon, USMC, 235; Sgt. James H. Lacy, Conn. NG, 235; Mr.

Conrad E. Nordhus, Highland Park, Ill., 234; Cpl. Edward V. Seeser, USMC, 234; Sgt. Kenneth E. Harker, USMC, 234; Mr. Henry J. Adams, Jr., San Diego, Calif., 234, and Gy. Sgt. Thomas J. Jones, USMC, 234.

Enlisted Men's Team Match

A team of six Cavalry soldiers of the Regular Army on Sept. 13 showed the mighty Marine shooters and the keen eyed Infantry rifleman, old rivals by the way, just how to shoot that service rifle. The Enlisted Men's Team Match was won by the "yellow leg" team against a field of 34 teams from the Infantry, Marine Corps, Engineers, U. S. Coast Guard and National Guard, with a top score of 564, out of a possible 600. To this winning team goes a magnificent bronze trophy presented in 1910 by voluntary contributions of the enlisted men of the United States Marine Corps, and silver medals.

Bronze medals were awarded to the U. S. Coast Guard Team for winning second place with a score of 562 and third place went to the U. S. Marine Corps Team with a score of 562.

Shooting members of the Cavalry Team are: Sgt. Jens B. Jensen; Sgt. Victor Shantz, 11th Cav.; Cpl. Alex F. Kellerman, 1st Cav.; St. Sgt. William T. McGimpsey, 1st Cav.; Sgt. William D. Reynolds, 2nd Cav., and Sgt. William G. Hamel, 4th Cav.

The United States Coast Guard Team is composed of, Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Marcus N. Cobb, Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Earl C. Jones, Chief Boatswain's Mate Paul Goulden, Chief Boatswain's Mate James Q. Allgood, Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Melvin O. Wilson, Yeoman 3cl. Christopher F. Collins.

The Marine team shooters are: Gy. Sgt. Thomas J. Jones, Sgt. Frelan S. Hamrick, Sgt. Claude N. Harris, Gy. Sgt. James R. Tucker, Pvt. 1cl. James H. Christopher, and Sgt. William A. Easterling.

Leech Cup Match

Splendid rifle marksmanship was exhibited here Sept. 12 in the firing of the Leech Cup Match. Two civilians nosed out two sharpshooting Marines for first and second place. James A. Wade, Salt Lake City, Utah, captured the Leech Cup and a gold medal while Gairie M. Upshaw, Yoncalla, Ore., took the silver medal for second place.

Third place was awarded to Gunnery Sergeant Stephen J. Zsiga, USMC, and fourth place was won by Ward S. Bakutis, USCG.

Other medal winners included Clarence J. Anderson, USMC, Sgt. Mark C. Hageny, Inf., and Sgt. William D. Reynolds, Cav.

Scott Match

The Scott Match, a rapid fire rifle shooting event, proved to be a difficult problem for the judges to decide so excellent was the shooting. Out of 974 competitors entered, the first results showed that 9 were tied for first place and 17 were tied for tenth place. It was decided then to hold a shoot-off but it was not until four times on the firing line that the medal winners were finally determined. Cpl. Edward V. Seeser, USMC, was declared the winner and he carried off the Scott Trophy, a fine bronze figure called "Ride 'em Cowboy" and a gold medal. Seeser's score was finally tabulated as 49; this out of a possible 50.

Sgt. Frelan S. Hamrick, USMC, took second place and a silver medal, and Sgt. Burr A. Evans, N. Y. NG, won third place and a bronze medal.

Other bronze medal winners included: 1st Lt. Ion M. Bethel, USMC; Sgt. John M. Shinn, Jr., N. C. NG; Capt. Ashley J. Griffin, Conn. NG; Sgt. Elmer Bogen, Wash. NG; and Sgt. Marion Marellich, Calif. NG.

Roumanian Trophy

On the occasion of the shooting the A. E. F. Roumanian Trophy Match Sept. 12 seventy-two six man shooting teams from the Army, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, National Guard, Officers' Reserve Corps, American Legion and civilian clubs, entered, and the United States Marine Corps team landed top side to win first honors and carry away the Roumanian Trophy with a score of 572

out of a possible 600, nosing out their Coast Guard friends by three points.

Hard pressed were these two service teams by the gallant shooting sextette from the District of Columbia National Guard which totaled 567 points.

The victorious Marine team consists of Corp. Raymond D. Chaney, Gy. Sgt. John Blakeley, Cpl. Steve Disco, Cpl. Edward V. Seeser, Pvt. 1cl. Remes E. De La Hunt, and Sgt. Kenneth E. Harker.

The Coast Guard Shooters are: Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Marcus N. Cobb, Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Earl C. Jones, Chief Boatswain's Mate Paul Goulden, Chief Boatswain's Mate James Q. Allgood, Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Melvin O. Wilson, and Yeoman 3cl. Christopher F. Collins.

Representing the District of Columbia National Guard in this match, were the following: Capt. Just C. Jensen, Sgt. Theodore L. Harrell, St. Sgt. Harry B. Parsons, Sgt. Henry M. Boudinet, Pvt. Edwin L. Staubus, and Pvt. Willard C. Jensen.

Marine Corps Cup

A total of 1170 crack marksmen from all over the nation Sept 10 shot it out for possession of the beautiful Marine Corps Match Cup. First place, with a score of 99 out of a possible 100, was earned by Cpl. Louis E. Easley, USMC. Easley gets a gold medal also.

Second place, won by Gy. Sgt. Stephen A. Zsiga, USMC, had to be determined by calculating how close to the center of the bull's eye the shot holes were as his score was also officially 99.

Following are the next eight best scores scored by: Pvt. 1cl. Remes E. De La Hunt, USMC; Cpl. Marion L. Baker, Ill. NG; Mr. Vere F. Hamer, Sioux Falls, S. D.; Sgt. James B. Ellis, Inf.; St. Sgt. William T. McGimpsey, Cav.; Sgt. Leo Dawson, Inf.; Pvt. Fletcher F. Bernsdorff, D. C. NG; and Sgt. John Carlson, Inf.

Herrick Trophy

The United States Marine Corps Rifle team battled its way to a clean victory over 71 sharpshooting teams to capture the prized Herrick Trophy with a score of 1380 points out of a possible 2000 Sept. 15.

The United States Coast Guard Team scored a second with 1373, and third place went to the United States Cavalry Team shooting 1367 in hits. The United States Infantry Team placed fourth.

Members of the three top score teams are:

U. S. Marine Corps Team—Sgt. Clarence C. Anderson; Gy. Sgt. Stephen J. Zsiga; Cpl. Thurman E. Barlier; 1st Lt. Ion M. Bethel; Pvt. 1cl. Edmond Lucander; Cpl. Waldo A. Phinney; Gy. Sgt. Oliver A. Guilmet; and Capt. William J. Scheyer.

U. S. Coast Guard Team—Chief Gunners Mate Walter Morrison; Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Melvin O. Wilson; Chief Boatswain's Mate James Q. Allgood; Chief Boatswain's Mate Paul Goulden; Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Earl C. Jones; Quartermaster 1cl. Donald A. Brown; Boatswain's Mate 1cl. Marcus N. Cobb; and George L. Taylor.

U. S. Cavalry Team—1st Sgt. Wade E. Fitzgerald, 7th Cav.; Sgt. Edward Yezerski, 3rd Cav.; Sgt. Walter P. Rogers, 4th Cav.; 1st Lt. Grant A. Williams, 7th Cav.; Pvt. Claud A. Thorp, 1st Cav.; Capt. Clyde A. Burcham; Sgt. Rosco P. Grider, 14th Cav.; and Sgt. William D. Hamel, 4th Cav.

For the National Guard team shooting the highest score a separate trophy is awarded. The California National Guard Team won this.

Rights to Retired Pay

(Continued from Preceding Page)

for retirement existing when application is made have been met and the award of the pension or benefit has been made, or as of right should have been made (Matter of O'Brien v. New York State Teachers' Retirement Board, 215 App. Div. 220; aff'd, 244 N. Y. 530), the interest becomes vested and takes on the attributes of a contract, which in the absence of statutory reservations, may not legally be diminished or otherwise adversely affected by subsequent legislation. (Pennie v. Reis, supra; People ex rel. Mulvey v. York, 41 App. Div. 419; Klensch v. Board of Pension Fund Comrs., 79 Cal. App.

171, and cases therein cited.) All the reasons of policy which underlie and justify pension legislation in general—the efficiency and morale of departmental service, social protection and social justice—support the conclusion of the last cited and many other similar cases and afford adequate ground for the decisions. We need not strain for a legal classification.

We may concede an incongruity in plaintiff's drawing a pension as a retired policeman and at the same time a salary as an active policeman in a neighboring city. That, however, was a right granted, or at least not denied to him under section 150 of the charter, when he retired. We take the statute as we find it.

The judgment should be affirmed, with costs.

CRANE, CH. J., LEHMAN, O'BRIEN, LOUGHRAN and FINCH, JJ., concur; HUBBS, J., not sitting.
Judgment affirmed, etc.

Inter-American Horse Show

The first outdoor International Horse Show ever given in the United States is planned for October 26, 27, and 28 at the Riding and Hunt Club grounds in Rock Creek Park, Maryland. Invitations have been extended to the military teams of the Republic of Chile, now in New York in preparation for the National Horse Show, of the Dominion of Canada and the United States Army. The Army horses and riders now in training for the Olympic games will compose this latter team. The large show ring of the Riding and Hunt Club with its varied jumps, including banks, ditches and water jumps, permit the staging of jumping classes similar in all respects to the great Prize of Nations jumping event of the Olympic games. Some of the best horses and riders of North and South America will be exhibited. Also it is planned to include a few Hunter and Jumper classes for local horsemen and to feature Hunt teams, Dressage (High School), exhibitions and competition in both fencing and riding by Army officers in training for the Olympic Modern Pentathlon Events.

The officials of the show are as follows:

President—District Commissioner Melvin C. Hazen.

Vice President—Rear Adm. Cary T. Grayson.

Vice President—Maj. Gen. Leon B. Kromer, Chief of Cavalry.

Vice President—Maj. Henry Leonard, USMC.

Secretary and Manager—Col. C. L. Scott, Cav.

Treasurer and Assistant Secretary—Capt. H. B. Smith, Inf.

Executive Committee—Commissioner Hazen, General Kromer, C. Marshal Flanagan, Superintendent National Capital Parks, Col. Kenyon A. Joyce, Commanding Officer, Ft. Myer, Va., Robert Cottrell, Secretary, Washington Board of Trade, Lacy Shaw, Chairman, Maryland Park and Planning Commission, Claude Owen, a Director of Riding and Hunt Club, Henry Leonard, Vice President, Riding and Hunt Club, Tom Mott, Master of Redland Hunt, Maryland, Col. C. L. Scott, Office of Chief of Cavalry, John O. Gheen, a Director, Riding and Hunt Club, Honorable Henry L. Stimson.

Army Transport Sailings

Grant—Arrives Cristobal Sept. 22, leaves Sept. 24; arrives San Francisco Oct. 4, leaves Oct. 8; arrives Honolulu Oct. 14, leaves Oct. 16; arrives and leaves Guam Oct. 26; arrives Manila Nov. 1.

Chateau Thierry—Leaves New York Sept. 24; arrives Cristobal Sept. 30, leaves Oct. 1; arrives San Francisco Oct. 11, leaves Oct. 17; arrives Honolulu Oct. 23, leaves Oct. 29; arrives San Francisco Nov. 5.

Republic—Arrives Cristobal Sept. 24, leaves Sept. 25; arrives New York Oct. 1, leaves New York Oct. 10; arrives Cristobal Oct. 16, leaves Oct. 17; arrives Honolulu Nov. 1.

St. Mihiel—Leaves New York Oct. 1; arrives Cristobal Oct. 7, leaves Oct. 11; arrives New York Oct. 17, leaves New York Nov. 1.

This Week—

(Continued from First Page)

mess jacket, without the high collar and cut on the lines of civilian evening dress will be prescribed.

Marine officers will also soon have to replace the insignia of their rank. Headquarters is drafting regulations which will drop the present bars, leaves, eagles, and stars, and adopt new insignia with a smooth instead of rough surface and smaller in size. The new specifications will be identical to those used by the Army.

Ens. P. H. Torrey, jr., has accomplished the dream of myself and I think every golfer. Playing on the Bremerton Navy Yard links, Sept. 8, with Lt. Comdr. L. Doughty, Lt. T. L. Lewis and Ens. M. M. Kimmel, Ensign Torrey stepped up to the second tee and laid one dead to the pin for a hole-in-one. The report is that the hole measures 355 yards. This must be a record.

Communist Activities

An interesting survey of communist-affiliated and communist-aiding organizations in the United States was printed in the Congressional Record of September 10 in extension of remarks by Representative Maury Maverick of Texas.

While Mr. Maverick printed the survey to illustrate what he calls the "Hitleristic tendencies of some Naval officers", it is none the less valuable information.

The survey, which Mr. Maverick preceded by saying "I offer the following literary efforts of the United States Navy, signed by the name of a man who appears to be an officer", is as follows:

Memorandum — Communist-Affiliated and Communist-Aiding Organizations in the United States
April 1, 1935.

From a comprehensive survey of Communist activities in the United States at the present time a classification of organizations active for the Communist cause is as follows:

A. Organizations directly related to the Communist International, and a part of it, such as the Communist Party of the United States, the Young Communist League, and the Young Pioneers.

B. Organizations directly affiliated with the Communist Party, by reasons of having been organized and controlled by the party, and those which, although organized by non-Communist personnel, are guided and controlled by Communists. There are 222 organizations in this category. Some of the strongest are:

(a) American League Against War and Fascism. This organization has a youth section which is active in the schools and colleges in cooperation with the National Student League and the Student League for Industrial Democracy.

(b) Friends of the Soviet Union. (c) International Labor Defense. This is a defense organization used by the Communist Party. It is distributed in the United States much as is the Communist Party. Its districts are the same geographically. The International Labor Defense immediately sends representatives to the defense of any Communist who may be brought to trial for an offense.

(d) The National Student League. While some of the members of this league are not Communists, the organization keeps the Communist Party in touch with its activities and receives advice and guidance from the party through liaison by party members.

(e) Trade Union Unity League. A Communist affiliated organization which has general supervision over the "red" or "industrial" unions. As those unions are dissolved by placing their membership in the American Federation of Labor and other regular labor unions, as required by the Central Committee Plenum (C. P. U. S. A.) of January 15-16, 1935, its place will be taken by a commission called the Trade Union Commission, which will take over the duties of the Trade Union Unity Committee, the governing body of the T. U. U. L. Only those which have been active on the Pacific coast are listed.

(f) Workers' Libraries: "These, of course, are not organizations, but as they are being used as a means of spreading propaganda a word should be said about them. In all Communist headquarters offices 'book shops' have been established for the purpose of selling the Daily Worker, Western Worker, the Communist, and other Communist official publications, as well as innumerable propaganda publications. This is a Communist Party activity. In connection with these

"book shops" there have been set up in many places "workers' libraries." These libraries contain copies of Communist publications, which are thus made available to members of the Communist Party and affiliated organizations and to sympathizers. Some of these libraries are operated as circulating libraries. In some regular "forums" are operated. That is the case in the library in Los Angeles at 230 South Spring Street."

(g) Workers' schools: These schools are set up at practically every section headquarters in the United States. They are direct activities of the Communist Party. They teach the "theory and practice of communism" and many other subjects which are expected to aid the party in carrying out its objectives. They do not touch general educational subjects. During strikes the pupils are given practical demonstration of how the principles taught in the school should be applied by sending them into the picket lines. While the majority of the students are probably members of the Young Communist League, admissions are not restricted to them or to members of the Communist Party. The San Francisco school is at 463 Hayes Street; Los Angeles, 230 South Spring Street; Oakland, 645 Twenty-second Street; Sacramento, 1529 Eighth Street; San Diego, 852 Eighth Avenue. Most of these schools carry on "open forums" in connection with the courses.

C. Organizations which while not openly advocating the "force and violence" principles of the Communists, give aid and comfort to the Communist movement and party. Among the strongest of these organizations are:

(a) American Civil Liberties Union: This organization is too well known to need description. The larger part of the work carried on by it and its various branches does undoubtedly materially aid Communist objectives.

(b) The Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America: This is a large radical, pacifist organization. It probably represents 20,000,000 Protestants in the United States. However, its leadership consists of a small radical group which dictate its policies. It is always extremely active in any matter against national defense.

(c) The National Council for the Prevention of War. A very radical pacifist organization with headquarters in Washington, D. C. Frederick J. Libby, director. Through their publications they reach every part of the country, disseminating radical, pacifist propaganda through churches, schools, and libraries.

(d) Women's International League for Peace and Freedom. A women's radical, pacifist organization. It is closely affiliated with the American Civil Liberties Union, and the American League Against War and Fascism. There are 144 organizations in this category.

Communist-Mindedness. A major problem confronting the world today is not only the actual Communist with his philosophy of hatred, destruction, and revolt; but individuals, supposedly intelligent, occupying positions above the average in life, whose names and works carry with them a certain amount of prestige, and who, although themselves not subscribing to the Communist program, philosophy, and doctrines, pick certain sections of the Communist program to promote, uphold, and espouse. Such individuals we term as "Communist-minded."

These Communist-minded individuals, each with a certain more or less extensive following, who are blindly led because of lack of individual intelligence and intellect, and devoid of the very necessary quality of being able to think and determine things for themselves, form an ever-growing, highly organized, vociferous minority that is wholly misrepresentative of mass public opinion, but carries considerable weight because of its blatant noisiness. This moral and financial interest brought to bear in behalf of communism, based upon humanitarianism and many other varieties of "isms", is undoubtedly the most potent influence for disruption, discontent, and unrest that we must contend with today. By this we do not mean that contentment means stopping of all progress, but we do mean that discontentment should be expressed in terms of constructiveness and not destructiveness.

Therefore, the Robert Moras Lovetts, Roger Baldwins, Clarence Darrows, Arthur Fishers and a long string of Communist-minded intellectuals (Harry F. Wards, Jane Addamses, Frederick J. Libbys, Dorothy Detzers, Kirby Pages, Corliss Lamonts, George S. Counts, Sherwood Eddys, and William Kilpatrick) that are busily engaged in spreading the philosophy of discontent destructively, not constructively, are the primary factors in the situation which loyal Americans must contend with for the preservation of American ideals, traditions, institutions, and Government. These are the "fringe revolutions" too lacking in intestinal fortitude to go all the way with Communism, but who stand by and urge the Communist to do his worst, and provide him with protection, sympathy, and defense while he commits the overt act they

have not had the courage to commit themselves.

(Signature). Representative Maverick, who is opposing the enactment of the bill to curb communist propaganda in the uniformed services, following the above memorandum, with the following remarks of his own:

"I desire to call attention to the fact that the Navy has what they call an 'Intelligence' department. It is however, in fact an espionage service, as the foregoing document would indicate. These documents are distributed in certain 'red-baiting' organizations; which, of course, is an act of espionage on the part of the Navy and a secret incitement to disorder and domestic disturbance among citizens by the Navy; and is, of course, indirect persecution. The Navy also imposes its stuff by various methods on unsuspecting citizens."

Leavenworth Details

In the directive for the Command and General Staff School, 1936-37 course, issued earlier this month the apportionment of students to the various Arms was given only approximately, it being pointed out at that time that the exact apportionment would be announced later in the month.

The final approved apportionment was announced September 18. It varies from the original tentative schedule in that the number allotted to the Infantry was reduced by four and the number to the Cavalry by two. The six thus reduced were allotted to increase the Coast Artillery by one, the Air Corps by four, and the Corps of Engineers by one.

This week's announcement is as follows:

"1. Reference paragraph 2 b of the Directive of the Command and General Staff School, 1936-1937 Course, you are informed that the exact apportionment of student officers to the Arms, referred to in that paragraph, is as follows:

Infantry	77
Cavalry	18
Field Artillery	37
Coast Artillery Corps	22
Air Corps	39
Corps of Engineers	13
Signal Corps	6

212

"2. The number of students allocated to any arm bears to the total number of students from all arms (212), the same ratio that the total number of officers in the arm who are above the grade of second lieutenant, who will be less than 48 years old on September 1, 1936, and who are neither graduates of nor students at the Command and General Staff School, bears to the total number of such officers in all arms."

Army Reserve Activities

The language of Section II, War Department Circular No. 48, establishing the Identification Badge for members of the Officers' Reserve Corps, has caused some discussion among Army enlisted men who hold commissions as Reserve officers, as to whether or not it authorizes them to wear the badge on their enlisted uniform. The Circular states: "For purposes of identification and designation, members of the Officers' Reserve Corps are authorized to wear, as part of the uniform, an identification badge."

Contention is made that the words "as part of the uniform", authorized them to wear the badge at all times and not just when on active duty as a Reserve officer. The War Department, however, holds that this is erroneous. The Circular, it is pointed out, states that "members of the Officers' Reserve Corps" are authorized to wear the badge, and the Department holds that enlisted men are not members of the Officers' Reserve Corps when serving as enlisted men. The badge therefore cannot be worn on the enlisted uniform.

The Adjutant General's Office is advising all corps area commanders as follows:

"In a number of cases it has been found that needed information regarding entry upon or relief from extended active duty (particularly with the CCC)

of Reserve officers was not available in this office for considerable periods after the reports should have been received. It is desired that careful check be made and that reports required by paragraph 119 b, AR 140-5, not already forwarded, be transmitted to this office without further delay; also that necessary action be taken to insure prompt forwarding of such reports in the future."

Army Mutual Aid Association

New Army Mutual Aid Association certificates issued: Capt. Newell L. Hemenway, Lt. Robert G. Butler, jr., Maj. Robert W. Grow, Capt. Aubrey H. Bond, Lt. Harry C. Quartier, Lt. Wayne R. Weaver, Maj. Howard F. K. Cahill, Lt. Ralph Pulsifer, Capt. Charles B. Stone, III, Lt. Ray E. Currie, Lt. William J. Power, Lt. David W. Claffelter, Capt. George D. Rogers, Capt. Patrick H. Timothy and Maj. Cyril Bassich.

Distinguished Service Medal

Announcement is made of the following:

"Madison Pearson, Lieutenant colonel, Adjutant General's Department, United States Army, then Lieutenant colonel, Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces. For exceptionally meritorious and distinguished services. As Adjutant of the 2d Division, Assistant Adjutant General of the 1st Army and later as Adjutant of the 3d Division, he displayed administrative ability of an exceptionally high order. By his initiative, sound judgment, marked ability and devotion to duty, Colonel Pearson rendered services of great value to the American Expeditionary Forces."

Colonel Pearson's present station is Ft. Sam Houston, Tex.

Deny Shooting Pay

Flying cadets who qualify as expert aerial gunners are not entitled to marksmanship pay, the Comptroller General ruled this week.

Comptroller McCarl declared that while under the law, flying cadets have the status of enlisted men, they are enlisted for a specific purpose—as aviation students—and not for general duty as enlisted men. "The definitely prescribed pay and allowances so fixed by statute," states the Comptroller, "are not subject to increase for qualification in the use of arms prescribed for use in the aviation course they have been enlisted in the Army to pursue, and for which a definite and complete pay has been fixed in the statute."

Fleet To San Francisco

The Secretary of the Navy announced this week that units of the United States Fleet will visit San Francisco over Navy Day, Oct. 27, and Armistice Day, Nov. 11. It is expected that the heavy cruisers and destroyers of the Scouting Force will be in San Francisco Bay over Navy Day, and that the battleships, light cruisers, destroyer and submarine units of the Battle Force will make a short visit to San Francisco over Armistice Day.

Navy Transport Sailings

Chamont—Leaves San Francisco Oct. 1; arrives San Pedro Oct. 3, leaves Oct. 4; arrives San Diego Oct. 5, leaves Oct. 7; arrives Canal Zone Oct. 17, leaves Oct. 19; arrives Guantanamo Oct. 22, leaves Oct. 23; arrives Norfolk Oct. 26. Henderson—Arrives San Diego Oct. 1, leaves Oct. 2; arrives San Pedro Oct. 3, leaves Oct. 5; arrives Mare Island Oct. 7.

Transfer 88th Squadron

Decision has been reached at the War Department to transfer the 88th Observation Squadron from Brooks Field, Tex., to Hamilton Field, Calif. Orders to this effect will be issued soon. The unit is a part of the GHQ Air Force, the only GHQ organization at Brooks. It was decided to move it to the California Station where other sections of the Force are assigned.

2nd Division Memorial

The site for the \$100,000 memorial to the Second Division was dedicated Saturday, September 15, in Washington, D. C., at 15th Street and Constitution Avenue.

Maj. Gen. James G. Harbord, one of the three commanders of the division during the war days, was the chief speaker and, using the same spade that turned the first earth for the Lincoln Memorial and the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier, broke ground for the memorial to the 5,150-odd men who died in action as members of the historic division.

As General Harbord finished his address, he stepped from the specially built speakers stand to take the spade. A platoon of Infantry from Fort Washington, Troop F, 3d Cavalry of Fort Myer; a Marine detachment from Washington Barracks and a company of sailors from the Navy Yard, snapped to attention to present arms.

Preceding Gen. Harbord's address Maj. Gen. Hanson E. Ely, USA-ret., who commanded a brigade of the 2nd Division during the war, recounted some of the exploits of the famous fighting unit. The division, he said, sustained a tenth of all the casualties of the A. E. F., captured a fifth of all enemy prisoners taken, and gained twice as much ground as any other American division.

He also paid tribute to Maj. Gen. Omar Bundy, who preceded Gen. Harbord as commander of the division, and Maj. Gen. John A. Lejeune, Harbord's successor.

"The names written on the regimental colors of the Second Division," General Harbord said, "will live far longer than the frail human bodies which made them symbols of valor and sacrifice. They will far outlive the definite memories of the average American boys who changed a French countryside from an unhonored vista of villages, farms and woodland to a consecrated battlefield on which the future of humanity itself was decided. But they cannot outlast the memory—indeed they are forever linked with it—of that great war machine, the Second Division, which those men made great. Whoever in the future mentions that hallowed ground, be he statesman, soldier or even child at his history books must speak in the same breath of that staunch unit of the American Army whose deeds there gave meaning to those once meaningless names.

"At the fateful hour in which the Second Division entered the lines between Meaux and Chateau Thierry, there was no American unit more fitted by efficiency and morale for the tremendous responsibilities that faced it. It was proud of its professional flavor of 'Regular,' even when later much diluted by replacements from the four corners. The Ninth and 23rd Infantry which formed the Third Brigade were old regiments of the Regular Army with generations of history and tradition behind them. The War with Mexico, the Civil War, the Indian and the Spanish-American Wars and the Philippine Insurrection had all contributed battle names to the regimental colors. The Ninth was at the taking of Peking in the Boxer Campaign of 1900; the 23rd stood at the walls of Manila when the surrender took place in August, 1898. They were well officered by experienced soldiers. The men, while leavened by a strong percentage of Regulars, were largely recent recruits from around the Genesee Valley and the Lake region of New York, an outdoor people of the ancient stock. The regiments were well trained and physically fit.

"The Fourth Brigade was formed of the Fifth and Sixth Marine regiments. They were expeditionary regiments maintained by the Marine Corps for its emergency service all over the world. Sudden expansion of the Corps had left many vacancies in the grade of company officer, which had been filled by the promotion of old selected non-commissioned officers. The Marines had served in close comradeship on shipboard, in all the seven seas. The older officers all knew each other by their first name, and the same was true of the Captains and Lieutenants. It was not

diluted by replacements at that time, all of its original enlisted personnel being volunteers. It was well instructed. Sixty-five per cent of the Marine Brigade when I took command of it were qualified marksmen under the American Army standard. Their esprit de corps was unexcelled by that of any organization that I have ever known. The Artillery regiments were younger in date of organization than the Infantry and Marine units, but they were regulars strongly imbued with pride and tradition contributed by the regiments that had been divided to form the 12th, 15th and 17th.

"The heroes of the Second Division sprang from every racial strain that has contributed to our national life. They wore names that have been the best names among every modern people. Largely derived from the British Isles, there were also many from German lands; not a few from Scandinavia; some from lands where names can hardly be written except with a pre-

dominance of consonants; many of the soft-sounding names along and around the Mediterranean; a sprinkling from the Balkans and the Slav countries; some from distant Asia and the Isles of the Eastern sea. Its men came from every part of our great country. The wounds from which they suffered and some died, and the sacrifices they made were as varied as the instrumentalities with which men make modern war. Remaining at the front when wounded, until carried back or compelled by orders to go, was a common case. Rushing out under withering fire to rescue a fallen comrade, carrying him sometimes hundreds of yards to safety was so frequent as to be the expected thing. Taking over command of a unit at the death or disabling wounds of all seniors and instantly rising to the responsibilities thus assumed was the rule of the hour. As we say in the Army, 'The Commanding Officer never dies.' A successor always takes over. Runners shot as they ran with messages and reports, and drag-

ging themselves with broken legs or other disabling injuries to insure the delivery of the message—it happened many times. The taking of a machine-gun or its nest at the cost of a man's life was an ordinary sacrifice. The deeds of heroism came from all ranks and from all units. Many a man gives his life sheltering or carrying a comrade. Medical officers and men of both Army and Navy dress wounds under fire as coolly as if in an isolation ward in a city hospital. Field hospitals partly blown away by a shell leave the surgeon uninterrupted at his operating table. Men with eyes blinded by gas stay in line and keep the touch. Men with an arm or hand shot off carry on until they drop from shock or loss of blood. A soldier puts his foot on a hand grenade which there is not time to throw away, losing his foot but saving his comrades of the group. Seizing hand grenades to throw them away happened often. Such are some of the deeds that cheered the Allied world."

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